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OBSERVATIONS

ON

METALLIFEROUS DEPOSITS,

AND ON

SUBTERRANEAN TEMPERATURE;

FORMING THE EIGHTH VOLUME OF THE
TRANSACTIONS OF THE ROYAL GEOLOGICAL SOCIETY
OF CORNWALL, Eng. —

PART THE SECOND.

ΒY

WILLIAM JORY HENWOOD, F.R.S.; F.G.S.;

MEMBER OF THE GEOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF FRANCE;

PRESIDENT OF THE ROYAL INSTITUTION OF COMMWALL;

HONORARY MEMBER OF THE YORKSHIRE PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY;

CORRESPONDING MEMBER OF THE IMPERIAL AGRICULTURAL AND NATURAL

HISTORY SOCIETY—LYONS, AND OF THE LYCEUM OF

NATURAL HISTORY—NEW YORK;

SOMETIME HER MAJESTY'S ASSAY-MASTER OF TIN IN THE DUCKY OF CORNWALL.

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Commall, Eng.

CONTENTS.

Observations on Subterranean Temperature. By WILLIAM JORY HENWOOD, F.R.S.; F.G.S.; Member of the Geological Society of France; President of the Royal Institution of Cornwall; Honorary Member of the Yorkshire Philosophical Society; Corresponding Member of the Imperial Agricultural and Natural History Society—Lyons, and of the Lyceum of Natural History—New York; sometime Her Majesty's Assay-Master of Tin in the Duchy of Cornwall; Member of the Society.

CHILI.

CHAÑARCILLO.

Colorada. Temperatures at the surface and in the rocks at various depths. 724—725.

BRAZIL.

MINAS GEBAES.

- Morro Velho. Temperatures,—of air at the surface,—and of water issuing from the rock and the metalliferous deposits at various depths. 725—727.
- Gongo Soco. Temperatures,—of air and of wells at the surface,—and of streams issuing from the rock and the metalliferous deposit at various depths. 727—729.
- Agoa Quente. Temperatures,—of air and water at the surface,—
 of streams issuing from the rock and the metalliferous deposit,
 —and of water accumulated in the mine. 729—731.
- Fraga. Temperature of water issuing from the metalliferous dedeposit. 732.

NORTH AMERICA.

VIRGINIA.

Garnett and Moseley. Temperature of water pumped to the surface. 733.

MICHIGAN.

Toltec and Douglass Houghton (Henwood). Formation of ice in the works during winter. 783—784.

THE CHANNEL ISLANDS,

SARK.

Windmill Hill. Temperature of water in a well at the surface, 785.

Port ès Sées.

" streams issuing from the rock and lode at different depths. 785.

Le Pot.

" streams issuing from the rock and lode at different depths. 786.

Sark's-Hope.

" streams issuing from the rock and lode at different depths. 786.

HERM.

Mins. Temperature,—of water in a well at the surface,—and of streams issuing from the rock and the *lode* at various depths. 737.

IRELAND.

WICKLOW.

Connorres. Temperatures,—of water in a well at the surface and of streams issuing from the rock and the metalliferous deposit, at different depths. 738.

Cronebane. Temperature of water flowing from the metalliferous deposit. 738.

WATERFORD.

Knockmakon. Temperatures,—of water in a well at the surface,—and of streams issuing from the rock and the lode, at different depths. 740.

CORK.

Bearhaven. Temperature of water issuing from the rock and lods, at different depths. 742.

KERRY.

Ardtully. Temperature of water issuing from the rock and lode, at different depths. 744.

ENGLAND.

CORNWALL.

CARADON Ten	aperature of	water in a well at the surface. 745.
Gonamena.	"	water flowing from the rock and lode. 746.
South Caradon.	"	water flowing from the rock the lodes, and the cross- veins, at different depths. 746.
Phanix.	"	water flowing from the rock and lode. 746.
Mark Valley.	n	water flowing from the lode. 746.
Манианот	Temperatu	re of water in neighbouring wells at the surface. 748.
South Wh. Trelawny.	"	water issuing from the branches at different depths. 748.
Wheal Mary Ann.	"	water issuing from the lode at different depths. 748.
Wheal Trelawny.	,,	water issuing from the lode at different depths. 748.
LANGRATH &	Temperatur	re of water in neighbouring wells at the surface. 749.
Herod's-foot.	"	water issuing from the lode at various depths. 749.

HRO PSHIRE.

Eardiston. Temperature of the water issuing from the rock and the metalliferous deposit, at various depths. 751.

On the mean depths, — temperatures, — and rates at which the temperatures increase with the depths,—of mines in each region. 751—752.

- On the mean depths, temperatures, and rates at which the temperatures increase with the depths, of mines in different rocks. 752—756.
- On the mean depths, temperatures, and rates at which the temperatures increase with the depths,—of mines yielding different metals and ores. 756—758.
- On the mean depths, temperatures, and rates at which the temperatures increase with the depths,—of mines affording similar metals and ores in different rocks. 757—758.
- On the mean depths, temperatures, and rates at which the temperatures increase with the depths, of mines wrought at different altitudes. 758—759.
- Observations at different (mean) depths, in elevated tropical regions, and at smaller elevations in temperate climates. 760—761.
- On the influence of deepening shafts and opening (levels) galleries on the normal temperatures of mines. 768—765.
- On occasional interruptions in the progressive increase of temperature with depth. 765—766.
- On the change of temperature which takes place—at the same, and at different, times,—on the surface, and at depths of three, six, and nine feet in the Canga, at Agoa Quente—Brazil. 767—780. Explanations of the Plates and Woodcuts. 781—782. Index. 783—916.

TABLES.

Relations of rocks to metalliferous deposits, and to cross-veins.

—summaries of mining and of financial operations,—proportions of copper precipitated to iron used in precipitation.—temperatures at the surface and underground.

NORTH-WESTERN INDIA.

KUMAON AND GURHWAL.

- Relations between the rocks and the metalliferous deposit of Agur.
- Relations between the rocks and the metalliferous deposit of Kotelar and Khetsaree.

CHILL.

CHANARCILLO.

- III. Relations between the rocks, the metalliferous deposits, and the cross-veins, at Colorada and Desempeño.
- IV. Description of ore and (approximate) quantities of silver obtained from rich (bunches) parts of the Colorada lods.
 - V. Forces employed and amounts paid for Salaries, Wages, Food, and Materials (1856) at Colorada.

BRAZIL.

MINAS GERARS.

- VI. Relations between the rocks and the metalliferous deposits at Morro Velho.
- VI. Proportions of gold contained in, and extracted from, the vein-stone; force employed to extract it; and cost of its extraction (1855—1861), at Morro Velho.
- VII. Synopsis of Mining and Financial operations (1835—1861) at Morro Velho.
- VIII. Relations between the rocks and the metalliferous deposits at Gongo Soco.
 - IX. Synopsis of Mining and Financial operations (1826—1856) at Gongo Soco.
 - X. Synopsis of observations on the Gold-deposits of the Province.

NORTH AMERICA.

MICHIGAN.

- XI. Relation between the rocks and the metalliferous deposits of the North American mine.
- XII. Relation between the rocks and the metalliferous deposits of the Cliff mine.
- XIII. Relation between the rocks and the metalliferons deposits of the South Cliff mine.
- XIV. Synopsis of the produce, working-costs, and profits of rich mines in various countries.
- XV. Relations between the rocks and metalliferous deposit of the Douglas Houghton (Henwood) mines.

FRANCE.

DAUPHINY.

XVI. Relations between the rocks the metalliferous deposits, and the cross-vein at Chalanches.

THE CHANNEL ISLANDS

SARK.

XVII. Relations between the rocks and the metalliferous deposit of Sark's-Hope.

IRELAND.

WICKLOW.

- XVIII. Relations between the rocks and the metalliferous deposit of Connorree.
- XVIII.s Quantities of copper-ore calcined,—iron used,—precipitate obtained,
 —and copper extracted at the Mona mine—Anglesea.

WATERFORD.

XIX. Relations between the rocks, the lodes, and the cross-veins of Knockmahon.

CORK.

XX. Relations between the rocks, the lodes, and the cross-veins at Bearhaven.

KERRY.

XXI. Relations between the rocks, the metalliferous deposits, and the cross-vein at Ardtully.

GREAT BRITAIN.

WALES.

- XXII. Proportions of gold extracted from the vein-stones of Clogau.
 - Gold extracted from detrital deposits and vein-stones in different Countries, means adopted for its extraction, and cost of extracting it.

CORNWALL.

- XXIII. Relations between the rocks, the lodes, and the cross-veins at West Caradon.
- XXIV. Relations between the rocks, the lodes, and the cross-veins at South Caradon.
 - XXV. Relations between the rocks and the lode at the Phanix mines.
- XXVI. Relations between the rocks, the lodes, and the cross-vein at Marke Valley.
- XXVII. Relations between the rocks, the lode, and the cross-vein at Wheal Trelawny.

CONTENTS.

- XXVIII. Relations between the rocks, the lode, and the cross-vein at Wheal Mary Ann.
 - XXIX. Relations between the rocks, the lode, and the cross-vein at Herod's-foot.

XXX.	Temperature	(surface) of	f Gongo Soco—Brazil.
XXXI.	**	,, of	Agoa Quente— " .
XXXII.	Subterranean	temperatur	e in different Countries.
XXXIII.	91	"	in different rocks.
XXXIV.	"	,,	in mines yielding different metals and ores.
XXXV.	,,	39	in mines affording similar metals and ores in different rocks.
XXXVI.	27	"	in mines of different altitudes
XXXVII.			face, and at depths of three, six, angua at Agoa Quente—Brazil.

CORRECTIONS.

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Line,
19
30
18
40
38
                                     18° 50
                                                                      19° 50'
60° 8
Anserme
                                                          TABLES.
                      VII.
                                                                                             " 179'40
" 867'
" 219'76
 viiı.
                                                                                             " Fig. 23.
                                        16 ... , January 21st .. 21 ... , January 21st .. 21 ... omit Fig. 21 5 ... for 309 ... ... , 0-90440 ... ... affords no trace of silver 55 ... , 0-7640 2 Note f
   "
                                                                                                  1830 January 21st
  ίχ.
                                                                                                  403
Tellurium and Silver
   X.
                                                                                             .. 0°0009440
.. is alloyed with both Bliver and Tellurium
.. 0°2540
, Smith ......
                                                                                              " Smyth.
XXII.
XXX.
XXXI.
                                                           " N. ...
" 16° 56′ 30′ ....
" 18° 56′ 30′ ....
                                                                                                 W.
19° 58' 30'
19° 58' 30'
61'8
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CORRECTIONS IN OTHER VOLUMES.

Vol. III., page 202, line 1, for exudation read emission ..., V. ..., 19, ..., 8, ..., titanium ..., uranium ..., tilurium ..., tellurium

Observations on Subterranean Temperature.

By WILLIAM JORY HENWOOD, F.R.S.; F.G.S.;

MEMBER OF THE GEOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF FRANCE;
PRESIDENT OF THE ROYAL INSTITUTION OF CORNWALL;
SOMETIME HER MAJESTY'S ASSAY-MASTER OF TIN IN THE DUCHY OF CORNWALL;
MEMBER OF THE SOCIETY.

The first series of results* recorded in the following columns, was obtained in an absolutely dry†—though a deep—mine, by placing the thermometers in holes which had sometime before been purposely bored in the several limestones; * all others were determined in streams of water immediately as they issued ‡ from the various rocks and veins.

[•] Postes, p. 725.

^{† &}quot;It is in the solid rock that the best observations, and those most suited to the purpose of philosophical reasoning, are to be obtained."

PHILLIPS, Reports of the British Association, v. (1836), p. 292.

^{?&}quot;I am disposed to attach most importance to observations on springs of water, not coming from the roofs of galleries, or evidently proceeding from higher parts of the mines."—Fox, Cornwall Geol. Trans., 111. p. 320.

[&]quot;After most careful consideration of the subject, and consultation with others who have also been engaged in this enquiry, it has been thought best to confine the observations, as much as possible to the temperature of the streams of water immediately issuing from the unbroken portions of the rocks and veins. The reasons for this preference are;—that the temperature of the sir in mines is affected, not only by the presence of the workmen, the combustion of candles, and the explosion of gunpowder, but also by the warm or cold air which is brought to the same spot by the varying directions of the currents underground, which are more or less influenced by the changes of wind at the surface; that the rocks, forming the sides of the shafts and levels, must, to a certain extent, partake of the temperature of the air circulating through them, and, of course, be affected by its changes;—and that the scater flowing through, or standing in poels in the levels, is exposed to the same modifying causes, and probably also, warmed by the workmen who frequently stand in it."

CHILI.

PROVINCE OF ATACAMA.—DEPARTMENT OF COPIAPS

DISTRICT OF CHANARCILLO. Long. 70° 30' W., Lat. 27° 15' 8.

Mine of Colorada.* · Elevation of the surface about 3,650 feet above the Pacific; † 1,750 feet above the plain. ‡

The first,—third,—and fifth strata are of limestone; §
,, second,—and fourth—,,,, hornblendic rocks.§

The lodes yield silver and many of its ores in great abundance; beside iron-pyrites and blende in smaller proportions.

DOMETEO, Annales des Mines, 4me Série, 1x. p. 433.

• Keith Johnston, Atlas of Physical Phonomena, Pl. XVIII.

	Date.					7 A.M.	9 A.M.	Noor.	8 A.M.	6 P.M.	9 P.M.	
1857,	June	9ւհ					58°5	62°.8	•	•	•	•
"	11					••••		61.	66-5	61.6	56.5	50∙8
,,	29	llth	•••		••••			46.8	53.8			48.8
**	**	12th						45.		·	1	l
29	**				••••	••••	39-5	43.8		••	44· 42·	42. 41.8
**	99	14th				••••	39-8	42.	48.	46.	42.	41.8
**	**	1 oth	•••	• • •	••••	••••	42.8	43.8				!
High	est	••••		• • • •			58.5	62.8	66.5	61.6	56.5	50-5
Low	et	• • • • •		• • •		••••	39-5	42.	48.	46	42.	41.8
Mea	26	• • • •					44-9	49.3	56-1	53.8	47.5	45.8

Ante, p. 90; Table III.; Pl. I., II.

[†] Domeyko, Annales des Mines, 4me Série, 1x. p. 433. Henwood, Reports of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, xxxix. p. 15; Edin. New Phil. Journal, vii. x.s. p. 147.

t Henwood, Reports of the Royal Institution of Cormoall, XXXIX. p. 16; Edin. New Phil. Journal, VII. M.S. p. 147.

[§] Domeyko, Annales des Mines, 4me Série, IX. pp. 435-40. Ante, pp. 69, 79.

Domeyko, Annales des Mines, 4me Série, 1x. pp. 441-58. Ante pp. 86-118.

^{4 &}quot;Le climat de cette montagne est très-doux et tempéré ; mais il n'y pleut que tous 8 à 9 ans. ↓ ♦ । Il est rare que le thermomètre y monte à plus de 20° C. [68° F.] à l'ombre, et qu'il descende au dessous de + 9° [52° F.]."

The stations at which observations were made, and the temperatures observed underground, were the following:—

		Locality.		Depths. fms.	Temperature of rock, in hole 2 feet deep.	Temperature of air circulating through the mine at the same spot.
lst	Limestone;	between Waring's ; ; a lode on the E. ; ;	and the Colorada lode on the W.		。 64·8	66·
2nd	Limestone;	"	,,	127	67.5	66.75
>0	,, ;	at the bottom of the si	haft	150	67 •	66.
3rd	Limestone;	E. side (wall) of the Colorada lode		227	72.	76.
"	,, ;	"	: a frequented part of the mine	,,	74.5	76.5

BRAZIL.

PROVINCE OF MINAS GERAES,—DISTRICT OF RIO DAS VELHAS,—
PARISE OF CONGONHAS DE SABARA'; Long. 43° 50' W., Lat. 19° 58' 20' S.

Mine of Morro Velho.* Elevation of the surface about 3,250 feet above the sea.

Wrought in clay-slate.

[&]quot;If, in the absence of observations at midnight, and at 3 a.m., we assume the mean temperatures at those hours to have been 45°, which at this season cannot be wide of the truth; we have an average of about 48°.5 during the twenty-four hours.

[&]quot;On the 11th of June the thermometer stood at 53° .8 in the shade at noon.

"On the 11th of June the thermometer stood at 53° .8 in the shade at noon.

"On the 11th of June the thermometer stood at 53° .8 in the shade at noon.

[&]quot;On that day and on the 15th of June much rain fell."

Henwood, Reports of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, xxxix. p. 15; Edin. New Phil. Journal. VII. N.S. p. 148.

^{• &}quot;This observation, made at the bottom of the shaft, where the draught was very great, ought, perhaps, to be excluded from the general average."—Ibid.

[†] Von Eschwege, Pluto Brasiliensis, t xvi. Caldeleugh, Travels in Brasil,

The metalliferous deposit affords enormous quantities of auriferous iron-pyrites, beside much smaller proportions of arsenical-pyrites and copper-pyrites;* in vein-stones of quartz and quartzose slate.†

From July, 1868, to June, 1869, the temperature at the surface ranged from 40° to 86°, and averaged 66°84.‡

The temperatures in the same, and in different, parts of the mine § at various times, are shown in the following columns:—

		Localities.						
			Bahù		Cachoeira. lode.			
Localities.	Depth.	1848.° December.	1868.4 July.	1864.9 January.	1843.• December.	July.	1804.9 Jamesty.	
		Temperatures.						
Water issuing pumps	12.	::	64.	68 ⁹ 75	:.	65 [°] 12	69-25	

II. pp. 271-4. von Spix und von Martius, Reise en Brasilien, II. pp. 417-18. Saint Hilaire, Voyage dans le district des Diamans, I. p. 169. Gardner, Travels in Brasil, p. 496. Claussen, Bulletins de l'Académie Royale de Bruxelles, VIII. 1re partie, p. 323. Whitney, Metallic Wealth of the United States, pp. 111-12. Burton, Exploration of the Highlands of the Brazil, 1. p. 251. Phillips (J. A.), Mining and Metallurgy of Gold and Silver, pp. 80-3, 210-20. Henwood, Corneall Geol. Trans., VI. p. 143; London, Edinburgh, and Dublin Phil Mag., 3rd Series, XXV. p. 343; Ante, pp. 184-209.

Henwood, Cornwall Geol. Trans., vi. p. 144; London, Edinburgh, and Dublin Phil. Mag., 3rd Series, xxv. p. 344; Ante, pp. 194—8.

[†] Ibid.

I John Hockin, Esq., Chairman of the Saint John d'el Rey Company, M.S.

^{§ &}quot;Temperature at 7 mètres [8.8 fms.] below the surface 20°-65 C. [69°-17 F.]

, 271.6 ,, [148.5 ,,] ,, 27°-22 ,, ." [81° ,,]

Burron, Exploration of the Highlands of the Brasil, L. p. 261, Note.

[§] Henwood, Cornwall Geol. Trans., vi. p. 144, Pl. I.; London, Edinburgh, and Dublin Phil. Mag., 3rd Series, xxv. pp. 384; Ante, pp. 188—90, Pl. III.; Proceedings of the Royal Geological Society of Cornwall, 24th Oct., 1865.

T For these observations the writer is indebted to the cordial co-operation of

			Localities,							
				Bah		lods.	Cachoei	ra.		
	Localities.	Depths. Fathoms.	1848. December.	18 68. July.	1864. January.	1848. December.	18 68. July.	1864. January.		
Water issuing					Tempe	reture	s.			
	ing-wall) S. of metal- liferous deposit		°.	6 4 ·5	66°	•	٥			
,,	metalliferous deposit .	45.	68-		••	69.0				
20	rock lower side (foot- wall) N. of metal- liferous deposit	58-6			67.					
"	,,	77.	••		••		••	60-16		
**	rock upper side (hang- ing-wall) S. of metal- liferous deposit	ł					••	72.0		
27	,,	150-			••		••	70-8		
**	metalliferous deposit .	155.					72.0	72.0		
Vater solled Engine-sh	ted at the bottom of the	160·		65.	69-5		69-05	71.5		

PARISH OF CAETHE'; Long. 43° 30' W., Lat. 19° 58' 80" S.

Mine of Gongo Soco.† Elevation of the surface about 3,360 feet above the sea.

J. N. Gordon, Esq., Resident Superintendent of the mine, and to the kindness of John Hockin, Req., Chairman of the Saint John d'el Rey Mining Company.

e" At the celebrated gold-mine of Morro Velho, in Brazil, situate at a height of 3250 feet above the sea, and opened in clay-slate; the water issuing from the rock at 45 fathoms depth, observed in 1843, had a temperature of 69°; that at the bottom of the mine in 1863 and 1864, at 145 and 155 fathoms deep 72°. These temperatures were quite independent of the warm rains a little before and after Christmas, which make themselves felt all the way down the engine-shafts."—SMITH (Presidential Address to the Geological Society of London in 1868). Quarterly Journal of the Geological Society, XXIV, p. lxxxvi., Note.

[†] Von Bechwege, Pluto Brasiliensis, pp. 311—44. Gardner, Travels in Brasil, p. 491. Claussen, Bullstins, de l'Académis Royale de Bruxelles, VIII. Ire Partie, p. 327. Whitney, Metallic Wealth of the United States, p. 111. Phillips (J. A.), Mining and Metallurgy of Gold and Silver, p. 84. Ante, pp. 248—96, Pl. IV.

Wrought, for the most part, in (Jacotinga*) ironglance mixed with black, brown, and yellowish earthy iron-ore, as well as with friable black manganese and both buff-coloured and pearl-white talc; in some places, however, the iron-glance is replaced by quartz.

From (9,459) observations, made at intervals of three hours, it was ascertained, that during 1845, 1846, and 1847 the temperature, at the surface, ranged from 40°8 to 91°7, and averaged about 66°5.†

Streams issuing from the ground have, at different times, been found of the undermentioned temperatures.

						retures.
	Localities	Per i	1843. October.	1845. July.		
passes some 2 fathom	r issuing from a low through an ancient, l to fathoms above the best; in the min	ong-abandon horizon of t e, and supp	ed, drift he <i>adit</i> (lies a w	48 rell	•	·
	is protected from b			r	••	67-8-68-
Water ise	uing from the pumps s	at the (48-fm.) adit lev	oi ; 34·;	67·	İ
*	**	**	,,	‡	••	67-
••	" aurifero	us (Jacotinga) formati	ion	••	67·1
	large stream out of and quarts, which re (Jacolings) formation	epresents the	aurifero	8.0	68.	66-6

[•] von Bechwege, Pluto Brasiliensis, p. 311. Hocheder, Report of the Imperial Brasilian Mining Association, xv. p. 54. Henwood Cornwall Geol. Trans., vi. pp. 227,—94; Ante, pp. 214,—19,—21,—3,—8,—42,—4,—6,—54,—6,—8,—63,—6.

[†] Henwood, London, Edinburgh, and Dublin Phil. Mag., 3rd Series, xxvIII. pp. 364—8; xxx. pp. 361—4; xxxII. pp. 422—5; Table XXX.

This drift is 48 fathoms deep at Lyon's shaft, but is only 34 ,, , Vessys (Engine) shaft.
Ante, Table VIII., Note d; Pl. IV., Fig. 1, 2.

					Temperatures.		
		Depths.	1843. October.	1845. July.			
Water, a small s	tream from	(Itabirite)	overlying the		•	•	
		formation	(Jacotinga)	41,	67-5	67·	
20 1 11	out of	••	••	48.	67·7—68		
", a large str	eam "	"	••	,,		67•	
	stream out	of auriferou	(Jacotinga)		67-7		
. .		20	••••	62.		67 ·8	
a q		rife), S., an	n-glance and d auriferous			66-8	
,, , a moderat (<i>Itabirit</i>		m iron-glan	oo and quarts	,,		67:3	

DESTRICT OF VILLA RICA .-

Parish of Cattas Altas. Long. 43° 10' W., Lat. 18° 50' S.

Mine of Agoa Quente. Elevation of the surface about 3,400 feet above the sea.

Wrought in Jacotinga†, composed of quartz in unequal—but sometimes in considerable—proportions, minute crystals of oxydulated and titaniferous iron, scales of micaceous iron-ore, flakes of talc, and small nests of felspar-clay, imbedded in earthy brown iron-ore tinged, at intervals, with earthy black manganese.

During 1848—9 the temperature at the surface ranged from 42° to 84°·8 (Table XXXI.) and averaged about 60°·3.‡

Von Bechwege, Pluto Brasiliensis, p. 299. De Monlevade, Annales des Mines, IV. p. 136. Caldeleugh, Travels in South America, II. p. 283.

[†] Von Eschwege, Pluto Brasiliensis, t IV. p. 299. Ante, pp. 224-36.

[?] Notwithstanding the monthly means at Agos Quente, between October, 1848,

The undermentioned observations were made at times when very different quantities of rain-water *— absorbed at the surface—found their way into the mine; and when the works were opened at different depths.

							١,	1844	1847.		1849.	
			Localitie	٩.			Depth	May	Nov.	Jan.	Apr.	Jese
Wat	er in	a brook	at the su	face	•••••			•	68·	7 6 ·	•	•
	ou	t of the b	ack of the	(lovel) drift at	the en	d. 4.6			73.		
**			**	29	2 feet	from ,				76.		
•			••	**	8 "	•	, . "			74.		
**	out	of ancie	nt—& lon	g-abs	ndoned-	-worl	is. 6·		70-2			
"	, 82	(1	m out of (call) of a rmation					92.				
**	out	of ancies	nt-& long	-aban	doned-v	ror ks (a) 8·	72.				
••	, la	(Jacotii	ems jetti 1993.) form both (1994	ation	, and (1	tabirit	ارء	91-5	}			
**	, 61	nall stres deposit	mout of a		rous (Ja	•	12·			80-7		
21	, la	rge stres	ı m, b ottor	n of s	n Engir	e-shaf	1.		88.			
*	•	"	29		second	••			96.5			
,,			•		•	,,	. 18.			91.		
**	•	***	form	uion	rous (Ja at the b s-shaft .	ottom				85-		

and July, 1849 (Table XXXI.), differed somewhat from those at Gongo Soco during 1845—7 (Table XXX.); the general average, for corresponding periods, coincided within 0° .3.

		_	1844.	1847.		1849.	
	Localities.	Depth.	1	Nov.	Jan.	Apr.	June
Wat	er, large stream out of auriferous (Jacotinga) formation, both E. and W.	26.	•	•	•	o 90·5	۰
	·				''		ĺ
**	, small stream out of auriferous (Jacotinga) formation	28.	••				77.8
"	, ,, within one foot of that last mentioned.	,,	••				78 ∙:
••	, ,, out of (Itabirite) rock S. side (wall) of auriferous (Jaco- tinga) formation	,,	••				89-
"	, large stream out of auriferous (Jacotinga) formation	"	••				88.
"	, , , within nine feet of that last mentioned	"			••	••	92·
"	, " bubbling up out of auriferous (Jacotinga) formation	29.	••	••	••	92-5	
"	which filled the mine to within 4.5 fms. of the surface, during a stoppage of the spot	15.	••	82.3			
**	,, at a second spot	,,		83.3			
"	drawn by pumps at one shaft (b) from	9.		81-9			
**	,, a second ,, (c) ,,	,,		84.			
**	,, one shaft (b) ,,	10.	84.				
29	,, a second ,, (c) ,,	,,	87.				
••	drawn by pumps to the adit (14) at one shaft (c) ,, fathoms deep)	18.		••	91.		
33	,, " another " (b) "	24.			83· <i>5</i>		
٠,	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	29.				91.5	

[•] Fish throve in this water. Ante, p. 355.

The power of fishes to bear extremes of temperature is well known.

YARRELL, History of British Fishes, I. pp. 316-19. COUCH, Fishes of the British Islands, IV. p. 33.

PARISH OF INFICTONADA; adjoining CATTAS ALTAS.

Mine of Fraga* or Ouro Fino. Elevation of the surface about 3,300 feet above the sea.

Wrought in that part of the talcose-slate series which overlies the (Jacotinga) manganesic iron-glance formation.

As Fraga is so near Agoa Quente and Gongo Soco, it, probably, differs little in climate, from them; but, inasmuch as it is less enclosed than they are by mountains and woods, its mean temperature may, perhaps, be somewhat cooler than theirs; on this, however, reliable observations have never been recorded.

The undermentioned temperatures have been observed:—

A large stream as it issues from the auriferous talc-slate into a (adit-level) drift opened from the vale 69°.

drawn by pumps to the surface from a depth of 21 fms. .. 70°.5

THE UNITED STATES.

STATE OF VIRGINIA,—COUNTY OF BUCKINGHAM. Long. 78° 30' W., Lat. 37° 35' N.

The Garnett and Moseley† mines have been wrought in chloritic, micaceous, and talcose slates, on a broad conformable bed of quartzose, felspathic, calcareous, and slaty matter, mixed with considerable quantities of earthy brown iron-ore near the surface, and of iron-pyrites at greater depths, as well as with smaller proportions of gold.

[•] Von Bechwege, Pluto Brasiliensis, t v. Ante, pp. 301,-23.

[†] Rogers, Geological Reconnoisance of Virginia, p. 63. Ansted, Scenery Science, and Art, pp. 288-90. Ante, pp. 379-84.

The line of 55° mean annual temperature passes within a short distance of this district, if not directly through it.

A small stream pumped to the surface from a depth of 15.5 fathoms maintained, during September, 1852, a temperature of 56°.8†

STATE OF MICHIGAN, —COUNTY OF ONTONAGON (Long. 89° 30' W., Lat. 46° 50' N.).

The rains which immediately precede the first snows freeze almost as soon as they soak into the ground whilst the floods of autumn, which had been already absorbed, are—under influence of cold air, descending from the surface and circulating through the mines,

^{*} The following temperatures were observed in the Keweenaw district from (two hundred to four hundred feet above Lake Superior) eight hundred to a thousand feet above the sea; in mines wrought, in the trap formation, on lodes composed of calcareous-spar, prehnite, quartz, epidote, chlorite, and trappean matter. In most parts of the district some or others of these ingredients are more or less mixed with native copper, and this is frequently encrusted with virgin-silver (BAYFIELD, Quarterly Jour. of the Geol. Soc. 1. p. 451. BAUERMAN, lbid, XXII. pp. 448-63. Jackson, Geological and Mineralogical Reports, Passim. FOSTER & WHITNEY, Geological Report, pp. 68-186. Ante, pp. 411-63, Tables XII.—XIV.).

At Lac la Belle						۰
the temperature of the	air at	the su	rface		Was	71.
n	,, in	the up	per level	••	,,	47.
**	water		••	••	,,	44.
••	air at	23·3 f	ms. deep	••	,,	51 ·
••	Water	••	91	••	,,	44.
19	air	30 ·	**	••	,,	48·
••	water	• • •	**	••	,,	45·
At Copper Falls—						
the temperature of the	air at	the su	rface	• •	was	42·
•	Water	at 3.3	fms. deep	••	,,	44.5
10	air	,, 20	**	••	,,	49-
	water	11 99	**	••	,,	44.5

[•] Keith Johnston, Atlas of Physical Phenomena, Pl. XVIII.

[†] On the 4th of September, 1852, the temperature at the surface about 6 p.m. was 76°.2.

during winter • —often frozen as they issue, at considerable depths, from the rocks and lodes through which they had percolated. Thus, the streams which had entered at Toltec mine,† at 16.6 and at 23.3 fathoms, and the Douglas Houghton (Henwood)‡ mines at 36 fathoms from the surface, during the autumn of 1855 and become frozen during the succeeding winter, were yet unthawed in the following July.

THE CHANNEL ISLANDS.

SARK.

The metalliferous rocks of Sark consist, in great measure, of felspar and hornblende, associated with

e temperatur	a spring								
,,	water				•				
	,,								
At The Cliff	mine—					•			
e temperatur	e at the surf	ace .	 was			 .	 	 	46
,,	10 fms.	deep	 ,,	• • •		 	 	 	44
**	16· 6 ,,	,,	 ,,			 	 	 ••••	43
27	20. ,,	,,	 ,,	• • •		 	 	 ••••	44
••	39.3 .,		 			 	 	 	45

May, 1846, ranged from 16°-35 to 72°-03 and averaged 41°-46.

JACKSON, Geological and Mineralogical Report, pp. 443,—58,—9,—62,—561.

FOSTER & WHITNEY, Geological Report, p. 43.

Daniel, Mining Journal, XXXVI. p. 390. Ante, pp. 465,-78.

During winter the pumps are occasionally covered with some non-conducting substance; lest,—during stoppages of the machinery for needful repair,—the influence of cold air from the surface should cause the water in them to freeze.

[†] Whitney, Metallic Wealth of the United States, pp. 290-1, Fig. 23. Ante, p. 463.

[‡] Jackson, Geological and Mineralogical Report, pp. 702,—42—3. Foster & Whitney, Geological Report, pp. 142,—50. Whitney, Metallic Wealth of the United States, pp. 289—90, Fig. 27. Ante, pp. 465—79; Table XV. Fig. 28.

Mac Culloch, Geol. Trans., 1. p. 16. Prince, Cornscall Geol. Trans., VI. p.

smaller proportions of several other substances. The lodes which traverse them contain great quantities of the same ingredients; mixed, largely, with quartz and calcareous-spar, and, less plentifully, with earthy brown iron-ore, iron-pyrites, and yellow copper-ore. At the S.S.W. extremity of the island, however, the Sark's-Hope lode afforded also argentiferous and antimoniated galena, the super-sulphuret, sulphate, sulphato-tricarbonate, and carbonate of lead, together with the chloride of silver, earthy black silver-ore, as well as vitreous, red, and native silver,* where it was wrought beneath the sea.

The temperature of Sark is probably much the same as that of Guernsey, which ranges from 24°.5 to 83°,† and averages 51°.6.‡

The undermentioned temperatures were observed at different depths in various parts of the island:—

Windmill Hill.	De	Temp.	
Well of fresh water (1841, January 26th)	Surface		47.1
Port ès Sées.	Depth below the surface, fms.	Relation to the sca- level. fms.	
Small stream of fresh water, out of the rock	42.	16· A	55.
Large ,, , , , lode	54.	4· A	58.7

 ^{101.} Ansted, Channel Islands, pp. 263-6. Ante, pp. 530-2, Table XVII., Fig. 30.

^{*} Prince, Cornecall Gool. Trans., VI. p. 102. Ante, p. 535, Table XVII.

[†] Ansted, Channel Islands, p. 140.

[:] Ibid, p. 134.

[†] From 1843 to 1858 the temperature at Guernsey during the month of January has ranged from 24°-5 to 54°-5, and averaged 43°-6.—Ansted, Channel Islands, pp. 124—7.

[&]quot;Some years ago, a level connected with mining operations then going on,

		I	e Pot.				Depth below the surface. fms.	Relation to the sea-level. fms.	Temp.
Modera	te stre	am of fre	sh wa	ter, c	out of	the rock	47.	12. ▼	5 4 ·
	"		,,	,	,,	lode	65·	4· B•	56.
		Sark's	Hope 1	Mine					
Small s	tream	of fresh w	ater, c	out o	f rock	and lode	24.	4.∀	55· 5
Modera	te "	brackis	h ",	,,	rock		44.	20·B	56·2
Large	"	,,	,, ,	,,	"	•••••	54.	80∙ B	57·2
Small	**	,,,	",	"	lode	•••••	,,	,,	57:2
,,	"	,,	"	,,	rock	w	64·	40∙ ▲	58•
						fms. above	,,	,,	56-

HERM.

The Herm mines were wrought, to a depth of thirty fathoms, in rocks composed mostly of white, pinkish, buff-coloured, and greenish felspar, mixed with much hornblende, and sometimes with quartz and mica.†

and opening out on the Port du Moulin, on the side of the island towards Guernsey, was found to remove the water from a well in D'Ixcart Bay, on the other side of the island."—AMBTED, Channel Islands, p. 472.

[•] A denotes distance above the sea-level.

B . below . .

^{† &}quot;A beautiful white and black granite rock forms the hard back bone [of Herm]; and may be recognized at intervals, around the coast. * * This granite is intersected by many wide veins, extremely variable in their nature, but generally either soft or readily decaying. * * There is one at the back of the island of very large size, running across more than one projecting headland, nearly in a south-westerly direction, consisting entirely of black micaceous rock. * * There are other veins of soft clay, and some of decomposing greenstone. * * Traces of copper are said to have been found in veins in the granite of Herm; and mining operations were at one time commenced. The chief mineral product of the island is, however, its granite; [but] it is hardly equal to the best black Guernsey granite for paving and curbstones."

AMBTED, Channel Islands, pp. 63,—6, 263.

Two lodes respectively—

beer 10'—15° N. of E.—S. of W., • dip N., and measure 5—30 feet in width; " 24° W. of N.—E. of S., • " E., " 2—4 " " .

Both these,—and the numerous (branches) veins which separate from, and re-unite with, them, in various parts of their range,—also contain great quantities of felspar, hornblende, and quartz; iron-pyrites abounds, and small (bunches) masses of yellow copper-ore occur at intervals.

As Herm and Guernsey are but six miles apart, they can scarcely differ much in climate.†

The undermentioned observations were made in February, 1841; viz.—

	•			Depth below the surface, fms,	Relation to the sea-level, fms.	Temp.
Well of	fresh water ‡	••••	•••••••	Surface.	10∙ ▲	48·7
Small st	ream of fresh	wate	r out of lode	8.	2· B	49.5
Large	"	"	rock at some distance	,,	"	53·
Small	20	,,	lode	12.	8 B	<i>55</i> ·2
Minute	•	"	jetting out of lode with- in a short distance	"	"	56•

IRELAND.

COUNTY OF WICKLOW.

The mines of Connorree, Cronebane, Tigrony, Ballygahan, and Ballymurtagh have afforded enor-

[•] In 1838 the Magnetic declination was about 24° W. Ross, Phil Trans., CXXXIX. p. 208. SABINE, Ibid, Pl. XIV. Ante, p. 531, Note •.

[†] Ansted, Channel Islands, pp. 134,-7. Ante, p. 735. Note §.

^{‡&}quot; Herm has good fresh water in natural springs, and in two places there is running water."—Ansted, Channel Islands, p. 68.

mous quantities of iron-pyrites mixed with slaty matter, quartz, and various ores of copper,* from several beds of different widths which conformably interlie schistose rocks, presumed to be portions of the Silurian system.

As Ovoca lies between Dublin and Courtown, it probably differs but little from them in climate.

Localities.	Depth below the	Relations to the	Temp.	1840.
Localisios,	surface. fms.	sea-level. fms.	May.	Nov.
Connorree Mine.			•	
Water, a well	Surface	100∙ ▲	••	45.
,, a moderate stream out of clay-slate .	5 4 ·	75∙ ▲	••	49.5
,, the Sulphur- course	,,	,,		50-
,, pumped to the surface from	,,	"		49-
Cronebane Mine.				
Water flowing from a hole bored in the Sulphur-course	72·	2·B	54.5	
,, pumped to the adit (16 fms. above the sea from		22·B	5 5 ·5	

COUNTY OF WATERFORD.

The mine of Knockmahon has been wrought, both

[•] Henry, Phil. Trans., XLVII. pp. 500-3. Journal des Mines, No. XVI. pp. 80-5. Weaver, Geol. Trans., v. pp. 173-8, 213-30. Haughton, Journal of the Geol. Soc. of Dublin, v. pp. 280-2. Smyth, Records of the School of Mines, I. pp. 370-97, Mahon, The Mines of Wicklow, pp. 35-75. Ante, pp. 540-69, Table XVIII.

[†] Lloyd, Trans. Royal Irish Academy, XXII. p. 416.

¹ Ibid, p. 421.

[§] Ibid, p. 422.

inland and beneath the sea, in greyish-green, greenish-black, and mottled fossiliferous slates, interlaid by massive rocks of felspar, quartz, and chlorite, as well as by thin beds of ferruginous conglomerate. The lodes—which have been very productive—consist, in great measure, of quartz, slaty matter, calcareous-spar, and chlorite, associated with earthy-brown iron-ore, iron-pyrites, earthy black copper-ore, vitreous copper, malachite, and copper-pyrites. The cross-veins, which intersect both the rocks and lodes, are composed, mostly, of slaty-clay, and disintegrated felspar; but, at intervals, they contain spheroidal masses of quartz.

At Dunmore, some 12 miles E. of Knockmahon, the mean temperature of the year 1851 was.. 51.6;§

& ... Waterford, ,, 15 ,, N.B. ,, the mean temperature

from 1860 to 1868 was 50.3.

Lloyd, Trans. Royal Irish Academy, XXII. pp. 416,-24.

Tears.	Maximum.	Minimam.	Mean,
1860	78°	14°	50°
1	82	25·	52-2
2	76 [.]	20·	50.6
3	80	28·	50-3
4	81	19·	48.9
5	86	20	48.6
6	85	20·	49-2
7	79	16·	50.4
8	86·	28·	52·3
Extremes	86·	14'	-
Mean			50-3

B. J. GREER, Esq., of Newtown, Waterford, MSS.

[•] Weaver, Gool. Trans., v. p. 248. Du Noyer, Explanation to accompany Shorts 167, 168, 178, 179 of the Geological Survey of Ireland, p. 57. Baily, Ibid., p. 24.

[†] Hore, Ibid, p. 81. Du Noyer, Ibid, pp. 81-2. Ante, pp. 594-8, Table XIX.

[;] Ante, pp. 598-9, Table XIX.

The undermentioned observations were made at Knockmahon:

		Depth below the surface, fms,	Relations to the sea-level, fms,	Temp.
Water,	a well (29th April, 1840)	1.6	3. ▲	48.
**	issuing from the clay-slate and the lode	16·	3. ▲	48.7
**	accumulating from several small streams out of the lode	112.	98·B	67· 5
**	pumped to the adit (3 fms. above the sea) from	,,	"	60-6

COUNTY OF CORK.

The Bearhaven mines are opened in rocks, of the

• " Thermometers were placed, in August 1843, in the deepest part of Knock-

mahon Copper Mine; * * * one being sunk three feet into the rock, and another into the lode at a depth of [129 fathoms] from the surface. A thermometer * * was hung in the gallery or level where these were placed. • * * "These mines are in lat. 52° 8' N, and the mean annual temperature at the surface calculated by the usual formula would, therefore, be 50° 026. "The general average of the thermometers at the depth of [129 fathoms], and the maxima and minima, were as follows:—
end and mexime and minime, acts as tomose.—
In air Average, 57:176 Maximum, 58:5 Minimum, 56:26
,, rock or country . ,, 57.369 , 58.5 , 56.25
"lode " 67-915 " 58-5 " 56-24
"Taking the temperature of the rock thus determined as the general average
• •
it shows an increase of 7° 348 for a depth of [129 fathoms], or deducting [16.4
fathoms] for the line of no variation, we have 1° for [15.8 fathoms]. It was
found necessary to fix the instruments not far from being perpendicularly under
the sea, the shaft being nearly on the edge of the cliff, which is here [11-6 to
12.6 fathoms high. If therefore we should + + consider the sea level as
the surface, we shall have a depth of [116.6 fathoms] corresponding to [70.848
or 1°-15.8 fathoms].

[&]quot;It seems to be fully established • • • that there was a gradual though a slight diminution of temperature as the observations proceeded. Thus the temperatures were during the first half of the period ... in air 57-613... in the rock 57-718... in the lode 58-000

", the second half soft the period soft the pe

OLDHAM, Report of the British Association (for 1844), II. pp. 221-2 (Abridged).

Carboniferous slate series, composed of siliceous matter mixed with chlorite, talc, or some similar mineral: at intervals, however, they contain small quantities of the carbonate of lime; whilst all parts of them are intersected by minute veins of quartz. Near rich portions of the lodes they are usually lilac, pale-buff, or dove-coloured, and of thick-lamellar structure; but elsewhere they are blue and fissile. The lodes consist mostly of quartz, but contain also chloritic or talcose matter, beside smaller proportions of the carbonates of lime and of iron; moreover, they include angular (horses) masses of slate without number. Iron-pyrites, vitreous copper, and malachite occur now and then, but copper-pyrites is the prevailing ore. † A cross-vein -composed of slaty-clay in other parts of its rangebecomes highly quartzose as it intersects the Main (Mountain) lode. t

At Castletownsend, some 40 miles E.S.E., the mean temperature of the year 1851 was 52.1;5

The mean annual temperature at the *Bearhaven* mines, therefore, is probably much the same.

The temperatures observed at different depths have been.—

^{*} Jukes & Kinshan, Explanation to accompany Sheets 197 and 198 of the Geological Survey of Ireland, pp. 13, 20. Ante, p. 602, Table XX.

[†] Smyth, Explanations to accompany Sheets 197 and 198 of the Geological Survey of Ireland, pp. 30 -3. Ante, pp. 603-8, Table XX.

[:] Ante, p. 608, Table XX.

Lloyd, Trans. Royal Irish Academy, XXII. pp. 416,-23.

	Depths below the surface. fms.	Relation to the sea*-level. fms.	Temp.
Water cozing out of a rock N. of Main Lode	128	60· B 72· B	58.5
,, ,, Main lode	140·	72· B	61.6
,, ,, Main lode	,,	" ;	<i>5</i> 6·

COUNTY OF KERRY.

The Ardtully mines were worked in, and between, reddish-purple, greenish-grey, yellowish-green, lead-coloured, or mottled, slates; † and greyish Carboniferous limestone in which crinoidal remains are not uncommon.‡ Small beds of slaty-clay, quartz, and earthy brown iron-ore, slightly sprinkled with iron-pyrites and yellow copper-ore, occur in the slate; § whilst irregular bands of calcareous-spar—here and there charged with grey and purple copper, slightly mixed with copper-pyrites, and enclosing, at intervals, small bodies of peculiar (? organic) character—merge, after short courses, in the limestone.

The principal

[•] Kinahan, Explanations to accompany Sheets 197 and 198 of the Geological Survey of Ireland, p. 20, Fig. 3.

[†] Jukes, Du Noyer, & Willson, Explanations to accompany Sheet 184 of the Geological Survey of Ireland, pp. 20—4. Haughton, Journal of the Geological Society of Dublin, vi. p. 210. Ante, pp. 613—15.

[†] Haughton, Journal of the Geol. Society of Dublin, vi. p. 208. Jukes, Du Noyer, & Willson, Explanations to accompany Sheet 184 of the Geol. Survey of Ireland, pp. 20—4. Ante, p. 613.

[§] Ante, pp. 612,-15.

[§] Haughton, Journal of the Geol. Soc. of Dublin, VI. p. 213. Du Noyer & Willson, Explanations to accompany Sheet 184 of the Geol. Survey of Ireland, p. 37. Ante, pp. 518—19.

metalliferous deposit, however, intersects the slate in one part of its range, but separates the slate from the limestone in another. Where both sides (walls) are of slate shallow portions of the matrix consist of slaty clay mingled with earthy brown iron-ore, enclosing nodules of hematite, and angular masses of slate often encrusted with copper-pyrites, together with grains of purple, grey, and native copper; at greater depths siliceous slate—the principle ingredient—is frequently veined with quartz and speckled with copper-pyrites; moreover, where opposite sides of the deposit are bounded by rocks of different kinds, that portion of it which adjoins the slate-although rather richermaintains, in other respects, its normal character; at its contact with the limestone, on the contrary, it comprehends ill-defined beds of grey limestone and calcareous spar which embed considerable quantities of grey and purple copper, with smaller proportions of copper-pyrites.*

Kenmare is about thirty miles N.N.W. of Castletownsend, and about twenty-eight " E. by S. of Cahirciveen; but, inasmuch as it is less open to the ocean and more enclosed by mountains than they are, any difference between its mean temperature and theirs,† may, perhaps, be rather in defect than excess.

Whilst the Ardtully mines were deepened, observa-

^{*} Haughton, Journal of the Geol. Soc. of Dublin, vr. pp. 212—13. Du Noyer, & Wilson, Esplanations to accompany Sheet 184 of the Geological Survey of Ireland, p. 37. Ante, pp. 616—19, Table XXI.

[†] Lloyd, Trans. Royal Irish Academy, XXII. pp. 416,-23. Ante, p. 741.

tions were made, at various times, in different parts of them, with the undermentioned results.

					Depth	Tempe	rature.
			Localities.		surface.	1840. October.	1841. June.
	1	forth, Eng	rine, or Ardtı	illy, lode.			
Wat	er, a :	mall stree	am oosing ou	t of slate in the N. side (wall) (a)	17.	50°-6	•
"	,	• *	,,	lode W. (b)	"	51 ·25	
**	, a l	arge stree	um out of sla	te (a)	20-	••	58.
,,	,	,,	" lod	s (b)	22.	51-25	
20	•	99	" "	(b)	27·		55 ·
**	, pı	imped to t	the surface	in 1840 from	22.	51.	
**	,	,,	,,	, 1841 ,,	27.		53.

ENGLAND.

CORNWALL.

THE CARADON DISTRICT,-

which rises from about 600 to 1,200° feet above the sea,—comprehends rocks of granite,† slate,‡ elvan,§

[•] Mac Lauchlan, (De la Beche's), Report on the Geology of Cormoall, Devon, and West Somerest, pp. 14, 18. Ante, p. 696.

[†] Boase, Cornwall Geol. Trans., IV. pp. 170, 209—10. De la Beche, Report on the Geology of Cornwall, &c., pp. 157,—9. Whitley, Reports of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, XXXII. p. 31. Thomas (Charles), Remarks on the Geology of Cornwall and Devon, p. 15. Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining in the Caradon and Lisheard District, p. 67. Holl, Quarterly Journal of the Geol. Society, XXIV. p. 440. Western Daily Mercury, No. 2,463 (28th May, 1868), p. 2. Ante, pp. 656—60,—62—66.

[†] Rogers, Corneall Geol. Trans. II. pp. 218—20. Boase, Ibid, Iv. p. 208. De la Beche, Report on the Geology of Corneall, &c., p. 79. Giles, Corneall Geol. Trans, vii. pp. 155—6,—8. Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining in the Caradon and Liebeard District, p. 67. Holl, Quarterly Journal of the Geol. Society, xxiv. p. 444. Ante, pp. 656—60,—67—70.

[§] Boase, Cormonii Geol. Trans., IV. pp. 209-10. De la Beche, Report on the Geology of Cornecall, &c., pp. 159,-83,-85. Giles, Cornecall Geol. Trans., VII.

and greenstone. The lodes wrought at South Caradon, West Caradon, and Gonamena, on the S., traverse granite and elvan, abound in fluor, and yield only copper and copper-ore; whilst those opened at Marke Valley and the Phænix mines, towards the N., intersect slate, granite, and elvan, contain no fluor, but afford the ores of both copper and tin, Crossveins occur in several parts of the district; § but neither of them has been traced throughout its entire breadth.

The mean temperature of Plymouth, some sixteen miles S.E., deduced from 43,824 horary observations, made at about 60 feet above the sea, during five years, was 52°081.

At different depths, in various parts of the Caradon district, the undermentioned temperatures were observed:—

Localities.	Rocks.	Depth below the surface. fms.	Relation to the sea-level, fms. ¶	Temp.
Cheesewring Hotel. Water, in a deep well, full to within 4 fms. of the surface (25th July, 1867)	Granite .	4.	180· A	50·9

p. 158, 201. Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining, &c., pp. 33,—6. Hell, Quarterly Journal of the Geol. Society, XXIV. pp. 415,—41,—45. Ante, pp. 660.—1.

^{*}Rogers, Cornwall Geol. Trans., II. pp. 218—21. Boase, Ibid, Iv. pp. 207—9. De la Beche, Report on the Geology of Cornwall, &c., p. 79. Giles, Cornwall Geol. Trans., VII. pp. 156,—8. Holl, Quarterly Journal of the Geol. Society, IIIV. pp. 421,—23,—44. Ante, pp. 655,—71.

[†] Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining in the Caradon and Lishard District, pp. 31,-6, 51-3. Ante, pp. 678-80, Tables XXIII., XXIV.

¹ Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining in the Caradon and Liskeard District, pp. 24-31. Ante, pp. 676-80. Tables XXV.—XXVI.

j Whitley, Geological Map of the Caradon Mining District. Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining in the Caradon and Liskeard District, pp. 25, 11,-2,-5, 52. Ante, pp. 681-6; Tables XXIII.-IV.,-VI.

Harris, Reports of the British Association, VII. pp. 24-5, Pl. X. Approximate.

Localities.	Rocks	Depth below the surface, fins,	Relation to the sea-level. fms.	Tomp.
Gonamena.				
Water in the adit, a very large stream out of the (Country) rock and lode; taken for household use in the neighbourhood, as it flows out at the surface		20-	180° A	δῗ· 4
South Caradon.				
Water, a very large stream out of the Little Cross-course		44.	96- ▲	51-4
,, , pumped to the adit (14 fms. below the surface) from	,,	128.	12· A	61.2
The Phaniz Mines.		1		
Water, coming out of the (Country) rock and lode at the bottom of the mine.		146·	14• ▲	67·
, pumped to the adit (26 fms. below the surface)from	,,	,,	,,	52-6
Marke Valley.				l
Water, a small stream out } (back of level)	Slate	106.	14.▼	60-6
,, , , , (bottom ,,)	n	,,	,,	62-6
,, , , , (md ,, E.)	,,,	"	,,	70-
,, a large stream out of Marke lode, W.	Granite.	.,		68-3
	i	"	"	
,, , pumped to the <i>adit</i> (26 fms. below the surface from	••	,,	n .	69-8

THE MENHENTOT DISTRICT,

rather more than three hundred feet above the sea,* comprehends an extensive area of—more or less calcareous †—clay-slate,‡ which contains, at intervals,

[&]quot;The Menheniot station on the Cornwall Bailway is 261.5 feet above the sea-level."—J. D. Sheriff, Esq., C.E., Engineer of the Cornwall and West Cornwall Bailways, MS.

[†] Boase, Cormoall Geol. Trans., IV. p. 212.

[!] Henwood, Reports of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, XXXIII. (1851),

numerous small cavities filled with earthy ferruginous matter (? of organic origin *); in some places the slate encloses, but in other it is interlaid by rocks of felspar and hornblende,† occasionally of schistose, though usually of massive, structure.‡ The only lode yet discovered in the neighbourhood has afforded, and—at more than two hundred and fifty fathoms deep—still continues to afford, great quantities of argentiferous galena § and smaller proportions of other, less valuable, ores. Barren (flucans) veins of clay || (heave) displace the lode in several parts of its range.

During the years 1833—1837 the mean temperature at Plymouth, some eleven miles S.E., was 52°.081.¶

Streams derived from various parts of the slate series bave—at different times—shown the temperatures hereafter mentioned.

p. 20. Sedgwick, Quarterly Journal of the Geol. Soc., VIII. pp. 5, 17, 146. Giles, Curmoull Geol. Trans., VII. p. 201. Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining in the Caradon and Liekeard District, p. 38. Salmon, Mining and Smelting Magazina, II. p. 211. Holl, Quarterly Journal of the Geol. Society, XXIV. p. 422, Ante, pp. 700—4.

[.] Ante, p. 700.

[†] Rogers, Cornwall Geol. Trans., II. p. 221. Bosse, Ibid, IV. p. 211. Henwood, Reports of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, XXXIII. p. 39. Giles, Cornwall Geol. Trans., VII. p. 201. Ante, pp. 701—2.

[:] Ante, pp. 701-2.

[†] Henwood, Reports of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, XXXII. p. 40. Giles, Cornwall Gool. Trans., VII. p. 203. Salmon, Mining and Smelting Magazine, IL. p. 218. Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining in the Caradon and Lisheard District, pp. 26, 36. Ante, pp. 703—14; Tables XXVII.—VIII.

Heawood Reports of the Royal Institution of Cornwall, XXXIII. pp. 40,—2. Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining in the Caradon and Liskeard District, p. 37.

[¶] Harris, Reports of the British Association, VII. pp. 24-5, Pl. X. Ante, p. 745.

Localities	Depth below the surface, fms,	Relation to the sea-level, fms.*	Temp.
Liskeard.†			
Water in a closed well at the London Inn 1861, Sept 16th.	0-6	78. ▲	58- 2
" Dean's (closed) well 1867, July 30th.	1.	71· A	64·
Menheniot.			
Water in an open well, midway between the Church and Wheal Mary Ann	Surface.	65· A	54· 7
South Wheal Trelawny.			
Water, a small stream out of veins	<i>5</i> 3∙	about sea- level.	66-5
" pumped to the adit (13 fms. deep) from	78·	20· B	56·5
Wheal Mary Ann.;			
Water, a large stream out of lode, bottom of the mine 1851, Sept. 9th.	98.	48· B	67-5
" pumped to the surface 1867, July 29th from	280-	280· B	64.5
Wheal Trelavory.			
Water, a moderate stream out of the lode N	68-	18· B	60-
» , a small stream »	96-	46· B	66-
, a large stream out of the plode S.) "	105.	66 ∙ B	65-
pumped to the surface 1867, July 29th from	210-	160· B	66-3

THE LAMBRATH AND SAINT PINNOCK DISTRICT rises from 150 || to, perhaps, 200 feet above the sea;

[•] Approximate.

^{† &}quot;The centre of the Parade at Liskeard is 425 feet above the sea."

ALLER, History of Liskeard, p. 454.

[‡] Within these sixteen years Wheal Mary Ann has been deepened 182 fms

f , , Wheat Trelatory , 105 , .

[&]quot;Moorswater, the head of the Liskeard and Looe Canal, is 150 feet above the sea."—ALLEN, History of Liskeard, p. 454.

and consists of calcareous slates, which sometimes contain organic remains.* The lode at Herod's-foot—the only one yet wrought to advantage—has yielded, and still yields, an abundance of argentiferous galena, and bunches of copper-pyrites, beside smaller quantities of several other ores.† The lode is (heaved) displaced by a cross- (flucan) vein; which consists mostly of schistose matter, but is, at intervals, thinly sprinkled with ore.†

In climate, Herod's-foot can scarcely differ much from Plymouth, Caradon, and Menheniot.

The undermentioned temperatures have been observed in different parts of the district:—

Localities.	Depth below the surface, fme.	Relation to the con-level, fms.j	Temp.
Dulce.			•
Water in an open well at Benoke 1851, Sept. 18th	Surface	33∙ ▲	55-4
Saint Keyne.			
Water in an open well 7 1851, Sept. 18th	Surface	25. ▲	55-4
Herod's-foot.			
Water, a large stream out of the lode S. 1851, Sept 15th	187	110- B	67-6
" pumped to the surface 1867, July 27th from	160-	135· B	61.

^{*}Giles, Cormeall Gool. Trans., vii. pp. 97—9, 171. Peach, Ibid, p. 104. Sedgwick, Quarterly Journal of the Gool. Society, viii. pp. 5, 17. Holl, Ibid, 111v. p. 423. Ante, p. 700.

[†] Glies, Cornecall Goot. Trans., vIL pp. 201—3. Salmon, Mining and Smelting Magazine, IL pp. 211—17. Webb & Geach, History and Progress of Mining in the Caradon & Lisheard District, pp. 16—18. Ante, pp. 705—15; Table XXIX.

Ante, pp. 715-18, Table XXIX.

[§] Harris, Reports of the British Association, VII. pp. 24-5. Ants, pp. 745,-7.

Approximate.

T Carew, Survey of Cormeall (1602) f. 180. Norden, Speculi Britannia Pars. p. 86. Southey, Postical Works. p. 666. Blight, Ancient Crosses and other Antiquities in the Bast of Corneall, pp. 90—2.

SHROPSHIRE.

At Eardiston, some five miles S.E. of Oswestry, the New Red Sandstone and a band, varying in width from a few inches to perhaps five feet, by which it is intersected, both consist, in great measure, of granular quartz; but, whilst the former is tinged, more or less deeply, by various proportions of ferruginous matter, the latter contains, at intervals, great quantities of earthy brown iron-ore, sometimes largely mixed with the green carbonate of copper, and occasionally thinly sprinkled with grey copper-ore. At a depth of sixteen fathoms, however, the iron-ore is replaced by blue clay, when all trace of copper-ore suddenly disappears.

A narrow ferruginous cross-vein intersects the whole formation; but occasions no (heave) displacement.

At Whittington, about five miles N.N.W. of *Eardiston*, the temperature, — between March 1842 and February 1843,— ranged from 11° to 81°, and averaged about 49°7.†

[†] At Whittington, within five miles of Eardiston, the extreme and mean temperatures from March 1842 to February 1843, were—

Months.	9 A.M Max. Mis.		8 P.X Max. Min.			P.M Min.		The	mom Min.	sters,
1842. March	50-3 35-7	44.		48.1	49.	36.	4î.	6î.	28.	43-1
	55- 37-					35.	42.8	67.	24.	44.2
May	60.5 45.	54.2	68. 52.	59.8	64.	39.3	48.2	69	33.	52-1
	69-3, 55-	62.	79.2 59.7	68.	64.	47.	55.9	81.	84.	59-8
July	69- 54-2	61.4	74. 55.3	66-1	61.	49.	54.9	76.	41.	59-1
	70-5 55-2					45	58.6	81.	42	62-3
	68 50	57.3	70-2 51-7	61.4	63.	42.6	8-80	74.	34.	56.4
	66 32						41.8	59.	24.	44-5
	48-5 84-	40.7	60·5 38·	43-4	47.3	30-	37.8	52·	28.	41.
	55.2. 31.								27.	45.2
1843. Jan	52- 22-5	38.5	53 32.2	41.8	51.	27.	38.8	56.	16.	39-1
	42-8 19-								11.	34.4
Extremes	70-5, 19-		80-5, 28-		64.	18.		81.	11.	
Means		49-4	l l	53.5			46-2		١	48-35

^{*} Murchison. Silurian System, pp. 39, 298. Ante, pp. 515-16.

At Eardiston on the 17th—18th of November, 1842—

water at the surface..... was frozen;

- issuing from the metalliferous band at 16 fms. deep, had a temperature of 54°:
- m pumped to the surface from 16 ,, ,, ,, 50°;

It may, perhaps, be desirable, to place the facts, already described, in such various points of view, as may disclose their respective peculiarities.

The mean depths of the mines in each district;—

33	,,,	temperatures	"	"	;—
"	**	retice of increase in temperature, ex- pressed in fathoms of descent requisite to an elevation of one degree; •	· ,,	,,	;
99	,,	annual temperatures at the surface	"	"	;—

are set forth in the following columns:-

	1	Ĭ¹	Surface.		
Countries.	Provinces & Districts.	Mean depth. fms.	Mean temp.	Mean ratios, fms.	Mean annual temp.
CHILI BRAHL UNITED STATES	Chafiarcillo Minas Geräes Virginia	155 53 15	69°2 67°9 56°8	21·6 26·2	64· † 60·49 ‡ 55· †

For the foregoing extracts, from a Meteorological Register which extends from March 1842 to July 1851, the writer is indebted to the Reverend Albany Rossendale Lloyd of Hengoed and George James Symons, Esq., F.M.S., Editor of Pritish Rainfall."

^{*} Henwood, Cornwall Gool. Trans., v. p. 404.

[†] Keith Johnston, Atlas of General Phanomena, Pl. XVIII. Ante, p. 724.

Ante, pp. 726-8,-9,-22. Tobles XXX.-XXXI.

One observation only.

1	1	ט	Surbon.		
Countries.	Provinces & Districts,	Mean depth. fms.	Mean temp.	Mean ratios, fms.	Mean anoval temp.
CHANNEL ISLANDS	Sark & Herm	87	58.5	10-	5Î-6 •
IRRIAND {	Wicklow, Waterford, Cork, & Kerry	} 67	58-4	14-1 {	50-3 † 52-3 †
-	Cornwall	92	62-6	<i>6</i> -8‡	52-08 ∮
ENGLAND {	Shrepshire	15	54 ·	1	49-7 T

Other details appear in Table XXXII.

The mean—depths,—temperatures,—and ratios in which the temperatures increase with the depths, in

[‡] In the principal mining districts of Cornwall and Devon four hundred and fifteen observations afforded the undermentioned results:—

Districts.	Moen dopth. fms.	Moan temp.	Mean ratios.	Districts,	Mean depth. fms,	Moan temp.	Mean ratios.
Saint Just	95	57 [.] 84	14.8	Camborne, &c.	98	62°13	10-6
Saint Ives	129	63· <i>5</i> 6	11-2	Redruth, &c	182	71-87	5-8
Marasion	76	68-87	7:7	Saint Agnes	99	65-91	8-4
Gwinear, &c	101	68-4	7-4	Saint Austell	136	70-62	5-
Helston	184	66-66	8.8	Tavistock, &c	72	59-07	8-9

Mean depths..... 112 fms.;-

Ansted, Channel Islands, p. 140. Ante, p. 785.

[†] Lloyd, Trans. Royal Irish Academy, XXIL pp. 416,—22,—3,—4. Ante, pp. 788,—9,—41,—3. R. J. Greer, Req., MS. Ante, p. 739.

[&]quot; temperatures 66°88;—

^{,,} ratios 6-8 fms. Hzsrwood, *Cormoell Geol. Trens.*, v. pp. 402,—6.

[§] Harris, Reports of the British Association, VII. pp. 24,—8. Ante, pp. 745—7. One observation only.

The Reverend C. A. A. Lloyd, of Whittington near Oswestry, MS. Ante, p. 750.

the different rocks of the several districts already mentioned, appear in the following pages:—

, 11	. W		
Books.	Moen dopth, fms,	Mean temp.	Mean ratios,
New Red Sandstone®	15	84.	One observation only.
• " New Red Sandstone [is] very much affected in saturated with moisture.	its con	ductivit	y by being
Two blocks, of which the second was the harde	r,—post	essed t	he under-
mentioned powers of conduction when in different con-	litions ;	_	
1.	2.		
Dry 25	49		
Seturated with moisture 60			
Hopkins, Phil. Trans., Oxi	vii. pp.	808,—	18,—19.
At the mine of Mond-Wearmouth-which was sunk	,—		
264 fms. beneath the surface,			
349-5 ,, ,, sea,			
to the coal-coams which underlay the magnesian limes	tone of	Durhas	<u>0</u> —
the mean temperature at the surface	Was	17~0	
if, therefore, the depth of the known inversable plane be taken at \$ 16.6 ,, , we			use of tem-
parature equal to one degree for 9-9 fms. of descent.		4.	
PHILLIPS, London and Edinburgh Phil. Mag., v.	pp. 446	—51 (A	bridged).
The coal-mine of Toroy (Department of Saone et L			_
was opened at	bove th	9 964 ;-	-and
" sunk 155-9 " l	elow "	, <u>;</u> -	•
the total depth thus being 325.2 "	" th	e surrac	₩, 400.E.
The annual mean of the climate			WEE 20 U;
" temperature maintained at 303 fms. deep, in an abase of the m	me	part {	,, 81°.
The works of Mouillelonge, some two miles distant		abo	e the see .
Were commenced			
entered the Coal-measures		" belo	
they were continued, however		" deep	ath the
reaching eventually a depth of 2077 fms. below the sea, or			urface,
where the temperature	••••••	•••••	TAN IVU 'Y.
Now the difference			
between the annual and the temperature at 300 fms, in the	mine	TH	⋙ ·5 (1);—
Ald in Mar	Helene e		88°4 (8);-

Rocks.	Mean depth, fms,	Mean temp.	Mean ratios.
Limestones alternating	155	69-2	21-6

The ratio in which the temperature increases with the depth was-

in the first case, one degree for 9:2 fms.;—

- " second " , " 8.5 " ;—
- ", third ", ", ", 7.2 ", . (WALFERDIN, Complex Rendus). SMYTH (Annual Address), Quarterly

 Journal of the Gool. Soc., xxiv. pp. lxxix.—lxxx. (Abridged).

The Duckinfield colliery afforded rare opportunity for observing, in two shafts, the gradual increase of temperature with depth. Of the observations made by P. D. Ashley, Rsq., the proprietor, a synopsis is presented in the following columns:—

	FT.	OND SHA	810			PT.	IRST SHAT	Fı	
ŀ	DS.	Mea	Extremes.			ns.	Mean	Extremes.	
Ratios	Temp.	Depth. ims.	Temp.	Depth. fms.	Ratios.	Temp.	Depth fms.	Temp.	Depth. fms,
							1	δî·	2.8
į	58.2	h	58·	83.7		54.4	> 59-1		
	98.3	> 95⋅8	59-	119-7	18.5		[]	57·7	115.5
34.		'				58-1	127.6	68·	117.3
	59-4	}136.6	58.2	127	12-9	•••	ر ا	59 ∙5	146.5
)	60.	147.5		60-7	161.2	5 9- 9	150.
14.4		l,	60-	184.	9.3	•••	إ	62.5	179-
	61.3	}164 ·			1	65.2	203	64.	186-5
15.		ען	62.	179	15.4		ا ا	66.2	216-5
		1	63.2	191-2		67-1	232.3	67·	228
	64.	204.5	65.5	218-2	13-6		J	67-2	241.7
11-9	1	[ļ	68-8	255-4	67:7	213.5
1	66.2	230-6	66.	227.7	9-6		Į	69-7	266.5
i		}	66.8	233-5	1	71.6	281.4	69-9	269-5
1	,	l	1		46.5		إ	71.6	294.5
						72-1	309-3	72.2	298.5
					15.3		إ	72-2	322.7
						74.	338.3	72.5	325.5
					! !		j	75·	358.5

Rocks.	Mean depth, fms,	Mean temp.	Mean ratios.
Felspathic and Hornblendic Rocks	87	55°5	10-

It appears therefore, that the rocks in these neighbouring shafts maintain different temperatures at corresponding depths; and that at various parts—of even the same shaft—the temperatures increase, with the depths, in widely different ratios.

At the first shaft, indeed,

of these differences, however, only one amounted to one degree and a quarter, whilst most of the others were much smaller.

Mevertheless, that the temperature increases at an average of one degree for a descent of

14-8 fathoms in the first shaft, and of

16.8 ,, , second ,, ,

h indisputable.

FAIRBAIRN, Report of the British Association, 1861, Part II. pp. 53-6. (Paraphrased and abridged.)

The Rose Bridge collieries, at Ince near Wigan, have afforded opportunity for the undermentioned observations:—

Doych, from	Temperature.	Ratios.	Depth, fms.	Temperature.	Ratios.
80-5	64.5		339-5	87°·	
100-	66.	13.	867	88.5	18.3
279-	78.	14.9	372·5	89-	11.
302 ·5	80-	11.7	380∙5	90.5	5 ·3
315-	83.	4·1	387.5	91.5	7.
33 1·5	85.	8-2	391 <i>·5</i>	92.	8.
226-5	86.	4.	400∙	93.	8.5
339-5	87.	4.	403·	93.5	6.

From 80.5 to 403 fathoms therefore the increase of temperature averages one degree for 11.1 fathoms.

For this interesting record the writer is indebted to
JOHN ARTHUR PHILLIPS, Esq.

In the Coal-mines of Virginia, which are believed to be of the Colitie period (LTELL, Quarterly Journal of the Geol. Soc., 111. p. 261), Professor W. B. Rogers eberryed that

Sees. 68 to 100 fms. deep the increase of temperature amounted to 45 or at the rate of 1 degree in 7.5 fms.;

D'ARCHIAC, Histoire des Progrès de la Géologie, 1. p. 71.

Rocks.		Mean temp.	Mean ratios.
Clay-slate*	70	61°8	11.3
Jacotinga †	40	67.8	_
Talcose, micaceous, and chloritic slates	18	62-9	
Granits*	79	59-5	5-8
Clay-slate* Jacotinga † Talcose, micaceous, and chloritic slates Granits*	40 18 79	67·3 62·9 59·5	- t 5-8

The mean—depths,—temperatures,—and rates at which the temperatures increase with the depths—of the mines which yield different metals and ores (Table XXXIV.), are—

Metals and Ores.	Mean depth.	Mean temp.	Mean ratios.
Gold	51.	6 7 ·5	23·
Silver	155	69.2	21.5
Lead	72.	60.7	8.4
Copper §	43.	53·7	15•9

[•] From one hundred and thirty-four observations, in the mines of Cornwall, between 1830 and 1837, it appeared that the slate was about 3°.9 warmer than the granite at the same depth. But four hundred and fifteen observations made in Cornwall and Devon from 1830 to 1843 showed—

HENWOOD, Reports of the British Association, VI. (1837) Part II. p. 37;
Cornwall Gool. Trans., v. p. 403.

,, 16 ,, 29, ,, 20°3, ,, — ,, 77°-8—08°-5 ,, 87°-18 an increase at the rate of one degree in (2°12) little more than two fathoms.

These temperatures so greatly exceed those observed, at corresponding depths, in any other mine, and the vertical range of observation is so small, that they have not been used in deducing the foregoing means.

[†] The mine of Agoa Quente—notwithstanding its depth hardly exceeded thirty fathoms—discharged more than three hundred cubic feet of water per minute. Of this enormous stream—at depths ranging } 4 to 15, and averaging 8.5, fms.—the temperature) 70° 2—00° 5 & averaged from 1 70° 2—00° 5

[‡] Two observations only.

f "Fox observed [that] * * tin veins usually shewed themselves colder

Metals and Ores.	Mean depth. fms.	Mean temp.	Mean ratios.	
Copper and Tin*	114	65.7	— †	

But whilst Morro Velho and Gongo Soco have been rich in gold, by far the larger part of the auriferous deposits have consisted of iron-pyrites in one, and of specular iron-ore in the other. Moreover, in the lodes which yield copper-ore,—whether mixed or unmixed with the oxide of tin,—iron-pyrites always abounds.

Between the temperatures and ratios observed, at various depths, in mines which have afforded similar metals and ores in rocks of different character, as well between the temperatures and ratios noticed in such other mines as have yielded different metals and ores in rocks of like nature, the following comparisons have been made (Table XXXV.):—

The following are the mean depths at which observations were made, and the seen temperatures observed in the lodes affording different ores in the principal sining districts of Cornwall and Devon.

Loia.	Mean depth, fms.	Mean temperature.
Copper	140	72.89
Copper and Tin	74	61.45
Tin	92	60.67

HENWOOD, Cornwall Geol. Trans., v. p. 404.

to these which yielded copper."—Annales et de Chimie et de Physique, xvi. p. 80; Edinburgh New Phil. Journal, xxiv. p. 140.

[&]quot;The tin mines of the Sauberg at Ehrenfriedersdorf also show a remarkably by temperature; indeed it is a prevailing opinion that stanniferous mountains we colder than others."—REIGH, Beobachtungen usber die Temperatur des Gestims in verschiedenen Tiefen in den Gruben des Sachsischen Erzgebirges, pp. 87, 187. Bischoff, Edinburgh New Phil. Journal, XXIV. p. 140.

^{*} Ante, p. 756, Note § .

[†]Means of five observations, but all at the same horizon.

•)	MHTALS AND ORMS.							
	GOLD.		LBAD.			COPPER.			
Rocks.	Mean depth fms.	Mean temp.	Mean ratios.	Meen depth fms.	Mean temp.	Mean ratios.	Meen depth fms.	Mean temp.	Mean ratios.
New Red Sandstone		••	••		••		15	5 4 ·	•
Felspathic & Horn- blendic rocks		••		48	68 ·8	18.5	30	; 54·7	9-4
Clay-elate	67	68·4	25.2	93	63-6	10-7	57	58-4	141
Jacotinga	42	6 7·8							
Talcose and Micacosous slate	18	62-9	1						
Granite		••			••		82	51-4	t
				<u> </u>		·	<u> </u>		
Means	61	67°-8	23.	72	60°-7	8.4	48	53°-7	15-9

Amongst the mines described in foregoing pages, those which have yielded silver and gold occupy high ranges of mountains, within the tropics; whilst such as have afforded the ores of other metals have been wrought in less elevated parts of temperate regions. Between the mean-depths,-temperatures,-and ratios in which the temperatures increase with the depths, in works thus differently situated, a comparison is offered—as well in Tables XXXII. and XXXVI. as—in the following columns:—

Mean Comparative elevation of surfaces, fms. 67.7 30- ‡ More than 200 65 Gold and Silver Less than 200 ... 61 **57**· 8-9 Lead, Copper, and Tin .. 62 62.3 16.3 Means . . .

^{*} A single observation.

[†] The only observations have been made at the same horizon.

[!] In the clay-slate of Morro Vello, temperature increases with depth much

As far as these observations extend, therefore, it appears that at considerable altitudes within the tropics, the temperature is higher than at corresponding levels below the surface at smaller elevations in temperate regions; but that the ratio at which it increases with the depth is much less rapid in the former than in the latter.

The mean—depths,—temperatures,—and ratios at which the temperatures increase with the depths, of the mines before mentioned, irrespective of their geographical positions, altitudes, rocks, metals and ores,—are the following:—

Extreme depth, fms.	Mean depth, fms.	Mean temp.	Mean ratios.*
Surface to 50.	. 28	61:	1
50 , 100 .	. 65	60.5	21.4
100 , 150 .	. 122	65· 4	
150 , 200 .	. 155	72.	5.
200 and beyond	. 227	73-2	60.
Means	62	62.3	16.3

has rapidly than it has been found to increase in the similar rocks of Cornwall.

HENWOOD, Proceedings of the Royal Gool. Soc. of Cornwall, 24th Oct. 1865.

At Morro Volho in Brazil the rate at which the temperature increases is but the degree for (23-3 fathems) 200 feet.—Sette, Quarterly Journal of the Geol. Sec., XXIV. (1868) p. IXXXVI.; Ante, p. 727.

^{*}One hundred and thirty-four observations in the mines of Cornwall and Deven afforded—between 1830 and 1837—the following results:—

But at great altitudes in tropical regions—where the temperatures are above, whilst the ratio is below, the average,—and at smaller elevations in temperate climates,—where the ratios exceed, whilst the temperatures fall short of it,—observations have not been made

	Rocks.							
	81.4	TE.		1	Granite.			
Extreme depth. fms.	Mean depth, fms.	Mean temp.	Ratios, a	Mean depth, fms,	Mean temp.	Ratios. a		
Surface to 50	35	57 °	8-8	31	51°6	11:4		
<i>5</i> 0 ,, 100	73	61.8	8-1	79	<i>55</i> ·8	5-6		
100 ,, 160	127	68-	4.3	183	65·5	6-6		
160 " 200	170	78·	6·1	-	_			
200 and beyond	221	85-6		237	81.3			
Means	•••••		6.5,	•••••		6-9		

HENWOOD, Thomson's Records of General Science, IV. (1836), p. 198; Reports of the British Association, VI. (1837), Part ii. p. 36.

"By burying the bulbs of different thermometers at various depths below the deepest excavations of mines" the undermentioned results were obtained:—

Mines,	Depth below surface. fms.	Temperatures.	Ratios from surface.
Lovent	230	80-	7.6
Tresavean	262	82-	8.
Consolidated Mines	290	85.3	8-3

Fox, Report of the British Association, vi. (1837, Part I.), pp. 134-7. (Abridged.)

Fox, London and Edinburgh Phil. Mag., XI. (1837), p. 523.

At a mean elevation of about 240 feet above the sea, the ground, at a depth of

three feet, maintained, throughout the year, an average temperature of 49°-86. One hundred and seventy-seven observations, in different parts, but not the a These columns are now added.

[&]quot;Upon the whole, I believe that & & & the ratio in which the temperature augments in descending is greater in shallow than in deep mines."

in the same proportions at different depths. Thus,-

Extreme depth, fms.	Observations in elevated tropical regions.	Observations at moderate altitudes in temperate climates.
Surface to 50	24	17
50 ,, 100	5	12
100 " 150	4	10
150 " 200	2	_
200 and beyond	2	
Totals	37	3 9

despect, of many mines in Cornwall and Devon, exhibit increments of temperature equal to 10° each at intervals of about 47, 79, and 125 fathoms of descent.

Whilst fifty-three experiments in the deepest levels or accessible parts of mines show the rock, water, and air to preserve in round numbers,—

Fox. Reports of the British Association, for 1840, pp. 310-16 (Abridged.)

The following columns show the respective ratios of increase in temperature expressed in fathoms of descent requisite to produce an elevation of one degree; deduced from four hundred and fifteen observations in the mines of Cornwall and Devon:—

Daydh.	Granite,	Slate.	Rocks.	Cross- courses. fms.	Lodes.	Tin- lodes. fms.	Lodes yielding both tin and copper ores, fins,	Copper- lodes. fms.	Means,
Surface to 50	9-8	5.	5.8	8-2	6.	8.6	6.5	4.6	6.8
50 , 100	9-1	7·1	8-1	6.	8.3	7.3	6.4	8.5	7.6
100 , 150	8-3	8.3	6.7	11.	7.8	8.5	10-5	8.	8.7
150 ,, 200		4-4	3.7	4-9	6.3	١	8.	4.2	4.5
200 & beyond	7.5	6.2	9-5	3-9	5.2	5∙1		6.2	6-4
Messe	8.5	6.3	6.7	6.8	6.7	7.8	6.6	6.4	6.8

HENWOOD, Cormoall Geol. Trans., v. p. 406; (D'ARCHIAC), Histoire des Progrès de la Géologie, L. p. 69. This preponderance of observation—
at less than 50 fathoms deep in elevated, tropical, regions;
from 50 to 150 " " in lower, temperate, countries;
and at all greater depths ... at great altitudes within the tropics,
accounts for the apparently higher temperature from
the surface to fifty—than from fifty to one hundred—
fathoms deep. Yet, whether unequal numbers of observations—in each of several countries so far apart,—
at altitudes so various,—in rocks so different,—and in
mines yielding so many metals and ores,—can afford
results accurately representing the mean temperatures

The temperatures observed in the rocks or lodes at the deepest levels, and ratios at which the temperatures increase with the depths, of mines in various parts of Cornwal, are—

Mines.	Ores.	Rocks.	Date of ob- servations.	Depth. fms.	Temp.	Ration
Botallack	Copper & Tin.	Slate	1837	188	79°	6.5
		Slate	1853	255	87·	6-9
Lovant	Copper & Tin.	Granite	,,	21	74.	10-6
		Slate	1857	,,	85-	7.3
			1822	230	75.5	9-
Dolcoath	Copper & Tin.	Granite	1857	272	73·	11.8
	(another lode)	•••••	¦l "	**	79-5	9-2
		Q	(1837	262	82.5	8-1
Tresavean	Copper	Granite	1853	852	90-5	8-6
United Mines	Copper	Slate	1853	275	94.	6.3
P (Tin	}Slate	ſ 1837	128	· 74·	6.7
Par Consols {	Copper	State	1837	208	84.	6-1

Is the United Mines, the temperature of the hot at 355 fms. deep, seem of the
Fox, Reports of the British Assoc. for 1857 (Abridged and Paraphrased).

[&]quot;The North or Hot-Lode of the Clifford Mines, formerly known as that of the

and ratios on any one vertical line, may, perhaps, be open to question.

The composition and structure peculiar to different strata afford greater or less facility for the ascent of water and vapour; which, co-operating with the conducting power proper, in various degrees, to all rocks,—aid as well in transferring towards the surface of the earth some portion of the heat maintained within it, as in determining to each formation its due distribution of temperature. Occasionally, however, this normal equilibrium is disturbed by the miner; * through

United Mines, is one of a group of east and west [copper-] veins which are encased in the clay-slate or killas, on the east of the granite hill of Carn Marth. ● ● The author found, in 1855, the chief spring welling upwards in a level 251-6 fathoms deep, with a temperature of 114°. * * In [1864, however,] these parts of the workings had been laid dry by the extension of deeper galbries, and the point of egress of the springs was along the rich lode, advanced [much] farther eastward. * * [In this part of the works] the principal body of the upward-flowing water was to be seen rising # # # on the north side of the magnificent lode of cellular, black-stained, cinder-like pyrites. The next level [at 270 fathoms below the surface] is advanced farther eastward by 200 70 fathoms; the lode exhibited a good breadth of fine black-coated copper Pyrites; and small feeders of water, issued mostly from the north, or hangingalmost scalded the fingers holding the thermometer, which marked 122°. At the bottom level, which is 275 fathoms deep; in its end the lode was serrow, and very impervious to water, but a little rill trickling from it showed a temperature of 121°. a a a

Between my last two visits \bullet \bullet the point of issue of the hotter water had been deepened 30 fathoms, and the temperature was increased by 8°. This would give 1° for 3.75 fathoms. \bullet \bullet

SHYPH, Mining and Smelting Magazine, VI. pp. 193-6; Reports of the British Association, for 1864, Part IL p. 70. (Abridged)

[&]quot;Mumerous observations show that, whilst the conditions of the works on mines are unchanged, the temperatures at considerable depths are constant; but it seems not to have been ascertained whether the temperature of any spot—after other openings were extended beneath it—remained the same as it had been when it was the bottom of the mine. To invite enquiry on this subject, I return to offer the following comparisons.

whose shafts and (levels) galleries, water and vapour circulate more freely than they had previously circulated through the cleavage-planes, joints, and crevices

Rast Wheal Crofty (a copper-mine, rocks:—	, wrought in felspathic and hornblendie							
rocas :	18	38.	1840.					
	Depth, fms.	Temp.	Depth. fms,	Temp.				
Longoloss, Engine-lods	85	63°5	85	60°				
19 _. 3 11	••		115	64.				
Trevenson, Reeve's Lode	115	69-	115	62·				
,, ,,	••		135	70.75				
Wheal Vor (a tin-mine, opened in clay-slate).	18	38. I	18	59. a				
Main Lode, W	••		210	74.5				
, w	••		222	75·				
", "B	230	78·						
, B	240	{80·5 81·	} 240	74·				
" ; ₩	••		251	80-				
", ,₩	••	••	h	86.				
", ", B	••		811	82-5				
" , B., bottom of the level	••	••	J	90-25				
,	••	••	321	91-				
Water discharged by pumps at the Adit, from	240	69-	321	76·				
Thus, at East Wheal Crofty,								
on the Longclose Engine-lode, the temper at the bottom was 63°5 in 1838 v		works wer	e 85 fms.	deep ;—				
but it had fallen at the ame spot to 60- ,, 1840		_	30 ,,	deeper;—				
yet at the bottom it had		-	-	• •				
risen to 64. " "		91	115 ,,	•				
a These observations were made by the late Co	uptain Pran	cis Francis,	with the s	ame lastru-				

in the rocks and lodes; as therefore, each successive extension of deeper works intercepts, in its turn, the ascent of warm currents, the temperature of the original bottom gradually declines.

That, here and there, portions of various rocks and vein-stones are cooler than those above them, seems too well authenticated to admit of question. Such, infrequent interpositions, however, are seldom of great vertical range, and there is reason to believe they have usually but small horizontal extent; moreover, between

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at Resec's Lode, the temperature
at the bottom..... was 69.0 in 1838 when the works were 115 fms. deep;—
but it had, at the same
     spot declined to .. 62 ,, 1840
                                                           20 ,, deeper:-
yet at the bottom it had
         risen to ..... 70-75 ,, "
                                                          185 " deep.
 At Wheel Vor,
the temperature on the Main Lode
at the bottom..... was 80°.5 in 1838 when the mine was 240 fms. deep;—
but it had at the same spot
         fallen to .... 74 a ,, 1859
                                                           81 ,, deeper; --
nevertheless at the bottom
   it had advanced to .. 91' " "
                                                          321 " deep.
    HENWOOD, Cormoall Gool. Trans., v. (1848), p. 895; Reports of the Royal
      Institution of Cornwall, XLI. (1859), pp. 21-3; Annales des Mines, ôme
      Série, XVI. pp. 671-3.
At Wheel For, on the 30th September 1858, the mid-day temperature
                                                at the surface was .... 67°;
but at the bottom, 311 fms. deep, the air and the water issuing from
                                            the rock were both at .... 80°.
           SEYTE (Annual Address), Quarterly Journal of the Gool. Society,
            xxIV. p. lxxxv. (Abridged.)
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"On comparing the results obtained in Dolcoath in 1821—2 and 1827, it appears that the temperature was increased only 4° in one level with an increased depth of 42 fathoms, giving a ratio between the stations of 1° increase in 10.5 fathoms; and in another level the temperature was actually 2° to 2°.5 less than in 1822, although 42 fathoms deeper than the mine was then."

Fox, Report of the British Association, for 1887, Part 1. p. 100.

Ante, p. 764, Sub-note.

766 W. J. HENWOOD, on Subterranean Temperature.

their temperatures and the temperatures of the warmer rocks above and below them, the differences rarely exceed two degrees, and usually they are much smaller. Whether this state of things is a natural one,—or whether—in fact—it may have been brought about by the shafts, *levels*, and other openings in which it has been observed,—is beyond the scope of this enquiry.

W. J. HENWOOD.

8, CLARENCE PLACE, PENZANCE, 1870, FEBRUARY 8RD.

On the changes of temperature which take place—at the same, and at different, times,—on the surface and at depths of three, six, and nine feet in the Canga, at Agoa Quente in Brazil

The following observations were made with a view to ascertaining the rate at which solar heat penetrates the earth.

The high granitic ridge of the Caraça,* situate in Long. 43° 10′ W., Lat 19° 50′ S., is, on the W.S.W.—separated by a deep and narrow glen from a parallel, but less elevated, range consisting of talco-micaceous slate,† and schistose iron-glance interlaminated with quartz (Itabirite‡), in which—at least—one conformable bed of auriferous (Jacotinga§) manganese, iron-glance, and talc has been extensively wrought. Considerable portions of the talco-micaceous slate, as well as of the Itabirite and Jacotinga, are overlaid by (Canga ||) breccia, containing sub-angular masses of the selfsame rocks and of quartz, usually cemented by compact brown iron-ore, but sometimes imbedded in

^{*} Ante, pp. 174-6.

[†] Ibid, pp. 176, 230,

[;] Ibid, pp. 214,-21,-44,-8,-98.

i Ibid, pp. 178, 214,-16,-19,-23,-7,-36,-46,-61,-86, 303, 729.

[#] Bid, pp. 216,—17,—36,—45,—99, 319,—24.

[&]quot;The ground rang under the hoof as if iron-plated; * * * . The appearance of the mineral reminded me of the laterite in Malabar and Western India, but here it is the richest humatite."

reddle. Particles of gold * and nests of native copper * occur in the Canga, but too rarely to need further remark.

Some four hundred fathoms N.W. of, and perhaps sixty fathoms above, the works at Agoa Quente,†—that is to say about three thousand six hundred feet above the sea—the surface is partially clothed with a stunted coppice of (Lychnophora) Candeia;‡ and at this spot holes §—of two inches in diameter and respectively of three, six, and nine feet in depth—were sunk in the Canga.

Thermometers—adjusted to the Standard of the British Association, by Pastorelli of London—were placed at the bottoms of the holes; which were then carefully closed with long wooden plugs wrapped in

[·] Ante, p. 236.

[†] Ibid, pp. 224-42, 729-31.

^{2 &}quot; Sur plusieurs pentes couvertes de pierres, je trouvai en grande abondance une espèce à petites feuilles du genre Lychnophora Mart. (Vulg. candois), geare qui, dans les montagnes, caractérise les côtes pierreuses."—SAINT HILAIRE, Voyage dans le district des Diamans et sur le litter al du Brésil, L. p. 81.

Gardner. Travels in the interior of Brasil, p. 478.

^{§ &}quot;Mes observations sont comprises entre le 11º degré de latitude boréale et le 6º dégre de latitude australe. • • J'ai toujours observé dans un endroit abrité, un res-de chaussée, une cabane d'Indien, un simple hangar. • • • Dans le village de Zupia, mon thermomètre était placé au res-de-chausée, dans un trou de 8 pouces pratiqué dans le, sol; ce trou avait un demi-pouce de diamètre. Le maison était couverte de fuilles de palmier. • • Lorsque le thermomètre était en expérience, on bouchait l'orifice du trou avec un morceau de carton sur lequel on appliquait une grosse pierre.

[&]quot;La température meyenne du village de Zupia avait été fixée à 21°.5 C. (70°.7 F.) par de nombreuses séries d'observations thermométriques faites en 1825, 1826 et 1829. Zupia ést élevé au-dessus de la mere de 1,225 mètres (4,019 feet).

[&]quot; Je rapporterai maintenant la march du thermomètre au-dessous du-sol, telle que je l'ai observée dans différentes localités,—

cloth; and—except for a minute or two at each read-

Zupia.	l Dans l'air.
o pound abus unite.	Dans rail.
0°4 0 0°6 P	21°7 C 71° F.
1	
1	22·2 72· 23·8 74·8
	22.8 73.
1	20 68.
1	23.3 . 74.
1	22.2 72.
	23.8 74.
	23.5 74.3
	22.5 72.5
	20-5 68-9
	21.1 70.
	20-6 69-1
	22-6 72-7
	23.9 75.
	22.8 . 73
	24.4 75.9
. 1	1
	23°4 C 74°1 F.
21.6 70.7	22.3 72.1
21.5 70.7	21.7 71.
21.5 70.7	22.2 72
21-5 70-7	21-1 70-
21.5 70.7	21.7 71.
	22.8 78.
	22.2 72.
	22·2 72·
21.5 70-7	21.1 70-
21.6 70-7	21.7 71.
21.5 70-7	22·2 72·
21-6 70-9	
1	
21.5 70.7	
21-6 70-9	1
	21.4 C 70.6 F. 21.4 70.5 21.5 70.7 21.5 70.7 21.6 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.4 70.6 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.3 70.8 21.5 70.7 21.6 70.7

ing of the instruments—they were never reopened.

"Pendant les mois de septembre, octobre et novembre, le thermomètre a toujours indiqué 21°.5 C. (70°.7 F.)

Marmato.

"Le thermomètre a été placé à 1 pied dans la sol, dans une salle basse de la maison du surintendant des mines. La température moyenne de cette maison déduite d'une année d'observations est de 20°.5 C. (68°.9 F.). Elle est élevée au-dessus de l'Océan de 1,426 mètres (4,679 feet).

	. [7					
1830. Septembre le 9 à 11 h.	m	20°5 C.	68°9 P.			
1	******************	20-5	68.9			
3	•••••		68-9			
le 10 à 8 h.	m	20.3	68.5			
11	•••••••		68.5			
1	••••••		68.7			
2	•••••	20.5	68-9			
. 8		20.5	68-9			

Anserma Nuevo.

"Le thermomètre placé à 1 pied de profondeur dans le sol d'un res-de-chausée.

		Thermomètre sous terres.
1830. Décembre le 16 à 8 h.m. le 19 8 le 22 9 le 22 11 9 h.s.	23°8 C 74°8 P.	
le 19 8	********************	23.7 74-6
le 22 9	***************************************	23.7 74.6
le 22 11		23.7 74.6
9 h.s.		23.6 74.5
10	•• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	23.6 74.5

[&]quot;Pendant les mois de janvier et sévrier 1831, le thermomètre a toujours indiqué de 23°·6 à 23°·7 C. (74°·6—74°·6 F.).

Puracé

"Dans la Troja del Cura, élevée de 2,651 mètres (8,698 feet) au-dessus de la mer, le thermomètre a été placé dans le sol à 1 pied de profondeur.

			Thermom	Thermomètre sous terre		
1831 Avril le 17 (11 h.m.		. 18°1 C.	58-6 P.		
	midi.		. 13-1	55-6		
	2		. 18.1	55-6		
	4 h.s.		. 13.1	55-6		
le 18	8 h. m.	•••••	. 18-1	65-6		
	9		. 13.1	56.6		

[&]quot;Des observations faites par Caldas, dans voisinage d'Anserma, donnent à cette partie de la vallée du Cauca,"—élevée de 1,050 mètres—(3,545 feet) " une température moyenne de 23°·8 C. (74°·8 F.).

The temperatures observed at 6 A.M., noon, and 6 P.M., from the 22nd of May to the 13th of July 1849, in each of three holes; * and at 3, 6, and 9

Quito.

[&]quot;Pendant mon séjour à Quito, j'engage ai M. Salaza à suivre la marche de sea thermomètre mis à 1 pied au-dessous de la surface du sol. Les observations farent faites dans une salle Casse.

Mate) Deter	Thermomètre.									
1281. Suscendere	ļ_	-471	h, m.	A 11	h. m.	1 49	h.s.	1 44	1 4 b. s.		
	26	16.6C.	59-9 F.	1 <i>8</i> ·5 C.	59.9 F.	1 <i>5</i> °5 €.	59.9 F.	16°6C.	<i>5</i> 9.9 F .		
	27	15.2	59-9	15.5	59 ·9	15.3	59-5	15.5	59-9		
	28	15.3	59-5	15.2	59 ·9	15.5	<i>5</i> 9-9	15.5	59 ·9		
	29	15.5	59 -9	15.2	59-9	15.2	59-9	15.5	59-9		
	30	15.5	59 · 9	15.2	59 ·9	15.2	59-9	15.5	<i>59</i> -9		
Octobre	1	15.3	69 ·5	15.2	59-9	15.2	<i>5</i> 9·9	15.5	59-9		
	2	15.6	69·9	15.5	59-9	15.5	59 -9	15· 5	56-9		
	3	15.4	59.7	15.2	69-9	15.4	59.7	15.5	59-9		
	4	15.5	59-9	15.5	59-9	15.2	59-9	15.5	59-9		
	5	15.5	59-9	15.4	59 ·7	15.2	59-9	15.5	59-9		
	6	15.5	59-9	15.5	59-9	15.5	59-9	15.5	59-9		
	7	15.4	59-7	15· 5	59-9	15.2	59-9	15.5	59-9		

[&]quot;Les observations que je viens de rapporter éstablissent, ce me semble, d'une menière certaine, que la température moyenne d'un lieu abrité situé entre les trapiques, est donnée par la température du sol prise à 1 pied de profondeur."

[&]quot;La température moyenne de Quito,—élevée de 2,914 mètres (9,560 feet) a été fixée par deux observateurs, MM. les colonels Hall et Salaza; leurs obpervations donnent une température moyenne de 15°.55 C. (60° F.).

Bounesmoault, Annales de Chimie et de Physique, LIII. pp. 228-35.

[&]quot;La temperature de Rio-Janeiro a été evaluée, par M. B. Chevalier (Voyage & la corestie : la Bonite, : p. 18), à 24°·2 C. (75°5 F.) d'apprès des observations hites à 1 pied de la surface du sol et à la profondeur de 3 mètres (9·8 feet), dans un puita."—D'ARCHIAC, Histoire des progrès de la Géologie, 1. p. 88.

^{*}Trevandrum is situate in Long. 5° 7′ 59″ E., Lat. 8° 30′ 32″ N.; the Observatory hill, which exposes a grassy surface, rises to about 200 feet above the sea, is composed of the stone called *Laterite*, and in this thermometers were placed at the respective depths of 3, 6, and 12 French feet (3·2, 6·4, and 12·8 feet English Strangre).

772 W. J. Henwood, on Temperatures at the

A.M., noon, 3, 6, and 8 P.M., and midnight, from the 1st of January to the 13th of July, at the surface, are compared in *Table XXXVII*.; whilst the highest, lowest, and mean temperatures during intervals of ten days each, in the same periods as shown in *Pl. VI*. and in the following columns.

The following columns contain the monthly means of observations made daily (except on Sundays) at 6 A.M., noon, 6 P.M., and midnight, as well on each of these thermometers as on others at the surface, from the 1st of May 1842, to the 31st of December, 1845.

Months,	Burface.	8 French, 8°9 English, feet.	6 French, 6-4 English, feet.	12 French, 12-8 English feet.
January	78 [°] 930	84 [°] .954	86 [.] 618	8 <i>6</i> °-528
February	80.386	86-838	86-625	85.784
March	82.730	88.789	88-110	86-373
April	83-370	89-614	88-527 =	86-916
May	81-603	88-413	88-224 ₺	_
June	79-028	85.012	86.883	86-878 ₽
July	78-450	83-250	85·144	86.637
August	78-990	83-566	84.736	85.894
September .	79-978	84.575	85.133	85-638
October	79-076	84.722	85.632	85.680
November .	79-750	84-622	85-271	85-651
December .	78-030	84-228	85-303	85-607
Means	80-025	85.715	86-264	86-043

The following conclusions are plainly discernible; -

The temperature of the ground at Trevandrum is from 5° to 6° higher than that of the air;—the principal maximum temperature of the eer occurs about the beginning of April, and the extreme range is passed through in three months, the principal minimum occurring about the middle of July, the remaining flactuations indicate a slight maximum about the middle of October The epochs of temperature are retarded with the depth below the surface, and, at the same time, the ranges diminish and casual fluctuations disappear.

CALDROOTT, Edin. Phil. Trans., XVI. pp. 879-93.

he 缺

	•	•					-	•						
					Te	mper	ature	e obe	erved	at				
		۔. ا	surf	.	depthe of									
	Periods.	. 1	ا ا	i I	1h	ree fe	et.		ix for	rt.	ni	ine feet.		
		High	Lower	e e	ij	l 🖠	۔ ا	į	1 1	ي ا	¥	1	ن ا	
		Ħ	3	ž	4	Lower	1	Š	Lower	1		Lower	K es	
_	1849.										<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
1	1020. L 1 — 10	83.	RE-	72.3	ł			1		l				
-	$1 - 10 \dots$			78-7								1		
•	, 21 — 30			78-5					İ	ł		l	1	
٠	, 31 — 30 , 31 — Feb. 9.		ı	70-4						Ì				
Pal	. 10 — 19	81.2	1	69-	1					İ		1	l	
	20 — Mar. 1.		1	78.		l						1		
Ma	-	80-5		1		ĺ								
	13 — 21									İ				
•	32-31												1	
# 		80-		71.1						ł			Ì	
	11-20			68-4									j	
~	$\frac{11-20}{21-80}$									1				
Ma				69-3									1	
	1 - 10 $11 - 20$												1	
••	21 — 30	71.0	40.	21.5	78.7	72-1	72.8	71.6	70-8	71.8	73.0	71.1	71.4	
~	31 — 30 31 — June 9.	13-1	10.	61.9	72.3	71.4	71.0	71·8	71.0	71.4	71.0	71.0	71.5	
•	10 — 19	79.4	49.	50-2	72.5	71.7	72.1	71.9	70.0	71.1	71.0	71.	71.1	
		70-0	10	62-1	72	71-1	71.6	71.9	70.0	71.		70-8	1 -	
*	30 — July 9.	10.2	40.	67.7	71-0	71.1	71.6							
W T1	y 10 — 13	01.0	40.	57.0	71.2	71.2	71.3	••	••	••			70-9	
JU	y 10 — 13	00.	10.	01.0	/10		,,,	••	••	••	100	101	70-8	
_			\vdash	_								_	┢─╴	
1	a Extremes	84.8			73.7			71.6			71.8			
1	8	••	42.	••	••	71.1		••	70-6		•••	71.		
	Means	:	نا	67.8	:	···	72-1	:	:-	71-2	\vdash	<u></u>	71.3	
anuary let to	Ranges	42	8		2	6		ľ	ŀ		Ó	-8		
7				\vdash				_			\vdash	_	<u> </u>	
3	A Extremes	84.8	42.	••	73.7	71-1	••	••	••		71.8	70-7		
5	Means			66.3	''		71·9		l	"	l	'''	71.1	
	3	<u>.</u>		00.0	<u> </u> ::	بنه	[```]		• ••	"	<u> </u> ;	:::	۱٬۰۰	
	"Ranges	42	8		2	6			•	1	1	·1	I	

At Brussels the temperatures hereafter mentioned are the means of ob-

774 W. J. Henwood, on Temperatures at the

From the 22nd of May to the 13th of July 1849, therefore, the extremes, the means, and the ranges of temperature were;—

servations at different depths on opposite sides of the Observatory; from 1834 to 1839.													
O 1039. SOUTH OF THE OMERVATORY.— UNSHADRD.							Non	TE O	8 H.	ADBD.	BYAT		
				Dopthi	٠		1			Dep	.		_
Months.	Surface, Noon.	0·15 Métre (0·49 foot). 8 years.	0-40 Metre (1-31 foot). 1-95 year.	0-60 Mètre (1-96 foot). 4 years.	0.90 Mètre (9.08 feet). 4 years.	1 Metre (3-98 feet). 8 years.	Surface. 6 years.	0·19 Mêtre (0·58 foot). 6 years.	0.45 Mètre (1.47 foot). 6 years.	0-75 Métre (9-46 feet). 6 years.	1 Mêtre (3-28 fost). 6 years.	8-9 Métres (18-8 feet). 6 years.	7:8 Mötras (96:6 feet). 5 years.
Jan	36 ·7	34·	34·2	3 7 ·1	38·2	38.5	37·	38.9	40 ∙6	42 ·1	44·3	58·4	54·5 .
Feb	39-	34 ·6	34.3	36.8	37.8	39-	38·7	38·7	30.8	41.	43.7	51.6	54·
March	45 ·5	39-3	40-2	39-7	39-9	40-6	41.5	40-9	41.5	42.2	44.	50-2	53-4
April	51.3	42 ·6	43-9	48-1	42-9	42.8	44.6	43-1	43.8	43.6	45.	49-6	52 ·8
May	65.7	53-4	54 ·6	51.3	50-2	49-5	58-5	50-4	50·	49-3	49-5	49-8	52-2
June	72-4	60 -8	60-6	60-2	58-4	58-4	62·	58 ·3	57-4	56·	55·7	50-9	51.9
July	74.	63-1	66-3	64-6	63-2	64.8	64.8	60 -8	60-5	59 ·7	59-5	53-4	52 -1
August	71-4	60-3	67-	68-4	6 2 ·3	64.9	63·1	60-3	60-5	60-5	60-9	55-6	52-6
Sept	62.	<i>5</i> 7∙8	58 ·6	59∙	58-9	59-9	58·1	56-4	57 ∙5	58·	69 ·1	57 ·1	5 3 ·3
Oct	55-1	52 ·6	53-6	54.3	54.9	55· 4	51.8	51.9	63·6	54 ·8	56 ∙4	57.6	54.
Nov	44.	44.6	48-7	46.	47-2	46.8	42.7	44.5	46-4	48.4	50-7	57.	54-5
Dec	39-4	39-9	40.	42.	42.7	44-4	38-9	41.6	48-1	45.	47-8	65 ∙4	5 6-
Means	54.7	48-6	49-8	49.8	49-7	50-4	49-7	48.8	49-5	50-	<i>5</i> 1·3	53 ·5	58.3

The following columns show the times of lowest, highest, and mean temperature;—at the surface and at various depths;—under both southern and northern aspects;—

Phose of observation.	Extremes.	Means.	Ranges.
Surface	43. —73.4	59·1	30°.4
Three feet deep	71.1—73.7	72.1	2.6
8ix ,, ,,	70.6—71.6	71.2	1.
Nine ,, ,,	71. —71.8	71.2	0.8

SOUTHERN ASPROT.— Unseaded.									Notrheen aspect.— Shaded,										
Depth.		Lovest,		Spring meen.		Highest.		Autumnal mean.		Lowest.		Spring mean.		Highest,		Autumnal moan.			
- Serbe	•		•••	Jan.	13	Apr.	.25	July	9	Oct.	20	Jan.	17	May	3	July	18	Oct.	21
		Post,			•				_					ľ					
+15	••	0-49	• •	,,	14	May	2	,,,	9	,, ;	30			ł					
+19	••	0-58	••	١		۱.,	,	٠	_			,,	29	١,,	9	۱,,	24	 	26
		1-31		Peb.	. 8	۱		Aug.	. 2					1					
+45		1-47		١		۱.,		l		١		Feb.	5	,,	18	,,	30	Nov.	4
140		1-96		Jan.	30		9	July	23	Nov.	. 2	•							
		2-16				۱".,		١		۱		l	17	۱,,	18	Aug	. 6	١,,	8
1-80		2-62			30	,,	12		25	۱	8	1		Ι"				"	
1.		3-28		"	25	l		1		ı	a	1	27		24		9		13
_				l "	20	"	19	Aug	. 0] "	•	"		١		1 "		1 "	
3-9	٠.	12.8		١		Ι.,		l		١	,	Apr.	20	July	17	Oct	. 14	Jan.	10

Between the times at which the lowest, highest, and mean, temperatures, aspectively, occur at the surface and at different depths, the hereafter mentioned periods, therefore, intervene:—

bertsee	•••••	•			1 1				
Misro.	Post.	۔ ا	t						
+15	0-49	1 day	7 days	••	10 days				
							6 days	6 days	5 days
	1.31								
+45	1-47					7 ,,	4 ,,	6 "	9 ,,
···	1-96				3 ,,		,	1	Ì
975	246		••		·	12.,	5 ,,	6 ,,	4 ,,
100	. 2-62	••	10 ,,				l .	•	1
ı	3-28		7 ,,4	4 ,,	2 ,,4	10 "	6 "	3 ,, 66 ,,	5 ,,
>•	12-8		١			52	68 "	66 ,,	58 ,,
		I		•	I 1			I	1

QUETELET, Memoires de l'Académie Royale de Bruzelles, x. pp. 3-80, xxx. pp. 3-52. (Abridged.)

776 W. J. HENWOOD, on Temperatures at the

From the 22nd of May to the 13th of July, however, the extremes, means, and ranges were;—

At Greenwich observations have been made daily, for many years, on thermometers—at the surface and at depths of 1 inch, 3·2, 6·4, 12·8, and 26·6 English (3·, 6·, 12·), and 24· French) feet. "The soil [is composed] of beds of sand; of fiint-gravel with a large proportion of sand; and of fiints with a small proportion of sand, cemented almost to the consistency of pudding-stone. • • • [Those parts of the tubes which project above the surface] are protected by a wooden case or box fixed to the ground; the sides of the box are perforated with numerous holes, and it has a double roof. In the North face of this bex is a large plate of glass through which the thermometers are read." The extremes and means observed during the years 1865, 1866, and 1867 have been;—

nd means obse	rved	during	the y	ears l	865,	1866,	, and	1867	have	peca	;-	
•	Jan.	Peb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
			4	t the	surf	10e.						
Highest	53·6	55.2	67·8	75·8	81·6	88.9	84.5	84.7	82·7	78·2	63·	64·3
Lowest	20-		33-1									
Mean	40-5	44.1	43·	57.8	61-9	69-1	69-8	68-2	67-	57-6	47-7	43-1
			At a	depti	of a	me in	ch.					-
Highest	50-2	50.7	<i>5</i> 0·1	59-4	65.	69.5	77-1	70-6	70-5	63-2	66.8	51-9
Lowest	1 1	81.2										
Mean	40-2	42-7						62-8	61.7	54.2	16-6	43-3
At a depth of 3.2 feet.												
Highest	1											
Lowest	39-1	39-4	39-1	40-5	48.6	53∙6	59-4	59-	57·	52-2	45-6	12-3
Mean	42-6	42.8	41.4	47.	52-1	58∙1	61.2	61-1	60-8	55-9	49-7	15-8
				-	•	6·4 <i>fe</i>						
Highest	49-8	47.83	47-23	149-2	68.2	57-6	60-1	60-2	61.4	68.3	55-6	52
Lowest												
Mean	46.7	46.73	45-44	47.2	60.7	54.8	58-4	59.3	59.7	56.5	53-3	19-7
			At a	depti	of 1	12·8 <i>f</i>	ool.					
Highest	61.6	49-7	48.6									
Lowest											68-1	
Mean	49-7	47-9						55-1	66-1	56-1	64-5	62-2
						25·6 <i>j</i>						
Highest	₽3 -6	52.	51.8									
Lowest	61.	50-2									52 -5	
Mean	52 ·	51.2	50-4	49.7	48-9	49-6	60-1	60·6	51.5	62-2	52.7	5 2-6
				_								

a Two years only.

Place of observation.	Extremes.	Means.	Ranges.
Surface	43· —73·4	60°1	30°·4
Three feet deep		71.9	2.6
Nine " "		71:1	1.1

The intervals between the times of highest and of lowest temperatures at the surface and at different depths, are shown in the foregoing columns.

The highest, lowest, and mean temperatures, as well as the ranges at the surface and at various depths, were—

i	Highest,	Lowest.	Means.	Ranges.
Surface	84.7	20-	<i>55</i> °∙8	64°7
l inch in depth .	77-1	29-	52·2	48.1
32 feet	64.4	39-1	<i>5</i> 1·6	25.3
H	61.4	44.2	52-4	17-2
126	57· 2	44.8	51· 4	12.4
25-6	52-9	48.	50-9	4.9

Magnetical and Meteorological Observations at the Royal Observatory, Greenwich, 1865, pp. xLIII.—III., OCLXXXIII.—VII.; 1866, pp. XLIII.—IV., CXCII.—VI.; 1867, pp. XLIV.—V., COLXIII.—VII.

At and near Edinburgh observations were continued from 1837 to 1842 at capths of 3-2, 6-4, 12-8, and 25-6 (English) feet;—

en the Calton Hill, in porphyritic trap, at 350 feet above the sea; in the Experimental Garden, ,, sand ,,, 70 ,, ,, ; & at Craigleith, ,, sandstone ,,, 150 ,, ,, ;

with the undermentioned results ;-

!	HIII.	Hill. Expe			tal Ga	rden.	Craigleith.					
Depth.	Hgbeet	Louse	Keat	Rasges.	Hgbost.	Lousel	Moans.	Ranges.	Highest.	Lowet	Means.	Ranges.
22 feet							l		t e	1		1
128 " 266 "			46·8 46·8				46·7 47·1					10-4 4-7

" , 12·8 " , 46·3
" , 25·6 ", , 46·7
" , 25·6 ", , 46·7

FORMS, Edin. Phil. Trans., xv1. pp. 194, 204, -7; Proceedings of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, 1. pp. 223, 344.

778 W. J. HENWOOD, on Temperatures at the

The depths at which the observations were made;—the mean temperature of each spot at the commencement of the series (on the 22nd of May, 1849);—and the nearest periods at which these were, respectively, the means of the climate; are shown in the following columns:—

Depth.	1849, 22nd May. Mean temperature,	Nearest prec which the climate appr closely to the under	Interval,	
2 . P	underground.	Date.	Mean temp., surface.	days.
Three feet	7 3·3	Mar. 3	74°3	80•
Six " *	71.4	Apr. 6	72.7	46.
Nine "	71.6	Apr. 6	72.7	46·

At Upsal thermometers sunk 1.07 foot, 2.14 and 3.20 feet in the ground, and observed daily at six in the morning, two in the afternoon, and nine at night, showed temperatures of which the monthly means are set forth in the following columns:—

	Times.	1.07 foot,	9·14 feet.	3-30 feet.	
1833.	July	60°54	5 9∙	56.96	
	Aug.	55.61	55.45	55.18	
	Sept.	58.92	53.61	58-47	
	Oct.	48-14	48.34	49-26	
	Nov.	39.	40.31	42.20	
	Dec.	88.45	35.18	37.	
1834.	Jan.	29.28	31.24	32.72	
••••	Feb.	31.31	31.96	3243	
	March	32.63	33-13	83 44	
	April	38-04	37.48	36-93	
	May	48.02	46.56	45-10	
	June	56-67	54·50	62-32	
Means		43.88	43.89	43-92	

RUDBERG, Ann. der Chem. und Physik de Poggendorff, XXXIII. Memoires de l'Académie Royale de Bruxelles, X. p. 36. Edin. New Phil. Journal, XXIII., p. 345

At Trevandrum the mean annual temperature was higher at six, than at either three or twelve, feet.—CALDEGOTT, Edin. Phil. Trans., xvl. p. 392.

The proportion of solar heat absorbed by the ground must, of course, depend, in some measure, on the nature of the surface.*

The following columns set forth the means of observations, at the surface, as well as at depths of three,

"Temperature of the air and of different kinds of soil, Alverton, near Truro.

Date.	Air, Mean temp.	Clay. Mean temp.	Siliceous Sand. Mean temp.	Peat. Mean temp.	Garden Loam. Mean temp.	Grass. Mean temp.
1852. Sept	57°7	66°6	60°	57°6	59°6	60°1
Oct.	51·1	<i>5</i> 0·1 ·	50.	51.6	51.1	54-2
Nov	50-9	46-1	49-1	50-2	50-2	52-2
Dec	49.3	46.7	46.2	47.8	48.1	49.6
1863. Jan	44-9	42-1	42-1	43.7	43.2	46.7
Feb	37-	36.	34.6	37.4	36-8	40.8
March	44-4	41-1	40-4	42-2	41.3	45.2
April	50-5	49-9	50.	<i>5</i> 0·8	50.8	53 ·
May	53·4 ≠	67-1	57.2	57·7	58-3	60-1
June	57 -6	64.	63-9	63.5	65-1	67:3
July	60.6	63-1	63.	68-8	64.8	67-2
Aug	60-5	62.	62.5	62-8	63-9	68-1
Annual Means	61.6	51-2	51.6	52-4	52.7	55-4

WHITLEY, Bath and West of England Agricultural Journal, III. pp. 12-15. (Abridged.)

The observations from which the following table has been deduced were made at Alverton, near Truro, in 1852—3. * * * Four pits, about two feet deep and two feet wide, were dug in good healthy garden loam. [The first] was filled with yellow clay from the clay-slate; [the second] with pure white sand, from the sand-bed at St. Agnes Beacon; [the third] with peat, almost pure vegetable matter, well worked before put into the pit; [the fourth] with garden loam. The bulb of the thermometers was placed 4 inches below the surface in the centre of math pit, and another thermometer was placed in the same manner under the short grass of the lawn. Each variety of soil was thus subject to the same drainage below and to the same influences above. The readings of the thermometers were made in the morning when the temperature of the soil was lowest, and again in the evening when it was highest * * *

^{1852.}

780 On Temperatures at small depths in Brazil.

six, and nine feet; at 6 A.M., noon, and 6 P.M., during the same period; —

	6 A.M.				Noon.			6 P.M.					
Place of observation.	May.	Jane,	Jaly.	Means.	May.	June.	Jaly.	Means.	May.	Jeme.	July.	Monne,	General Beeral
Surface	67 [*] 8	56 ⁸	51.9	55°5	6 6°.5	60°3	64 [:] 7	62 [°] .5	63:	63.2	81°5	62.6	60-2
3 feet deep	72-7	72.7	71.6	72.3	72.7	71-9	71.4	72-0	72-6	71.8	71.4	72-	72-1
6 " "	71 2	71-2	_	71.2	71.2	71-1	_	71-2	71.2	71.	 -	71-1	71.3
9 " "	71.8	71-4	70-8	71-2	71-4	71.2	70-8	71-1	71-4	71-1	70-7	71-1	71-1
Means, at 3, 6, } and 0 feet deep }	71.7	71.7	71-1	71.5	71.7	71.4	71-1	71.4	71.7	71.8	71.	71-4	71-6

It would seem, therefore, that at depths of three, six, and nine feet respectively, the mean temperatures slowly declined, both from May to July, and from morning to evening.† These observations, however, extend to neither of the annual extremes.

W. J. HENWOOD.

8, CLARENCE PLACE, PENZANCE. 1870, March 80th.

[†] At Trevandrum observations—at intervals of six hours—from the 1st of May 1842 to the 31st of December 1845, afforded the undermentioned results.

Depths,	Hours of observation.					
Dopus,	6 A.M.	Noon.	6 P.M.	Midnight.	Means.	
3 feet	82 [°] .50	82 [°] .66	82 [°] .5 5	82 [°] .50	82 [.] 55	
6 ,,	83.79	83-98	83.88	83-82	83-87	
12 "	83-90	83-99	83-95	88-90	83.93	
Means	. 83-46	83-54	83:46	88-41	88-45	

CALDBOOTT, Bulletins de l'Académie Royale de Bruvelles, IX. Partie I. pp. 303
—10; Proceedings of the Royal Society of Edinburgh, 1. pp. 432—3;
Edinburgh Phil. Trans., XVI. p. 391. (Abridged.)

Such observations only as were made simultaneously at the several stations, have been used in deducing these averages.

EXPLANATION OF THE PLATES.

Copies of Working-plans and Sections of mines are marked with

In the Plans lodes are represented by single, and cross-veins by double, lines.

In Longitudinal Sections the darkest shades indicate the portions which have been removed.

CHILI.

Plate I.

Plan of the Mining District of Chaffarcillo.

Plate II.

Longitudinal section of the Colorada lode, Chanarcillo.†

BRAZIL.

Plate III.

hinds-eye view of the gold-formation at different depths in Morro Velho.*

Plate IV.

Fig. 14. Plan of Gongo Soco.

- " 2°. Longitudinal section of the Gongo gold-formation.
- , 8. Cumba
- " 4. Transverse section of the strata.

CORNWALL.

Plate V.

Fig. 1. Plan of West Caradon.

- 24. " South Caradon.
- n 84. ., Wheal Trelawny.
- , 🔩 , Wheal Mary Ann.

[†]Drawn from survey by Edwin Price Waring, Esq., Superintendent of Colorada.

; , Captain John Luke of Gongo Soco.

Plate VI.

Projections of temperatures observed, at the surface and at depths of three, six, and nine feet, within the tropics.

WOODCUTS.

			WOODOOTS.
		NOR	TH-WESTERN INDIA.
Fig.	1.	The Danda mine;	Section. Beds of metalliferous quartz; in talcose and chloritic slates.
"	2.	" Dhunpoore ";	" . Jointed structure common to limestone and slate.s
"	8.	" " ;	View of the joints, and of the (bunches) masses of copper-ore which occur at their intersection.
"	4.	,, ,, ,,;	Plan ,, ,,
"	5.		" beds of iron-ore, in quartzoec-talc and in clay-slates.
			CHILI.
"	6.	" Chaffarcillo;	Plan. Jointed structure of the first lime- stone.
"	7.	,, n ;	Transverse Section. Colorada, Waring, Descubridora, and Candelaria lodes; Manto de Ossa; first limestone.
,,	8.	,, , ,	Plan. Dykes of felspathic and horn- blendic rocks, intersected by the Colorada and Candelaria lodes.
"	9.	n n 5	" . Meridional positions of (bunches)

- ,, 9. ,, , , , Meridional positions of *(bunches)* masses of ore in different *lodes*.
- ,, 10. Quebrada Seca. Transverse Section of the hornblendic, quartz, and felspathic rocks, and of the metalliferous beds and veins.
- " 11. San Jose; Plan. Veins of metalliferous quartz.

BRAZIL.

Quartz-rocks and quartzose slates.

- " 12. Catta Branca. Plan (Sketch). Auriferous quartz, in micaceous (and talcose?) slates
- " 13. Catta Preta; Transverse Section. Beds and floors of auriferous quartz in quartz-rocks.

Clay-alate.

- Masses of auriferous quartz, in variously coloured clay-slates.
- 15. Merro Velho; Transverse Section (Sketch). Formation of auriferous iron-pyrites and quartz, in clay-slate.

Jacotinga.

- 16. Pitangui; Transverse Section (Sketch). Bands of auriferous Jacotinga.
- 17. Agoa Queste; Transverse Section (Sketch). Alternating bands of iron-ore and quartz (Itabirite), displaced (heaved) by minute veins of quartz.
- , Horizontal Section (Sketch). Schistose rocks of iron-glance and quartz (Itabirits) interfoliated with auriferous Jacotinga.
- 19. Catta Preta; Transverse Section. Isolated masses of auriferous quartz imbedded in iron-glance, manganese, and talc.
- 20. Cocaës (Alto da Cruz); Longitudinal Section. Layers of tale in iron-glance and quartz.
- 21. Gongo Soco; Horizontal Section. A conformable layer of rich auriferous Jacotinga interlying a (horse) mass of iron-glance and quartz (Itabirite), surrounded by Jacotinga thinly sprinkled with particles of gold.
- " 22. " View of flexures in schistose iron-glance interfoliated with quartz (Itabirite).
- , 23. , ; Transverse Section. Contorted layers of talo and auriferous Jacotinga.
- , 25. , ; Longitudinal Section. Alternating layers of iron-glance and slightly auriferous Jacotings displaced (thrown) by thin crossveins of quartz.

UNITED STATES.

- 26. North American Mine. Massive and cellular quartz sprinkled with native copper.

- Fig. 27. South Cliff Misse. Minute grains of native copper and trapin a vein of prehnite traversing trap-rock.
 - ,, 28. Douglas Houghton (Henwood) Mine. Longitudinal Sections of the Works.
 - , 29. , Grooved surface of vein-stone and native copper.

CHANNEL ISLANDS.

- " 80. Sark's Hope Mine. Longitudinal Section of the works.
- " 81. Knockmahon Mine; Stage lode. Longitudinal Section of the works.

CORNWALL.

, 32. Wheal Trelaway. Section of a concretion imbedded in clay-slate.

INDEX.

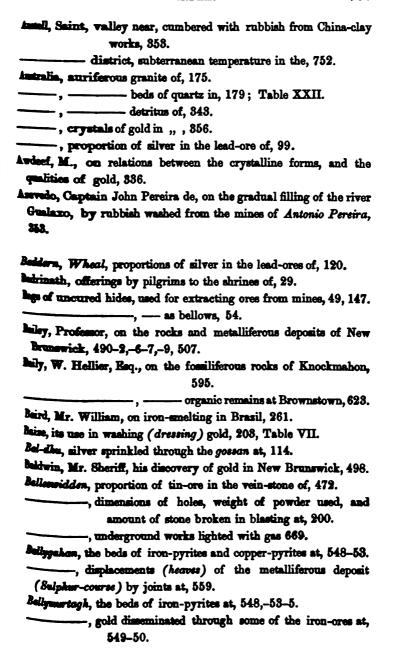
lireham, Wheal, ventilation obta	ined by a fall of water at, 220.	
londennies, Mining, at Chemnitz a	and Freiberg, 691.	
Idens, Wheal, and Ecmouth, pro		
cf. 110.	•	
Add, system of drainage by, in th	ne Himalaya, 50.	
, at Wheal Agar, copper prec		
, in Gwennap, the extent of,		
, commencemen		
quantity of w		
, temperature o		
, analysis of	, , , 586,—8.	
• •	**	
, precipitation copper fr	/ ., .JOU-O.	
—, at Tresavean, "	water of, 588.	
-, at Dolcoath, slight precipita	te of copper from water of, 589.	
490, Wheal, precipitation of cop		
Agnes, Saint, profits afforded by r	-	
, subterranean temper		
Agos Quente, mine of, 224-36.	" , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
, rocks of, 224—7, 72	29.	
•	of, 227—86, 819,—28,—29,—31.	
,	-, proportions of gold \ 230-5,	
	contained in, \$ 826.	
,	-,, at different	
	depths, 831.	
,	, quantities of gold obtained at, 285,	
•	867.	
	_ onelity 99¢	
7	-, quanty ,, , 200.	

Agoa Quente, subterranean temperature at, 729—31,—56.
, climate of, 729; Table XXXI.
, rain at, 780.
, temperatures at depths of three, six, and nine, feet, at
768—80; Ta ble XXXVII.
, growth of fish in warm water at, 355, 781.
Agordo, treatment of inferior copper-ores at, 579.
Agua, Manto de, a calcareous bed impervious to water, at Chafarcillo, 77.
Agur, the rocks, iron-ores, and smelting-works of, 21-2, 57.
Agur, Al, the rocks and copper-ores of, 11.
Air, issue of from joints in the Itabirite, at Gongo Soco, 250.
,
Airy, G. B., Esq., subsidence of rocks, and veins at Dolcoath, 666.
Akysá, sandstones and iron-ores of, 67.
Alabama, auriferous rocks of, 371.
Alderley Edge, ores of copper in sandstone at, 77.
Ale and Cakes, early use of plunger-pole at, 570.
Alfred, Wheal, silver ores obtained at, 112.
, ancient mode of operation, long continued at, 146.
, profits realized at, 445; Table XIV.
Alfred Consolidated Mines, profits realized at, 445; Table XIV.
Algae, growth of in water impregnated with mineral salts, 585,—8
Alger, — Esq. and Dr. C. T. Jackson, copper-ores of the Nova-Scotian coal-measures, 507.
Algonquin mine, rocks and ores of, 479-80.
Alison, R. E., Esq., qualities of Chilian copper-ores, 166-7.
Allen, John, Esq., altitude of Liskeard and its neighbourhood, 748.
, damage to fertile land by water from mines, 353.
, increased value of land consequent on mining operations
in it, 694.
, mining in the Caradon district, 694.
Alloy, nature and proportion of in Brazilian gold, 175-6,-9-80,
205-6,-36-7,-86,-99,311,-
334,-7,-8,-40; Tables VII
IX., X.
, Canadian gold, 384.

INDEX.

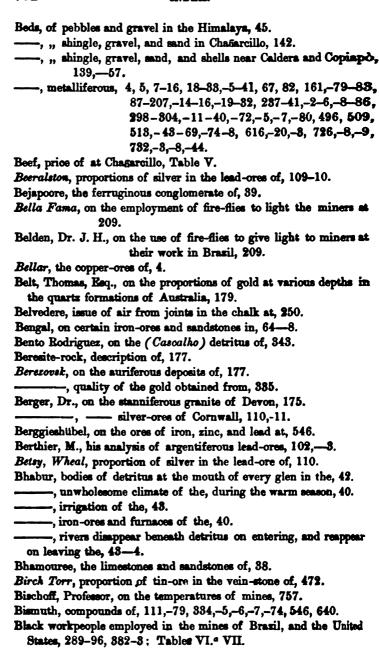
Moy, nature and proportion of in New Granadian	n gold, 360.
_, Siberian gold,	
-, Virginian gold	
—, ——— Welsh gold, 64	
Almora, composition and structure of granite nea	
-, frequency of earthquake-shocks at, 49.	,
Mittudes, temperatures of mines at various, 758;	Tables XXXII.
XXXV., XXXVI.	
Abknunda, auriferous sands of the, 3, 46—7.	
Analgamation, 97, 877; Tables VII., XXII.	
America, North, auriferous rocks of, 371.	
, South, ,, ,168—370.	
Amygdaloidal rocks, south of Lake Superior, 398	422,—3 8.
Analyses, of mineral-waters, 573,—86—8,—90—	•
, ,, rocks, 75,—8, 80, 240,—67, 399, 6	
and assays of different metals and ores,	
197-8, 204-6,-37,-86, 334-5,-8,-58,-78,-4,-	
523,-86,-45-8,-50,-66,-8,-71,-81-92, 680,-9	
Tables VII., XXII.	
Andrada, Senr. Gomes Freire de, his attempts to	preserve the forest
of Brazil, 343.	
Angles, included between lodes and cross-veins, 1	27-9, 225, 527,-
558-60,-98	, 608,–22,–83–85
717; Table	III.
, strata, 406.	
Am, Wheal, silver and silver-ore of, 112.	
Ama, Santa, auriferous deposit of, 214.	
Amermo Nuevo, temperature of, 770.	
Ansted, Professor, on the auriferous series of Vir	ginia, 379—81.
detrital gold of	,, , 384.
,	tracted at the
Buckingham mines,	
geology of Cobre, 441.	
Sark, 530-	
Herm, 736.	
, climate of Guernsey, 7	35.

- Ansted, Professor, on the wells of Herm, 787. Antimony, ores of, 118-19,-21,-79, 384,-74, 526,-35-6,-45,-8, 566, 617, 707. Antiquities, discovered in copper-mines near Lake Superior, 415-19. ——, imbedded in detrital matter, 344—5. Antonia Pereira, disappearance of rivulet beneath rubbish, in the dry season, 858. , ores, metals, mines, and smelting-works at, 213, 308,-59. –, rocks of, 803. - rubbish from mines carried into river Gualaxo during the rains, 303. Ants, damages done by, 350—1. ----, discovery of gold in a nest of, 243. Apire (labourer), the weight of ore extracted by, in Chili, 147. Apjohn, Professor, analyses of lead, sinc, iron, and auriferous ores by, 545-50. Aplin, P. H., Esq., proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of the Saint Ives Consolidated Mines, 472. Arabia, sounds emitted by moving sand in, 154. Archiac, Viscount D', on the temperature of coal-mines in Virginia, 755. Ardtully Mine, rocks and metalliferous deposits of, 615-19, 742; Table XXI. subterranean temperature of, 744. Argall, Mr. William, on the proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of Wheal Vor, 472. -----, profits and losses at 446. Arrastres, quantities of ore-ground, and of gold extracted, by, 203; Table VII. Arsenic, compounds of, 118,-94, 213, 884,-74, 526, 617,-79.
- Ashburner, W., Esq., on the produce and quality of gold, the cost of extracting it, and the loss of mercury during its extraction, in California, Table XXII.
- Ashley, T. D., Esq., on subterranean temperature in the Duckinfeld Colliery, 754—5.



Ballymurtagh, precipitation of copper from mine-water at, 573-8
Bamboo, growth of in water occasionally frozen, 45.
Banat, proportion of silver in auriferous iron-pyrites, of the, 100.
Banka (Banca), the rocks, tin-ore, and gold of, 681.
Bankart, Frederick, Esq., on the copper-ores of, Eardiston, 515.
590.
Bankart, Howard, Esq., on the quality of precipitate from water of
the Gwennap adit, 587.
Baranquilla, on recent sandstone at, 155.
Barley, cost of at Chaffarcillo, Table V.
Barnett, Capt., R.N., on Magnetic declination in Jamaica, 511.
Barooles, the iron-ores of, 33.
Barrel-work, proportion and quality of, in the mines near Lake
Superior, 484.
Barreteros (miners), wages of, in Chili, 151; Table V.
Barrow, comparative cost of work by it, and by tram-way, under-
ground, 144.
Barrul Cajoor, iron-ores and sandstones of, 67.
Barytes, the sulphate of, its modes of occurrence, 518,-46, 707.
Basset, family of, their heir-looms of plate manufactured from the
silver of Dolcoath, 118.
Basset & Grylls, proportion of tin-ore in the veinstone of, 472.
Basset, West Wheal, produce and profits of, 449-50; Table XIV.
Basset, Wheal, silver-ores of, 113.
Batēa, use of in Brazil; Table IX.
, when no longer serviceable, burnt for sake of the gold im-
bedded in fibres of the wood, 641.
Bathurst, on the rocks near, 490-500.
, lignite of, 510.
Batten, J. Hallet, Esq., on the cultivation of the Bhabur (Turace), 40.
, — disappearance of mountain-streams,
beneath gravel in the low-lands, 44.
, his extensive works for irrigating the Upper
Bhabur, 48.
on the iron-mines and miners of Agur. 21.

ha, J. Hallet, Esq., on the iron-mines and miners of Dhunneea
Kote, 34.
26.
, on the ravages of wild beasts in the Hima-
laya, 17.
, —— revenue from mines , 63.
seerman, Hilary, Eq., on the drift of Lake Superior, 485.
, — native copper of , , , 483.
, — native copper of ,, , 400.
produce of copper ,, , 489.
hyb-ld, Capt., R.N., on the conglomerates of Lake Superior, 403.
,sandstones of, , 392.
magnetic declination in New Brunswick 492.
Pana prices of, in Chafarcillo, Table V.
Bearingen mines, cross-course of, 608.
, lodes of the, 603-8, 741; Table XX.
, ——, one of the, inclines at a higher angle
than the cleavage-planes of the rocks, 564, 604
, rocks of the, 602—3, 740.
, the workmen of sometimes cook their food under-
, the workmen of sometimes cook their rood under-
ground, 610.
-, water, quantities of, at different seasons, 609.
, a steam-engine and forges underground, 610.
, subterranean temperature, 742.
desumont, de, M. L. Elie, on the structure of gneiss, 519.
beche, Sir H. T. De la, on the rocks intersected by the Agua Alta 511.
, — elevation of the Caradon district, 696
granite of Brownwilly, 662.
, — granite of Brownwilly, 662. hornblendic rocks of Saint Cleer and
Menheniot, 672.
rocks of Cornwall, 673.
, — rocks N. of Hessenford, 701.
, — serpentine of the Lizard District,
646.
, — silver-ore of Herland, 111.
, — the alleged waste of copper near
•••
Tavistock, 693.
Beckett, Mr. Deputy Collector, on iron-smelting in the Himalaya, 57



Imey, Capt. Thomas, on the auriferous deposit of Agoa Quente, 233.
Gongo Soco,
250,-4,-7,-60,-3,-6,-8,-9,-72,-4.
, on the manufacture of iron in Brazil, 262.
deflection of a lode at Chalanches, 520.
precipitation of copper at Tresavean,
,
Blamey, John, Esq., notice of diamonds discovered at the Corrego de Sio Miguel, 242.
Blas San, produce of, 124; Tables IV. XIV.
Blast, means of obtaining, 54, 219–20, 528.
Masing, extent of at Morro Velho, Table VII.
, dexterity of the Cornish miner in, 151-2.
, quantities of gunpowder used under various circumstances
in, 201.
of ore extracted by, at Morro Velho, Table VII.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Velho, 199-200.
Awier, M., on the argentiferous lead-ores of Aveyron, 104.
Mende, occurrence of, 86, 112, 545-6, 621,-40, 707.
Blight, Mr. J. T., on the occurrence of stream tin-ore in the Caradon district, 695.
Base, Dr. H. S., on concretionary structure, 702.
, ,, the directions of valleys, 718.
, ,, relations between the structure of rocks and lodes, 187.
, ,, curvatures in beds of schistose rocks, 259.
, ,, granite of Caradon, 662,-72.
, ,, hornblendic rocks of Saint Cleer and Menheniot, 662,-72, 702.
, ,, junctions of granite and slate in Cornwall, 667.
Soa Vista (near Ouro Preto), on the topaz formation of, 308.
Bocona, extent and produce of works at, 124; Tables IV. XIV.
Sohemia, proportion of silver in lead-ore of, 101.
Boiling Well, proportions of silver in lead-ores of, 120.
Belaco lode, extent and produce of works on, 124; Tables IV. XIV. Belivia, quality of detrital gold in, 360.

Bonina, Padre, water-wheels fi Brazil, 361.	rst erected by, in the gold-districts
Bonnard, M., on the proportion	of silver in the lead-ore of Bohemia
101.	•
Bonegarh, on the iron-ore of, ?	
Borer, the, differently used in d	
Borgnet, Professor, on the influmental Meuse, 138.	ience of forests on the sources of the
Borlase, Dr. William, on the n	ative-silver of Saint Just, 110.
, a	rgentiferous lead-ores of Cornwall, 118,-19.
	in-mines of Polberrou and Polgooth, 453,-4.
, d	etrital tin-ore of Cornwall, 486.
, on early 691,-	copper-mining in Cornwall, 687-8,
	Vringcheese & Kell-mar'r rocks, 696.
Borriga, on the copper-ores an	
	s, proportion of silver in the lead-ore-
	obtained at Levant, 442; Table XIV.
Boscean, proportion of metal i	n the tin-ore of, 472.
Botallack, extent of submarine	e works at, 599.
, fresh-water below t	he sea-level at, 589.
, eels in the mine-wa	ter at, 717.
, on the granite and	slate of, 659.
, profits made at, 445	
, proportion of tin-o	re in the vein-stone of, 472.
Bournon, M. de, on the pr	oportions of silver in the ores of
Chalanches, 103.	-
Boussingault, M., his analysis	of mine and detrital gold, 360.
, on the mine	
	ished flow of water from springs when
	stripped of wood, 138.
-	ratures within the tropics, 768-71.
Brady, Fort, annual fall of rai	
	ith which they unite, 83, 91, 607;
	riferous deposits of Gongo Soco, 255

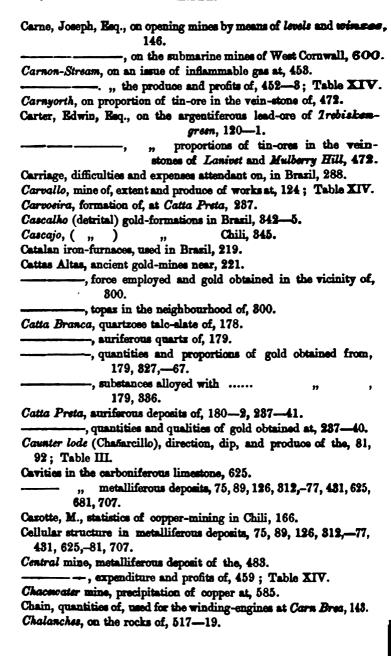
bal (Ninas Gerae	s), elevation of mountains in, 169.
	, the forests of, 170, 296.
	, destruction of, occasioned a scarcity of water, 344.
	, laws for the preservation of, 296, 343-4.
	, manufacture of charcoal in, 219, 226-32.
	—, pastures of, 168–9, 296.
	-, rocks of, 171-3,-6-8,-80,-6, 209-12,-16,
	221,-42-4,-7-50,-97-307.
	—, discovery of gold in, 360.
	—, gold-mines of, 175,-7-84,-7-207,-9-16,
	221-41,-5-7,-9-88,-98-304.
	, people employed by British
	Mining Companies in the, Tables VII. IX.
	—, detrital gold of, 342-59.
	-, proportions of gold obtained from different
	formations, 369.
	—, alloys of gold ,, ,, , , 206, 286, 333—40.
— — — —	, iron smelting-works of, 219,-42,-7,-61.
	-, mining laws of, 361-5.
	, water-wheels first used in the mines of, 361.
	machinery of British manufacture now in use at the mines of, 288.
	—, British capital invested in the mines of,
	246,-89, Tables IX. XIV.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, returns and profits made by British Mining Companies in, 208,-89; Tables VII. IX. XIV.
· 	-, quantities of gold obtained in, 366-9.
	-, duties paid by miners to the government in,
	208,-89, 361-7; Tables VII. IX. XIV.
	-, supercession of mining by agriculture in, 370.
	-, Slavery at Gongo Soco, 289-96.
	, Slaves of native masters, permitted to search
	for gold on their own account
	during holidays, 301.
	-,, children of, educated at Gongo Soco,
	905

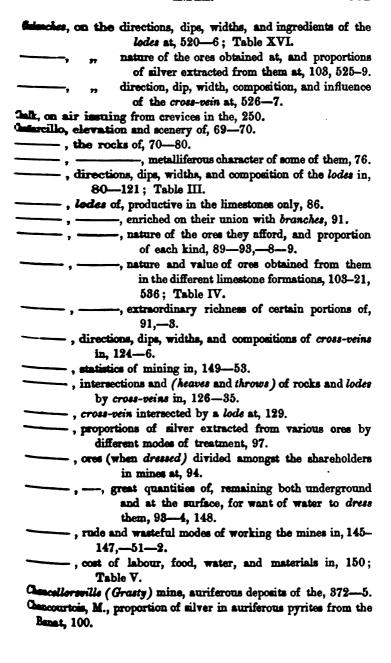
Brazil (Minas Gerais), climate of, 349, 725-9; Tables XXXI.	۲.
, subterranean temperature in, 725-32.	
, temperatures at the surface and at depths of	f
three, six, and nine feet compared, 767	
780; Table XXXVII.	_
Magnetic declination in, 177.	
Bread, cost of in Chafarcillo, Table V.	
Breadalbane, the Marquis of, his discovery of the chromate of iron	
647-9.	•
the sulphuret of mo- lybdenum, 654.	•
Breage, directions of the lodes and valleys in, 718.	
Brecciated structure, in rocks, 30, 65, 712.	
, " lodes, 84, 463, 712.	
Britany, disposition of the cres of silver and lead in the lodes of 587.	,
Bromide of silver, the mode of its occurrence in Chaffarcillo, 90,-2, 100.	,
Brongniart, M. Alex., on the diminished produce of the deeper parts	,
of the lodes at Chalanches, 526.	
Brothers, Wheal, proportions of silver in the ores of, 115.	
Brown, Capt. J. T., on the cost of dividing large masses of native-	
copper, 428.	
, native-copper of Minesota, 476.	
Browne, Markham, Esq., on the auriferous pyrites of Consorres,	
Table XVIII.	
Brownslown, on the limestones and copper-ores of, 622.	
, organic remains obtained from the metalliferous	
deposit of, 625-6.	
Brumado, on the auriferous granite of, 851.	
Brussels, mean temperature of the ground at, 773-5.	
, periods of extreme and of mean temperature at the surface	
and at different depths near, 775.	
Buckingham mine, rocks and auriferous deposits of, 876-9.	
Buckley, W. A., Esq., on the produce and profits of West Wheal	
Basset, 449; Table XIV.	
Budnick Consolidated Mines, proportions of alver in the lead-ores	
of, 120.	
Buller, Wheal, on the produce and profits of, 451; Table XIV.	
Bunches, rich, often surrounded by bodies of inferior vein-stones,	
09 90e	

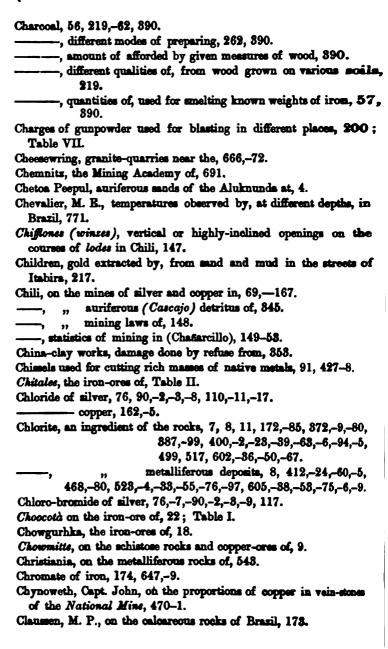
meke, rich, strata in the vicinity of, occasionally metalliferous,
274, 826, 476.
, often occur on confronting portions 123, 264, 326,
of neighbouring deposits 330, 476.
608.
, endlong dip (shoot) of, 122-5, 206-7,-24,-9,-32,-5,
263, 537,–89,–98.
, of the precious metals smaller than the bunches of
less valuable ores, 122.
basa, iron-ores of, 20.
band, ,, , ,22; Table I.
bugoyne, F. M. Sir J. F., on the quantities of gunpowder required
for blasting, 201.
lines, Sir Alex., on the noises emitted by moving sand, 154.
hardgaon, on the iron-ores and smelting-works of, 80, 57; Table II.
Burton, R. F., Esq., on subterranean temperature in Brazil, 726.
buy, Wheal, proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472.
Butler, Capt. T., copper first precipitated by, at Cranbaun, 585.
Cas Mator, early discovery of gold at, 641.
Caethe, on the granite of, 174.
, deficiency of labourers in the neighbourhood of, 868.
Calcareous rocks, 81-7, 70,-1,-7-9, 87, 90, 161,-3,-72-3, 245,-9,
809,-13,-15,-24,-81, 411,-12,-20,-4,-31,-60,
466,-97, 517,-30,-1, 602,-11,-18,-15,-19,
620,-2,-3,-36.
, subterranean temperature in, 725.
, auriferous, 245,-9, 309,-13,-15,-24,-81, 638.
Calcareous spar, 81, 88, 91, 161,-3,-5, 245, 381, 403,-11,-20,-4,
481,-60,-8,-5,-8,-80,-522,-4,-33,-97, 606,-13,
619,-20,-4,-38,-40, 707,-14.
Caldeleugh, Alex., Esq., on the gold of Coquimbo, 167. Brazil, 182,—4.
, ,, ,, Drazii, 102,—4.

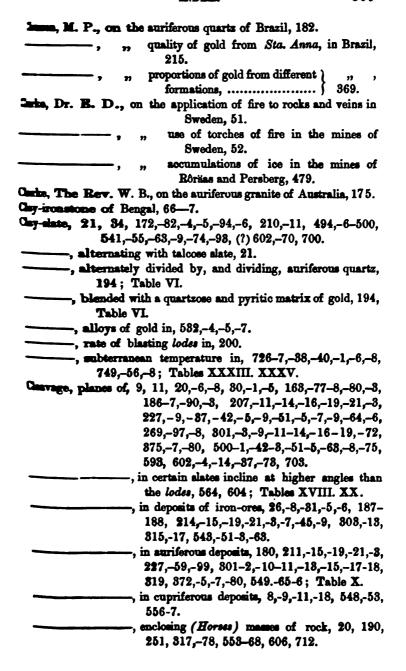
Caldcleugh, Alex., Esq., on the iron-slate of Brazil, 171, 212.
quartz-rocks of Brazil, 171.
, " magnesian limestone of Brazil, 304
topaz and euclase of Brazil, 305.
Caldecott, John, Esq., on the temperatures at various depths, and
different times, at Trevandrum, 778,—80.
Caldera, elevated beds of recent shells near, 155.
- , — contain the same diatoms as the present
sea-beach, 160.
, earthquake at, 157—8.
Callcott, Mrs. (Graham), on the elevation of the Pacific coasts by
earthquakes, 159.
California, gold-deposits of, 339.
, quantities and qualities of gold extracted in, Table XXII.
, cost of extracting gold in, Table XXII.
Calstock, the silver-ores of 114—16.
Camara, Senr. Manoel Ferreira da, on the detrital gold of Brazil
3 43.
Camara, gold formation of, 182, 327.
, proportion of gold in, 247.
, displacements (heaves) of, 183.
Camborne district, subterranean temperature in the, 752.
Canada, auriferous rocks of, 371.
, detrital gold of, 384.
Candelaria lode (Chañarcillo), direction, dip, composition, and pro-
duce of the, 81-3, 90; Table III.
Candonga, the auriferous granite of, 175, 320.
, gold of alloyed with palladium, 175.
———, displacement (heave) of auriferous beds at, 176, 341.
Canga, mineral character of the, 216,-36,-47,-8,-99, 316, 767-8.
, auriferous, 217,-36, 316, 768.
——, cupriferous, 286, 316, 768.
Canoas, dimensions and arrangements of, Table VII.
Capão, on the topaz and euclase of, 305—8.
Captain General of Minas Geräes, rich dessert served to the, 237.
Capuà, the iron-ores of, 22; Table I.
Caraça, granitic mountain-range of the, 174,-6, 767.
, talcose and quartzose rocks, on the slopes of the, 177, 316
821,–67.
, suriferous portions of the, 177
950

thin, the mining district of, 655—99.
, granitic, slaty, elvan, and hornblendic rocks of, 655—
664,–6–74.
, " stanniferous granite of, 664—6.
, m directions, dips, widths, and compositions of lodes in,
674 —81.
, ,, tin, copper, and iron ores of, 676—80,—95.
, , directions, dips, widths, and compositions of the cross-
courses in, 681—5.
, , intersections and (heaves) displacements of the lodes
by the cross-courses, 688—5.
, ,, precipitation of copper in, 585, 686.
, ,, statistics of mining in, 457, 694—5,—8; Table XIV.
, , injury to meadows, by sand, mud, and foul water from
the mines, 858.
, ,, subterranean temperature in, 744—6.
beniferous limestones, 611,—18,—20,—2.
slates, 614, (?) 616.
Carclase, area of the open-work at, 576, 665.
Crew, Richard, Req., on resemblances between lodes and the rocks
they traverse, 23.
, ,, partition of tin-ores amongst the partners
in stream-works, 94.
, ,, early copper-mining in Cornwall, 686,-90,
692.
proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 120.
Cara Brea mines, proportion of metal in the tin-ore of the, 472.
, produce and profits of the, 448,—59; Table XIV.
, winding-engines at the, 148.
Carne, Joseph, Req., on the veins of Cornwall, 841.
, , produce of parallel lodes on the same
meridian, 258.
, ,, native-silver and silver-ores of Cornwall,
110,—14,—16.
, " argentiferous galena " ,
118—20.
, economy of steam winding-
engines 142.
, substitution of tram-ways for wheel-
· barrows in Cornwall, 144.

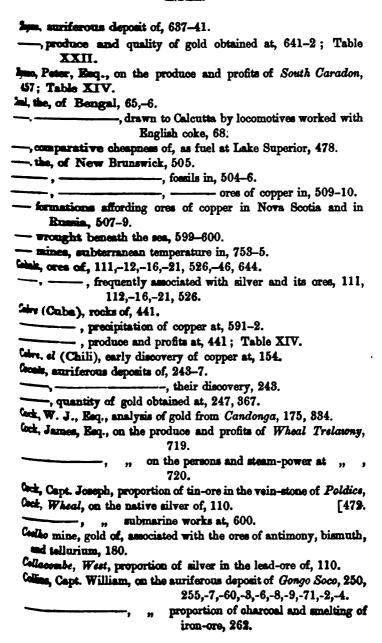








Cliff mine,	rocks of the, 422-3,-87.
 ,	relation between rocks and vein-stones at the, 487-8
	Table XII.
,	direction, dip, width, and composition of the lode at 423-89.
,	relations of copper to the structure of the vein-stones 482.
 ,	proportion of (native) copper in the lode of, 434-6.
 ,	Construction 10 Alexander A 1 C A 1 CC
	ent depths, 436.
 ,	crystals of copper in, 481.
 ,	endlong dip (shoot) of copper in the lode, at, 438.
,	native copper sometimes encrusted with native silver, at, 486.
 ,	slide, and displacement of the lode by it, 439.
 ,	man-engine at, 439.
 ,	produce and profit at, 440,-59; Table XIV.
 ,	subterranean temperature at, 734.
Cliff mine,	South, rocks of the, 460.
, ,	, relations between the rock and lode at, 460-2.
 ,	, masses of copper obtained at the, 462.
 ,	, proportions of crude metal contained in the vein-
	stones, 462.
 ,	, drift overlying the surface, 460.
Clifford An	nalgamated mines, analysis of water from hot spring at the, 586.
	, subterranean temperature at the, 762.
Climate, of	Brazil (Minas Geraës), 849, 726-88,-71-80; Tables
	XXX. XXXI. XXXVII.
, "	Chili (Chafarcillo), 724-5.
 , "	France (Alps of Dauphiny), 528.
	India (Turnee of Kumaon), 44.
	Norway, 479.
	(the United Kingdom), Channel Islands, 784-7.
 , ,,	, England, 744-51.
 , "	, Ireland, 737-44.
	(the United States), Michigan, 465,-77,-8,-9, 788-4. , Virginia, 782-8.
	N. S., on the produce and loss at Carnon Stream, 458,
Table XI	
Magan	

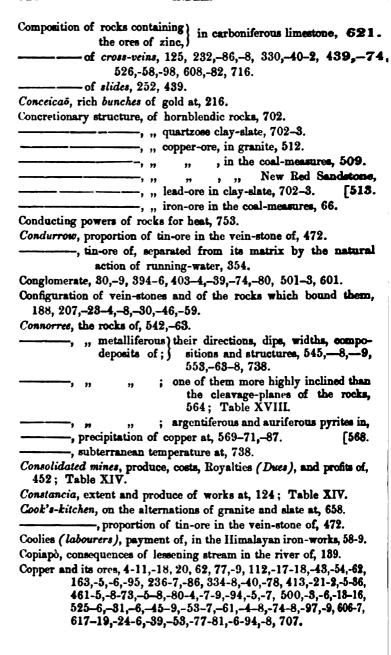


Collins, Capt. William, on the auriferous jacotings collected from the
stream at Taboleiro, 252.
Colorada, the rocks of, 70—80.
, the lodes of; their directions, dips, widths, compositions, and structures, 81-92; Table III.
their characters in different rocks, 85—6;
,, sometimes divide into veins on passing from
one rock to another, 84.
, cocasionally enclose (horses) masses resem-
bling the adjoining rocks, 84.
,, of cavernous structure, 77, 89.
,, unite, 92.
, are enriched at their union with veins, 83, 91.
richest when most highly inclined, 82.
, kinds, quantities, and qualities of the silver-
ores they afford in the several limestones,
95–121; Table IV.
, exceptionally rich portions of, 90—8.
deflected on the line of their dip by a bed
of limestone which is rich in their vicinity,
82, 114—19.
, one lode in, intersects a cross-vein, 129.
, one tous in, intersects a cross-term widthe compositions
, cross-veins of, their directions, dips, widths, compositions, and structures, 71, 126; Table III.
, intersect, and frequently (heave) displace
the lodes, 71, 127-85; Table III.
displace the rocks in one instance only, 71,
126.
, subterranean temperature at, 724.
, amounts paid for labour, food, and materials at, Table V.
Combes. M., on the quantities of gunpowder needed for blasting, 201.
, , comparative values of hemp and of wire ropes,
148.
wheel-barrows and tram-
waggons underground, 144.
waggons underground, 1211
669.
Combe Martin, mines and silver and lead at, 109.
Composition of deposits containing in gneiss, 526,
the ores of antimony, in gness, 520,

	of deposits containing the ores of antimony,	in talcose, micaceous, and chloritic rocks 179, 334,-7, 617. in clay-slate, 335,-7, 545,-8, 566, 707.
_		 in calcareous, alternating with hornblendic, rocks, 118, 617. in hornblendic and felspathic rocks, 121, 585,-6.
	of deposits containing the ores of bismuth,	in talcose, micaceous, and chloritic rocks, 179, 384,-6,-7, 640. in clay-slate, 111, 334,-5,-6,-7,
_		374, 546. ore of Chromium, 647—9. ores of Cobalt, 111,-12,-16,-21, 523—6; Table XVI.
	of deposits containing copper and its ores,	in granite, 511, 675-80; Tables
	·,	in micaceous, talcose, and chloritic rocks, 4, 6-8, 11, 15, 18, 873—8, 495, 596-7, 605—6,
	·,	638—41,—53. in felspathic and hornblendic rocks, 162—3,—5, 411—12, 420-38,-60-5,-8-73,-5,-9, 497, 535-6,-8, 735,-7.
	 ,	in clay-slates, 194—9, 545-50, 555-7,-64-9,-74-8, 676-7.
		in porphyry (elvan), 441, 677, Tables XXIII. XXIV. in carboniferous slates, 605—8,
_	· ,	616—18. in carboniferous limestones,
_	 ,	618—19,—24—6. in the coal-measures, 508—5, 506—10.
_	 ,	" New Red Sandstone, 518—16.
5,		,, Canga, 236, 316. in granite, 175, 311,-20,-32, 384,-7.

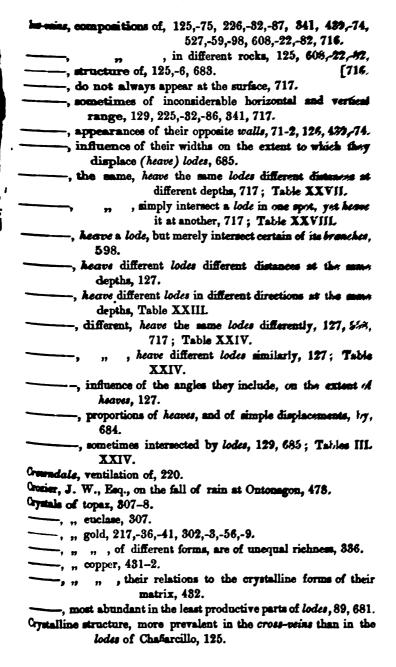
Composition o		d,∫ ri 29 89 80	leose, micaceous, and chi tic rocks, 177-80, 210,—4 98, 800, -2, -11-12, — 1 20-1,-82,-4, -5,-7,-72— 33, 638-41.
			artz-rocks, 181, 321, –32, –4 37.
		— in cla 20 82	y-slates, 182-4,-94-9, 206 97-10,-98-9, 81 2-18,-21-5 28-9,-32,-4-5,-6; Tabl
			I.
			eareo-siliceous rocks, 245-9,
			15,-23.
	***********		birite and Jacotinga, 212-
			16, -21 -2, -4, -6 -42, -6 -7
			54 - 84, - 6 - 98, 803 - 4,
			18-14,-25-8,-80,-2,-5,-7;
			able VIII.
			arvoeira, 289– 4 1.
	of deposits containi ores of ir		ranite, 175.
			icaceous, talcose, and chlo-
		'n	tic rocks, 180,-4, 211-86,
		2	98,-99-800,-8,-13,-16,-18,
			21-8,-4-5,-78.
			lay-slates, 184,-94-9, 812-
			18,-17,-21-8, 548-9,-58-5,
			68-9.
			langa, 216,-86,-47,-8,-99,
			16, 767-8.
	of deposits containi ores of le		neim, 98, 526.
			elspathic and hornblendic
			ocks, 533-7.
			lay-slate, 110-12,-16-21,
		-	05-14.
			uartz-rocks, 648-4.
			rboniferous limestone, 619-
		•	21.
	of demonster office-1:	na)	£1.
	or nebosins suroidi	in h	ornblendie slate, 527.
	ore of mangan)	•

in talcose slate, 495. ore of manganese, in Jacotinga, 215,-19,-23,-63, 264,-5,-9, 803,-14. of deposits containing the ore of molybdenum, in
micaceous slate and porphyry, 654. of deposits containing } in gneiss, 521-6. the ores of nickel, } in hornblendic rocks, 121.
, in the coal-measures, 503. of deposits containing pallsdium, in granite, 175, 311,-34,-7. pallsdium, in Jacotinga, 215,-19,-23,-63,
264,-5,-86, 335,-7,-8. in Jacotinga, 248,-86, 335,-7, platina, 338,-40. of deposits containing silver and its ores, 335,-103, 521-6.
, in clay-slate, 105,-9-21, 545, 549,-66,-8, 708-11. , in felspathic and hornblendic rocks, 533-8.
, in hornblendic, alternating with calcareous, rocks, 89-94, 98-121.
tellurium and its ores, in talcose, micaceous, and chloritic rocks, 180, 299, 315, 334,-6,-7,-76,-82.
of deposits containing in granite, 77, 175, 359, 472-3, the ores of tin, 486, 631,-64-5,-76,-8,-9. in clay-slate, 77, 202, 359, 472-3,-86, 630,-76,-80. in porphyry, 665.
of deposits containing the ores of zinc, in talcose, micaceous, and chloritic rocks, 617,-40. in clay-slate, 112, 545-7, 707. in hornblendic and felspathic, alternating with calcareous, rocks, 86.



mer, ancient implements of, at Lake Superior, 412-19.
, native, structure of, 431.
—, —, specific gravity of, 429.
, proportion of, in the lodes and vein-stones of Lake
Superior, 421,-6-7,-34-6,-40-1,-70-1,-3,-82,-8-9.
, electro-deposited, structure of, 431.
, specific gravity of, 429-30.
, smelted, structure of, 430-1.
, specific gravity of, 429-30.
precipitation of, 562,-9-92; Table XVIII.
-mines, subterranean temperature in, 756-8,-61; Tables XXXIV. XXXV.
-mining, ancient, in Chili, 154.
, ,, in Cornwall, 686-94.
Corper Falls, construction and operation of Stamping-machinery at, 426.
, costs of extracting (native) copper at, 426.
, expenditure and profits at, 459.
, subterranean temperature at, 733.
Corneall Silver-mines, East, proportions of silver in the ores of, 115.
anwall, on the stanniferous granite of, 175, 664.
, directions of lodes and cross-veins, in, 309, 674,
681, 704,–15.
, silver-ores of, 110-18,-21, 710-11.
, argentiferous lead-ores of, 118-20, 708-10,
,, displacements (heaves) of lodes in, 128.
with the subterranean temperature in, 752, Tables XXXIII. XXXIV. XXXV.
, the miners of, frequently employed as Superintendents of
mines in North and South America, 152.
Corri Charmaig, on the chrome-ore of, 643.
Costs of obtaining pyrites (Sulphur-ore) in Wicklow, 562.
native copper at Lake Superior, 426.
gold, by English Mining Companies, in Brazil, 827.
" in California, Table XXII.
Cona, Prof. von, on the pyrites (Sulphur-ore) of Rammelsberg, 544.
546,—52.
Cremmis, on the native silver and silver-ores of, 118.
produce and profits of, 456; Table XIV.

Crennis, East, produce, expenditure, and profits of, 459.
Crenver, ventilation of, 220.
Crickitt, J. K. A., Esq., on a rich bunch of gold at Gongo Soco, 27:
Crofty, Wheal, tin-ore of, separated from its matrix by the natural
action of running-water, 354.
Crofty, East Wheal, subterranean temperature at, 764-5.
Cromlechs in Upper India, 19, 28.
Cronebane, the rocks of, 541.
, ,, metalliferous, their directions, dips, widths, compo
deposits of; sitions, and structures, 543-57.
, , , masses (Horses) of slate conformably
enclosed in, 551,-3.
, " , mixed with auriferous silver, 549.
, ,, cross-veins in, their directions, dips, widths, and
composition, 558.
, , displace (heave) the metalliferous
(Sulphur-course) deposit, 558.
, dimensions of holes, weight of powder used, and quan-
tities of stone broken in blasting at, 200.
, precipitation of copper from mine-water at, 572-8,-87
, introduced from Cornwall, 585
, subterranean temperature at, 738,-52; Tables XXXIII.
XXXV.
Cross-veins, in granite, (?) 176, 341, 681-5.
, ,, gneiss, 526-7.
, ,, clay-alate, 558-9,-98, 608, 715-17.
and followship alamating mith sales
reous, rocks. 71, 124-35.
, ,, carboniferous slates, 609,-22.
limestones 699
, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,
and and are a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second a
of joints in the rocks, 124, 559, 681.
, dips of, 124, 282, 474, 526, 58-9, -98, 608, -22, -82, 715.
, at higher angles than those of the lodes, 527, 682.
,, towards bodies of granite, 125, 682.
, widths of, 125, 226,-32,-86, 841, 439,-74, 527,-58-9,
598, 608,-22,-82, 715.



duction of solid substance	d in saturated solutions, by the insurt
	argentiferous lead-ore of, 120.
Cuddra, proportion of tin-or	
Cumba, proportion of gold i	
	silver in the lead-ores of, 108-9.
Cuming, — Esq., on the pre	paration of lime from shells in Chili, 155
Damsel, Wheal, profits reali	and at Table XIV
Danda, on the copper-bearing	
	nethod and cost of stamping vein-stones
Denner, South, Isaq., on this is	
	near Lake Superior, 425–6.
, , ,,	" of extracting large masses of ma-
	tive copper from the mines, 427.
, " P	recautions adopted to prevent the effects
	of cold in mines, 478, 734.
	nan-engine at the Clif mine, 439.
Darlington, John, Esq., and l	Phillips, J. Arthur, Esq., on the produce,
costs, and profits of mines	, 4 59.
Darlington, West Wheal, on	the silver-ores of, 116-17.
Darwin, Charles, Esq., on th	e valley of Copiapo, 140.
	sounds occasioned by moving-sand,
, ,,	140.
	beds of shells at considerable elevations
, ,,	in Chili, 155,-9,-60:
	methods by which ores are brought to
, ,,	•
5 1 / 36 4	the surface, in Chili, 147.
Daubree, M. A., on the ro	cks and metallic of Norway, 543-6.
, ,,	ver and silver-ores ,, , 100.
, ,, (st	upposed) prevalence of fluor in tin-lodes,
	680.
, ,, au	riferous sands of the Rhine, 348,-51-2,
	856,-8.
Daubuisson, M., on the vent	ilation of mines, 220.
, ,, proj	portions of silver of Saxony, 101-2.
	in the ores or Saxony, 101-2.
 , "	" France, 104.
Davey, Richard, Esq., on the	e produce and profits of Wheal Buller,
Wheel Unity, and Poldic	
Davey, Capt, Simon, on the	ventilation of mines, 220.

Dr. E. H., and Squier, E. G., Esq., on ancient mining-works, spons, and ornaments found near Lake Superior, 416,-18-19. G. M. M., Eeq., on the produce and profits of Wheal Alfred, 45. Principal, J. W., on the fossil Flora of New Brunswick, 505. copper-ores of the Nova Scotian coalmeasures, 508. S. J., Req., on the detrital gold of Canada, 884. Arthur, Esq., on the suriferous deposits of Merioneth, 635,-8. calcareous, filling joints in limestone at Chafarcillo, 75. —, ferruginous, Itabirite, at Agoa Quente, 225. Deleterer, on the iron-ores of, 40. Defination, magnetic, 3, 69, 177, 872,-95, 405,-92, 511,-13,-15, **520,-31,-41**, 603,-16,-37,-47,-73, 703. pring mines, effects of, on the temperature of water entering **-**, 764. bearion of milver lodes by a metalliferous bed, 76, 82. , an auriferous deposit by a cross-vein, 232. extent and produce of works at, 124; Table XIV. , quantities and qualities of ailver-ore obtained at, Table IV. Lac, M. A. J., on alternations of granite and slate at Cook'sticken, 658. (Devi) Dhoors, granite-veins in mica-slate at, 27. -, temple, artificial rock-basons, and cromlechs at, 27-8. the, different, composition of metal-) 90-3, 103-21,-94-5, 201liferous deposits at { 208,-31-3,-5,-41,-79-80, 284, 338-40,-82, 436,-78, 585, -45 - 50, -65 - 8, 607 -608,-16-21,-67-9,-705-9. , widths of , 180, 685. , hardness of , 199, 200, 473; Tables ,, VII. XXII. ; auriferous | proportions of gold | 203,-5,-80,-2, afforded by, § 235,-41,-5,-84, deposits at,)

331,-82.

—, ,, ; ,, qualities of ,, , 205,-85, 333.

—, ,, ; ,, nature of alloy of } ,, 206,-86.

—, ,, ; ,, decline more rapidly in *Itabirite*,

(Jacotinga) than in clay-slate, 331.

5 T

Depths, different, lead-lodes at, proportions of silver extracted from
ore afforded by, 708-9.
, , widths of cross-veins at, 685.
, , extent of displacements (heaves) at, 685, 717.
, ,, subterranean temperature at, 724-80; Table
XXXII.—XXXVII
, rate of increased, in mines, 448, 608, 748,-64-5.
Derbyshire, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 109.
, miners brought from, to work the mines of North Devon
Descoberta, rocks and auriferous deposits of, 298-9. [109.
Descubridora, discovery of silver at, 69.
, direction, dip, composition, and structure of the lode
at, 91,-8.
, extent and produce of works at, 124; Table XIV.
Desempeão, on the rocks of, 72.
, directions, dips, and characters of the lodes at, 81, 90-2,
, extent and produce of works at, 124; Tables IV. XIV.
Detritus, 42-3, 70.
, auriferous, 8, 842-60,-84, 498, 627-83,-42; Table XXII.
, stanniferous, 629-30,-95.
, copper-bearing, 483-7.
Devonshire, stanniferous granite of, 175.
proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 109-10.
, Consolidated Mines, precipitation of copper at, 584,-92.
-, produce, expenditure, and profits
of, 458.
Dhodulee, the quartz-rocks of, used for constructing furnaces, 80.
Dhoora Devi, cromlech and sculptured stones at, 19.
Dhoora Kanhi, iron-ores of, 22; Table I.
Dhunniakôte, the slates and siliceous limestones of, 84,-6.
, ,, iron-ores and furnaces of, 88, 57.
Disappoors, the slates and limestones of, 19.
-, bunches of copper-ore at the intersections of the joints
in, 15—16.
Diamonds, discovery of at the Corrego de Saz Miguel, 242.
, antiquities discovered amongst, or in the immediate
vicinity of, 844,
Diatoms in raised beaches identical with those in the present sands
of the Pacific, 160.
Dick, Allan, Esq., on the specific gravity of smelted copper, 429.
Dickson, J., Eeq., on an ancient Indian village imbedded in auriferous gravel, 884.

E. M. P. van, on the detrital tin-ore of Banca, 631. meth, F. Esq., on the use of sodium amalgam in Brazilian shection-works; Table XXII. ₹ **ef metalliferous** deposits, 4, 5, 7, 9, 11, 19, 20,-2,-5,-6,-8, 30, 33,-5-7,-9, 41, 71, 80-1, 161,-4, 810,-72,-75-7,-9, 408-9, 520-1, 582,-42,-75,-96, 604,-16,-18, 620-3,-37,-47,-52,-74, 704,-37. , usually greatest when rich, 189, 270. " , greater when they have a N.—S. than 21 an E.-W. direction, 405-9. -. of suriferous deposits, generally, conformable to structure of the rocks adjoining them, 810,-72,-5-7,-9; Table X. , parallel to the contour of the ,, nearest mountain ranges, 310; Table X. -, of the greater number of lodes, towards the nearest granite, **675.—83.** - alteration of dip on passing from Manto into limestone at Chafarcillo, 82. -, of cross-veins, 124,-5, 439, 526,-58,-75,-98, 608,-22,-81,-5, 715. , higher than the dip of lodes, 526, 682—3. , towards the granite, 125, 682. -, strata different on opposite sides of a cross-vein, 71, 82. Long, proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472. Descrious of metalliferous deposits, 4, 5, 7, 9, 11, 19, 20,-2,-5,-6, **28, 80,-3,-5,-7,-9, 41, 71, 80-1, 161,-4, 809,-72,-5,-7, 879**, **408**–**10**, **520**–**1**,–**82**,–**42**,–**75**,–**96**, **608**,–**16**,–**18**, 620-3,-87,-47,-52,-74, 707,-37; Tables I. II. X. of suriferous deposits usually conform to the strike of the rocks above and below them, and to the directions of the neighbouring mountain-chains, 310,-72,-5-7,-9; Table X. of cross-veins, 124-5, 489, 526,-58,-75,-98, 608,-22, 681,-5, 715. Displacements, 127-85, 225-6,-82,-86-8, 841-2, 489,-74, 508,-27,

558-60,-75-6,-98, 600,-22,-81-5, 715-17. (See

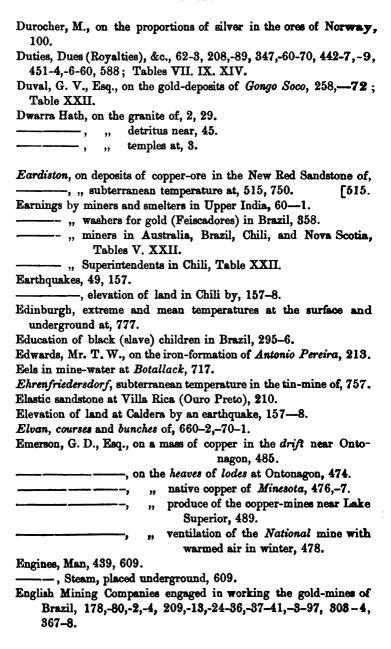
Heaves. Intersections. Leaps. Throws.)

Displacements,	horizont	al, of	rocks by	metallifer (?) 657-	ous (veins) deposits 60.
,	"	,	" by		s, 71, 126,-30-1,-3, 225-7,-86-7.
 ,	**	,	"	"	(partial), 225-6 , 286-7.
 ,	"	, of		rous) by	joints in the rocks, 83, 841, 559.
 ,	,,	•	"	b y (cross-veins of differ- nt widths. 127,—9, 58, 685.
 ,	"	,	"		the same cross-vein t different depths, 98, 685, 717.
,	"	,	n	i o s	some, but simple ntersections only at ther, depths, by the ame cross-veins, 198, 717.
 ,	"	,	"	by ti 5	different branches of the same cross-vein, 198; Tables XIX. XXIII. XXIV.
,	,,		,, vertical au 287, 717.		cross-veins of small ntal range, 225,-82,
,	n	, of	different		ous deposits (lodes) rein, Tables XXIII.
	"	- 1	(lodes), 1	27-8, 498	etalliferous deposits
	**	, of	metallife	rous depo ining ores	nits) cohelt 597
 ,	"	,		"	copper, 558-60, 598, 688-4.
 ,	"	,		"	lead, 716-17.
	"	,		,,	silver, 127—8, 527.
 ,	,,	,		27	tin, 684; Table XXVI.
,	,,	, of	metallife	rous depo	sits iron-pyrites,

Spincements,			cont	eposits) gold, 183, 225, taining) 232,-87, 341.
 ,	" ,	of met	alliferous } deposits }	in granite, 683-5.
	,,,,,		**	in gneiss, 527.
 ,	,, ,		11	in clay-slate, 183, 493,
				558-60,-98, 716-17.
	, ,,		"	in elvan (porphyry), 684 — 5; Tables XXIII. XXIV.
	, ,, ,		"	in felspathic and horn- blendic rocks, 439, 474.
)	•	"	in Itabirite and Jaco- tinga, 225-6,-86-7, 341.
	, ,, ,	•	"	in calcareous, alter- nating with felspathic & hornblendic, rocks,
				125—9.
	9 99 3	•	"	in the coal-measures, 503.
-)		of, 127–8, 5, 715-17.	439, 558,-75,-98, 684-
	9 99 1	, toward		er angle, 127-8,-83, 841, 7,-58,-60,-75,-98, 684,
	'e 99 :	, ,,	smalle	r angle, 127—8, 489, 3,684,717.
	9 11 1	"		hand, 127-8,-83, 341, -58,-98, 683-4,715-17.
	. 22 1	, ,,	left-ha	and, 127—8, 841, 439, 4, 558—60,—75, 684,
				5—17. (See Heaves.
				ersections.)
Displacement	s, vertical, o	f rocks	by metalli 660.	ferous deposits (?), 657-
	', ,, ,	"	by cross-ve	eins, 71, 126,-30,-1,-3, 225,-86-7.
	·, ,, ,	••	••	of small vertical and
		rontal 1	ange (part	ial), 225-6,-86-7, 342.

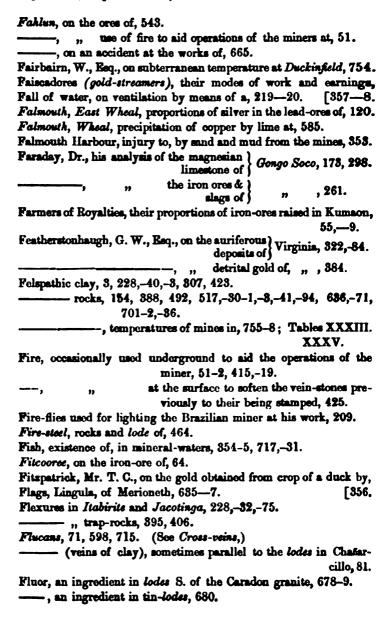
Displacements, vertical, in silver-mines, 71, 126,-30,-8.
———, ", in gold-mines, 225-6,-86-7, 842.
, ", towards the greater angle, 126,-80,-1,-8
, ,, ,, smaller angle, 225-6,-86-7, 8
(See Leaps. Throws, Intersection
Dissemination, of metals and ores through rocks:-
gold, 175,-7,-86,-96, 255,-81,-99, 300,-2,-
818,-16,-20,-2,-78.
silver, 114,-19; Table IV.
copper, 403,-67,-75,-95, 500,-8,-9.
tin, 175, 664,-6.
Divining (Dowsing)-rod, the, still used in Dauphiny, 527.
Debereiner, M., on the platins alloyed with gold in the sands of t
Rhine, 860.
Dol, on the graphite of, 40.
Dolcoath, on the rocks of, 447.
, ,, subsidence of the rocks (Country) and lodes at, 66
, , native silver and silver-ores of, 113.
proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472.
, " separation of tin-ore from its matrix by the natur
action of running-water at, 854.
engiant works at 146 447
, ,, improved system of mining at, 448, 645—7,
, , conditions under which blasting takes place at, 20
, " ventilation at, 220.
, ,, plans and sections of, 448.
, ,, produce, expenditure, and profit at, 447; Table I
Dolcoath, North, on the silver-ore of, 113.
Dolomite, the, of Brazil, 178.
Domeyko, M. I., on the rocks of Quebrada Seca, 161.
, ,, calcareous débris of Chafarcillo, 75.
, " hydraulic lime of " ,75.
, " gold-mines of Chili, 167.
, , detrital gold of Chili, 845,-60.
, ,, statistics of mines, and miners of Chi
, ,, the climate of Chafarcillo, 724.
Don Pedro North d'el Rey, on the proportion of gold in the Jacoting
of, Table XXII.
Douglas Houghton (Hemocod) mines, on the rocks of, 466-7.
, ,, (copper-bearing
conglomerate, of, 47

hyler .	Houghton (Henwood) mines, on the lode of, 468-74.
	,, proportions of (native)
	copper extracted from,
	and the cost of ex-
	traction, 471—3.
	, " (heaves) displacements
	of the lode by a cross-
	vein and a joint, 474.
	, ,, formation of ice under-
	ground at, 478, 734.
لتطحجحا	I, altered value of land at, in consequence of mines having
boss (opened in it, 694.
Drabe 1	Walls, on the conditions under which blasting takes place at, 200.
	, , proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472.
	(washing and cleaning) auriferous pyrites, 198-9, 208, 857;
	Tables VI.4 VII.
	Jacotinga, Table IX.
	quartz, cost of, Table
	XXII.
Sia A	eposits of, 42, 460-84, 622.
,	", containing masses of native copper, 483,-7.
 ;	11 040 0 50 0 00
	,, , , crystals of gold, 500,-9. soy, and Rivot, MM., on the proportions of gold and silver in
	garian ores, 100-1.
	Wheal, on the silver-ores of, 114—15.
	gold discovered in the crop of a, 856.
	Aeld-colliery, subterranean temperature at, 754–5.
	oy, M., on the detrital gold of Siberia, Table XXII.
ne vo	yer, G. V., Esq., on the rocks, lodes, and submarine works
	at Knockmahon, 593-7,-9-601.
	-,, ,, rocks and lodes of Kenmare, 611,
	616,-18,-21-2.
	, , limestone of Brownstown, 622.
Depec 488-	& Co., Messra, on the production of copper at Lake Superior, —9.
Durber	n, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 108.
	Capt. Paulo Rodriguez, iron-ore smelted by, 287.
	, native copper and gold obtained by,
	986



leases to Chilian mines closed by locked gates, 91.					
in J. S., Baq., on the jointed structure of granite, 75, 672.					
inte, occurrence of, 80, 398,					
Baron von, on the elastic sandstone of Villa Rica (Our	0				
Preto, 172, 210.					
, ,, Itacolumite of Brazil, 172.					
, ,, clay-slate of ,, , 173.					
, alternations of Itacolumite and clay	_				
slate, 211, 312.					
, " Itabirite of Brazil, 172, 211	•				
298.					
, ,, Carvoeira of ,, ,237—8.					
, " gold-mines of, " , 184, 244 300-1.	,				
expectate of gold in)					
the Canga of, , , 217.					
mentities of gold l					
obtained in \ , 366.					
, iron-ores and fur- naces of, 236-7.	,				
A					
Special and produce of the works at \$124; Table XIV.					
quantities and qualities of the ores obtained; Table IV					
hisridge, Robert, Eq., on shells in the raised beaches near Calders					
156.	7				
, , plants in the coal-measures of Ner	-				
Brunswick, 504-5.	•				
Bachace, matrix of the, in Brazil, 808.					
Recopeans employed in the mines of Chili and Brazil, 152; Tables					
V. VI.* IX					
Barre T P Per on the different qualities of)	٠.				
water)					
, ,, precipitation of cop-)					
per and production , , , 580-4;	_				
of ochre	-				
, , rain, , , 582.					
Exporation, different amounts of, affected the speed of the water	-				
wheels at Gongo Soco, 851.					
Lemouth and Adams, Wheal, proportions of silver in the lead-ores					
ef, 110.	_				
Especiation, on the New Red Sandstone, and the copper-ores obtained	1				
from it, at, 514.					
5 v					

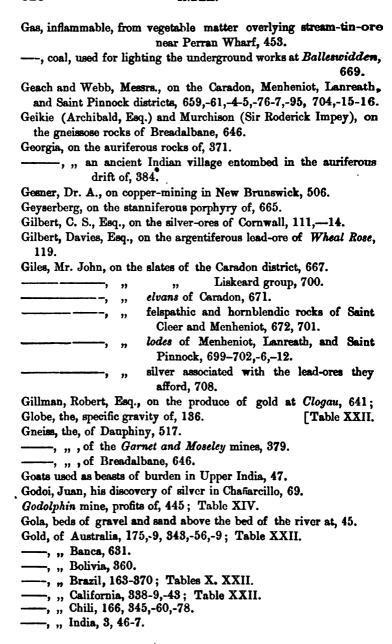
Expectativa, on petroleum of, 516.



hi, cost of, in Chasarcillo, 150; Table V.
of slaves in Brazil and Virginia, 292, 382.
of eerfs in Siberia, 348.
David, Esq., on the auriferous deposits of Merioneth, 686-9.
and the seld of the reld of the reld of
quality of the gold of ,, , 642.
, ,, detrital gold of Bolivia, 360.
Principal J. D., on the climate of the Alps, 528.
-, ,, temperature at the surface and at
various depths near Edinburgh, 777
rbu, Sir John, on a spring of fresh-water beneath the sea at
Betallack, 539.
21, 55, 61, 296, 390, 416.
, succession of different growths in, 416.
—, destruction of, 21, 55–6, 343,–90.
, consequences of, 344.
mine, ancient implements discovered in the, 415.
underground at Bearhaven and Wheal Vor. 610
weegarth, Esq., on pipe-veins of lead-ore, 620.
Mercus rocks of the Liskeard district, 700.
,, Merioneth ,, , 636.
, , 540.
, Kerry , 618.
, Meath , , 623,-5.
" New Brunswick " , 508,-4.
C. Le Neve, Esq., on the Molybdenite of Mount Sorrel, 654.
(J. W., Esq.) & on the rock-formations of Lake Superior,
Thitney (J. D., Esq.),) 385—404,-39.
, " iron-ores of Lake Superior, 388-9.
, copper-lodes of , , 405—
412,-20-5,-7-8,-81-4, 436,-9,
466-7,-75,-7.
, ,, native silver of Lake Superior,
419,-86-7.
, " cross-vein (Slide) at the Cliff mine,
489.
diffe of Taba Sunsian 400 F
Services mining much and 7.1
Superior, and on the weapons,
tools, and implements found in
them 419_17_10_75
them, 412-17,-19,-75.

Whitney (J. D., Req.), Superior, 477.
, " subterranean temperature, 783-4.
, , amount of rain at Fort Brady, 47
Forcey Consolidated mines, on the native silver of, 118.
, produce and profits of, 456; Tab
ZIX
Fox, Robert Were, Req., on the structure of cross-courses, 461.
, " subterranean temperature, 723,-60-1
Fraga, on the auriferous talc-slate of, 301,-20, 732. [762,-5
, " subterranean temperature at, 732.
Francis, Capt. Francis, on subterranean temperature at Wheal Vor 764
Francis, Mr. Henry, on the coincident directions of lodes and glen
in West Cornwall, 718.
Francis, Mr, William, on the gradual filling of Carnon valley with
sand and mud from the mines, 353.
•
Francisco Nuevo, San, extent and produce of the works at, 124 Table XIV.
from, Table IV.
Francisco Viejo, San, extent and produce of the works at, 124 Table XIV.
, quantities and qualities of silver-ore obtained
from, Table IV.
Francisquito, San, extent and produce of the works at, 124; Table XIV
, quantities and qualities of allver-ore obtained
from, Table IV.
Franklin mine, on the costs and profits of the, 459; Table XIV.
Frank Mills, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 110.
Freiberg, establishment of the Mining Academy at, 691.
Friendship, Wheal, on the inclined tramways of, 144.
Friendship, North Wheal, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of
110.
Fuel, charcoal as, manufacture and cost of, 55-6, 219,-61-2, 390. , from hard woods better than from soft, 55-6, 219, 390.
, coal cheaper than wood as, even in the forests of Lake

L. Dr. Thomas, on the silver of North Devon, 109.
basces, Himalayan, blast supplied by air-bags of skin, worked by
hand, 54—5.
matic trough, 219,-60-1.
Wood , proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472.
ed and pick, skill of Cornish miners in using, 152.
100-10 ,-16-21, 376-7, 545,-8-9, 615,-20,-40, 703,-8-11.
, argentiferous, 100-10,-16-21, 545,-8-9, 615-20,-(?) 40,
708,-8-11.
malasing threads of native silver and masses
of vitreous ore, 120-1.
suriferous, 100, 878, 549, (?) 640.
Sellé, iron-mine of, 22; Table I.
Game, Col. Ignacio da, on the gold-mine of Catta Preta, 237.
Combling, propensity of Chilian miners towards, 91.
Sarby, John, Esq., on the native silver and silver-ores of Cornwall,
Serdner, Dr. Daniel, on the gold-mine of Catta Preta, 237. [118.
George, Esq., on the gold-mines of Brazil, 170,-85, 245,
803, 500-2.
, " detrital gold of " , 348.
, " fishes of " , 354—5.
, " scenery of " , 169, 297.
Garnets in the copper-bearing rocks of Chili, 161.
" auriferous deposits of Virginia, 381.
Gernett and Moseley mines, on the rocks of the, 379-81, 732.
auriferous deposit of the, 381-3.
, " proportions of gold at different
depths in the, 383.
quality of the gold, 881.
, ,, detrital gold of the neighbour-
hood, 384.
, , subterranean temperature at the,
733.
, , food of the slaves at the, 382.
Garras (Guarneck), proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 118.
Garras, South, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 120.
Gas, issue of, from joints in the Itabirite at Gongo Soco, 250.
-, inflammable, from crevices in the auriferous formation at Morro
Velho, 195-6.



```
L. of Ireland, 549-50, 627-84; Table XXII.
-. . New Granada, 860.
___, the Rhine, 348,-56,-8,-60; Table XXII.
 __, __ Siberia, 175,-7, 385-6,-40,-2,-3,-5,-6,-8,-60; Table XXII.
 🗕 " Virginia, 371-84 ; Table XXII.
 wales, 685-42; Table XXII.
  disseminated through granite, 3, 175, 320.
                           talcose, micaceous, and chloritic rocks,
                              177, 300-3,-20.
                           quartz-rocks, 316.
                           clay-slate, 186,-96, 210.
              "
                           calcareo-siliceous rocks, 245,-9, 804,
              22
                              815,-19,-28-4.
                           Itabirite (Jacotinga), 215,-19,-21,-42.
                           Carvoeira, 240.
              77
                           Canga, 217, 315-16,-19.
  —, limited to certain portions (
                                  175, 311,-20,-34.
             or beds of granite,
                                  talcose, micaceous, and chloritic
                   "
                                    rocks, 176-7,-80, 298, 302,
                                    311-12,-15,-19,-20,-34,-72,
                                    636,-42.
                                  quartz-rocks, 178-9,-80-2, 312,
                                    334.
                                  clay-slate, 182,-3,-4, 312-13,-17,
                    "
                                    318,-20,-35,-49-50,-76.
                                  calcareo-siliceous rocks, 636-42.
                    "
                                  Itabirite (Jacotinga), 214,-16,
                    ,,
                                    221,-7,-35,-42,-6,-62-82, 313-
                                    314,-18-19,-25,-35,-75.
                                  Carvoeira, 240.
                    11
                                  which conform to the cleavage of
                    ,,
                                    the rocks, 178,-80,-2,-3,-4,-7,
                                    188, 207,-14,-16,-21,-3,-7,
                                    243,-5,-9,-98, 800,-1,-2,-9-23,
                                    372,-5,-7,-80.
                                  which conform to the joints, 181,
                                    187,-8,-91, 207,-21,-3,-99,
                                    323.
    -, limited to certain portions ) which conform neither to cleavage-
                                    planes nor joints, 637.
                or beds of rock, §
```

Gold,	matrix	of, its	compositio	m, in g	ranite, 46, 175, 811,-8 2,-4,-7
,	99	,	97	, ", t	alcose, micaceous, and chloritie
-	••	•		•	rocks, 177-80, 209-11,-47
					298-808,-11-12,-15,-20-1
					882,-4-7,-72-83, 689-42.
				0	martz-rocks, 181, 321,-32,-4,-7
	"	,	. "		ay-alates, 182-4,-94-9, 206-7,
,	29	,	"	, ,,	210,-98-9, 812-13,-21-2,-8-
					829,-82,-4,-5,-6,-7; Table
					VI. 125.5
				~	alcareo-siliceous rocks, 245-9,
,	"	,	"	, ,, u	815,-28-4.
				7.	abirite (Jacotinga), 212—16,
	27	,	"	, ,, 1	
					221-4,-6-35,-42,-5-7,-54-84,
					286,-98, 808-4,-13-14,-24-
					830,-2,-4-7; Table VIII.
,	79	,	"		arvoeira, 289-41.
 ,	"				mes coincident with indulations
					-16,-84,-59,-64,-9, 819,-28,-6.
 ,				ighly i	nclined portions of formations,
		270,-8			
 ,	relation	betwe	en it and	the \ of	pyritic quartz in clay-slate,
	str	ucture	of its mat	-	184,—97.
 ,		:))	of	Jacotinga (Itabirite), 259,-70,
					824,-5,-8,-9.
,	relation	a betwee	m it and t	the) in	clay-slate, 199—201, 328;
	ha	rdness o	of its mat	rix)	Ťables VII. XXII.
—,		:	"	in	Jacotinga (Itabirite), 282,
					329.
					erent ores of iron, 328.
—,	crystal	of, in	shallower	r parts	of the rocks and in detritus,
					2 15,-36,-41, 8 03,-59.
 ,	proport	ion of,	dimeminat	ed) ta	lcose, micaceous, and chloritic
•	• •				rocks, 177.
 ,	,,	,	77	qt	artz-rocks, 182, 821.
	"	,	n	cl	ay-alates, 186,-96, 821.
	29	,	n	Ca	lcareo-siliceous rocks, 249,
	**	•	••		821.
_		_	22	J	scotinga (Itabirite), 255, 325.
	"		•••		talcose, micaceous, & chloritic
	"	, `	certain be		rocks, 177,-9, 320,-7,-73,
				•	883, 638,-41.
					•

```
ed proportion of, contained in ) of quartz-rocks, 182, 321.
                                  of clay-slate, 184,-96-8, 201-6,
                                                 827,-79.
                                  of Itabirite (Jacotinga), 280-2,
                         22
                                       285,-79-81, 826,-7.
                 , obtained from different parts of the same formation, 383.
                                 depths in the clay-slate series,
                                                  201-5, 331;
                                                  Tables X. XXII.
                                             Itabirite (Jacotinga),
                                                 280-2,-5,-79-81.
                                                 831; Tables X.
                                                 XXII.
                                               Carvoeira, 241.
                 , (suggets) masses and of dust in Itabirite (Jaco-
                                            tinga), 274-7, 880.
  -, analysis of, 384,-5,-60,-74.
 -, quality of, in granite, 882.
              , ,, talcose, micaceous, and chloritic rocks, 832,-74,
                                             883, 642; Table X.
              , " clay-slate, 205-6, 832,-83; Table X.
                " Itabirite (Jacotinga), 286,-85-6, 832,-8; Table
              , at different depths in the same formations, 205-6,
                                       833,-75; Tables VII. X.
              , differs in crystals of different forms, 335.
       ture and proportion )
                            in granite, 175, 884,-7
               of its alloy
                             ,, talcose, micaceous, and chloritic
             "
                                  rocks, 179,-80, 299, 384,-7,-74,
                                  382, 642.
                             " quartz-rocks, 334,-7.
                               clay-slate, 206, 884-5,-7,-40,
                                  877-8.
                               calcareo-siliceous rocks, 642.
                               Itabirite (Jacotinga), 236, 835,-7.
                                  840.
                             ,, at different depths in the same
                                  rocks, 206,-86, 388,-40; Tables
          5 x
                                  VII. X.
```

832 INDEX.

```
Gold, alloyed with antimony, 179,-80, 834-7,-74.
                  arsenic, 835,-7,-74.
           "
                  bismuth, 174, 884-7,-74.
           91
                  copper, 286, 835-7,-40,-59,-74,-5, 642.
           29
                  iron, 885-6,-74, 632,-42.
           92
                  lead, 885-7,-40,-74,-7.
           .,
                  palladium, 175, 215,-86, 385-7,-40,-59.
           "
                  platina, 286, 335-7,-40,-60.
           ,,
                  silver, 286,-86, 884-5,-7,-40,-59,-60,-74,-7,-8,
           77
                            632-42.
                  tellurium, 180, 299, 334,-6-7,-82.
----, molten, of higher specific gravity than native, gold, 835.
 ——-mines, temperature of, 725—33,—56—8; Tables XXXII.—
                                                          XXXVI.
—, detrital, ancient deposits of, 842-51,-88-4, 627-88,-42;
                                       Table XXII.
             , recent
                                   , 46, 288, 848,-52-9,-<del>84</del>.
         "
             , contains the same alloy as the gold of the neighbouring
        "
                 mines, 359.
             , always of superior quality to mine-gold, 859-60, 682.
        "
             , crystals of gold not uncommon, 856,-9, 632.
         "
             , shaped implements sometimes mixed with, 344-5.
        "
             , proportions of, extracted from and and gravel, 846,
        "
             , occasionally swallowed by water-fowl, 356.
        "
                           extracted from mud in the streets, 217.
        "
 ---, cost of extracting, in various countries, 827,-46,-8,-58;
                                                     Table XXII.
 -, quantity of, obtained in Australia, Table XXII.
                                Brazil, 866-70; Table XXII.
                        "
                                California, Table XXII.
           22
                        99
                                 Ireland, 638.
           "
                        "
                                Nova Scotia, Table XXII.
                        "
           27
                                 Siberia, 346; Table XXII.
           "
                        77
                                 Wales, 641; Table XXII.
----, Royalties (Dues) and Duties | in Brazil, 208,-89, 861-8;
                   paid by miners, (
                                                 Tables VII. IX.
                                  , "Siberia, 327.
Golden, Wheal, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 120.
Gold-Hill (California), auriferous deposit of, 839.
                    -, alloy of gold from, 839.
Gonamena, on the stanniferous granite of, 664-5.
```

fame, on th	e subt	erranean temperature at, 746.
₩ Soco, the	rocks	of, their direction and dip, 248—9.
 ,	97	, joints in, 250.
,	77	slate (auriferous at Camara), 183, 247, 827,-41.
	"	calcareo-siliceous matter mixed with par-
_		ticles of gold, 249, 304,-19.
 ,	77	Itabirite, 249,-97, 813.
,	77	,, , mass (Horse) of, imbedded in (yet containing lines of) auriferous Jacotinga, 251,
		324; Table VIII.
,	"	,, displaced by small cross-veins, 286—8, 341.
 ,	17	Jacotinga, the Gongo formation, 250,
		252-4.
 ,	"	", ", Cumba ", "252-4,
_		256-8,
 ,	**	", ", ", ", ", both conform to the direction, dip, and
		cleavage of the rocks above and below
		them, 248, 310,—25.
		Jacotinga, the Cumba formation, at times
—— ,	"	thinly sprinkled with gold, 255.
—– ,	"	,, , productive, mostly, on certain parallel lines (veins) in both, 255,-7,-62,-4,-5,-82.
·,	22	", productive, mostly, on certain
•		thin lines (veins) of limited horizontal & vertical range, 257,-65-7,-70,-1,-82.
	**	,, , productive on the same meridian 269,-70.
	,,	,, productive masses (shoots) of, all dip (endlong, with the groovings of the rocks), towards the E., 259,-68,-4,-6, 270,-82.
 ,	n	" , productive portions the most highly inclined, 281, 310.

Gongo Soco, L	ne focks of	Jacoung	or, produceive, composition of, 200
			269, 314,- 25 -
,	"	**	, ,, hardness of, 288
,	**	77	, ,, , disposition of mace
			(nuggets) and particle
			of gold in, 271—80.
,	"	"	, ", proportions of gol
			contained in, 274-7,-9-81
			Tables X. XXII.
 ,	"	"	, productive, quality of gold con-
			tained in, at different depths
			285, 833; Table X.
	27	"	, nature & proportion of alloy of
			gold contained in, at different
			depths, 286, 338; Table X.
	"	"	, productive, lines take, at times
			the directions of the joints
			264.
 -,	"	"	, productive, influence of the
			Slide on, 252,-67,-70.
 ,	"	"	, unproductive portions of, 270.
 ,	"	"	, masses (bunches) of iron-ore
			wrought, 260-1.
,			n-limestone, 297–8.
, ,			s by air issuing from joints in the
	Itabirite,		
-	-		726; Table XXX.
, ,	subterrane	un tempe	rature at, 727-9,-51,-6,-8; Tables
			XXXII.—XXXVII.
•	Slavery at,	_	
			old at, 327; Table XXII.
			btained by European miners, 284.
, ,			id to the Brazilian Government at,
			IX. XIV.
			e, and profit at, 289, 367; Tables
			d scenery of, 290—7. [IX. XIV.
		the pro	portion of gold in iron-pyrites at
Ouro Fino,	•		
			ge of mines by the, 50.
Gordon, J. N.	, Keq., on t		all at Morro Velko, 349.
	 , ,,		ranean } , , 726-7.
		tempera	ture at (" , 'Zo-'.

ideal, Wheal, on th	e profit made at, 451; Table XIV.
im, on the copper-b	earing talc-slate of, 5.
ion, a matrix of co	pper-ore, 162,-5,-7, 545,-64,-95, 605,-16,
—, ,, le	ad-ore, 706-7. [624,-39,-76,-8.
—, " si	ver-ore, 525,-34.
	ld, 167,-83, 299, 801,-2,-12,-73,-5-7,-81, 549, 639.
inham (Callant) Ma	a, on the elevation of the coasts of the Pacific
by carthquakes, 157.	
	lifferent qualities of mine and detrital gold in,
	360.
	7, 2, 29, 170,-4-6, 247, 311,-85-7, 662-4,
	175-6, 311,-16,-20. [666-7,-72.
-, quality of gol	
—, alloy "	, 334.
, stanniferous,	
, cupriferous, 5	12.
, structure of,	
, cavern in, 27.	
, position of, i	n opposite sides (walls) of lodes, 657-60,
, interlying slat	
	7, 386-7,-91, 490-2, 512.
	contour to the cleavage of contiguous slates, 259,-310.
relative positi	ion to the dips (shoots) of ore in lodes, 32,
, rate of blasti	
-	shipped from Cornwall, 666-7.
	emperature in, 756,-8,-60-1; Tables XXXIII.
Graphite in the clay-sle	
	e), auriferous rocks of, 872–5.
	at altitudes, 45, 66, 70, 156.
Genvity, specific, of ne	
	ectro-deposited copper, 429-30.
, , , , ,	, after compression, 430
	elted copper, 429–30.
	tive gold, 835, 431, 632.
	olten ", 885, 481.
	n of tin-ore in vein-stone of, 472.
Greenstone, 79, 898, 4	
	512.

Greenstone, dykes of, 80.
Greenwich, extreme and mean temperatures at the surface and at various depths, 776-7.
Greer, R. J., Esq., on the mean temperature of Waterford, 789.
Gregg (R. H., Esq.) & Lettsom (W. G., Esq.), on the silver-ores of
Cornwall, 116,-18.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Gregory, Capt. Thomas, on the rate of blasting at Drake Walls, 200.
, ,, proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stone of , , 472.
Grylls and Basset, proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472.
Gualaxo, character of gold obtained from the, 359.
Guernsey, on the climate of, 735.
Gueymard, M. E., on the rocks of Chalanches, 518-19.
, metalliferous deposits of , , 519-26.
, " climate of the Alps of Dauphiny, 528.
Guias de Carvallo, veins (branches) of, 81.
, horses worked underground at, 76.
Gungolee, on the copper-mines of, 4, 5.
Gunnai, auriferous sands of the Ramgunga near, 5.
Gunnis Lake, produce and profits of, 457; Table XIV.
Gurhwal, on the iron-furnaces of, 57.
, Government Royalties of, 62-3.
Guy, Capt. Benj., proportions of gold from the calcareo-ailiceous
formation at Gongo Soco, 249.
Gwinear, subterranean temperature in the district of, 752.
Haidinger, H.W. von, on changes in the characters of copper-ores,
Hall, Capt. Basil, on the valley of Copiapo, 139. [679.
, mode of bringing ores out of the Chilian mines, 147.
Hall, James, Esq., on fossils from the shores of Lake Superior, 393.
Hals, William, Req., on early copper-mining in Cornwall, 686, 90,-2.
Hambly, Capt. W., observations on Gongo Soco, 257, 850.
Hammer (Mallet), use of by miners in different districts, 151.
Hansteen, Prof. Chr., on Magnetic declination, 520.
Hardness, a favourable indication in the auriferous) 328; Table
deposit of Morro Velho, XXII.
, at different depths ,, , 199, 206;
Table XXII.
Harris, Capt. N., on the auriferous deposit of Gongo Soco, 250,-5,

	facture of iron at Gongo Soco, 262.
ini, Sir W. Snow, on the cl	
in, proportions of silver in	
highton, The Rev. Dr., on th	e deposits of sulphur ores in Wicklow,
	547,-53,-5-7.
 , ,,	rocks of the Kenmare district, 611-
, ,,	614.
 , ,,	metalliferous) ,, , 614-
• "	deposits 621.
 , ,,	cross-vein at Ardfully, 622.
 , "	drift at Kenmare, 622.
······································	precipitation of copper at Bally-
	murtagh, 574.
, analy	sis of the hematite of Ballymurtagh,
•	547.
 ,	,, limestone of Kerry, 613.
	" grey copper-ore of) 617.
•	Ardtully, \ 617.
swkins, John, Esq., on the th	rows of lodes in Cornwall, 226.
	pper-ores of the Parys mountain,
	574,-6.
, ,, str	anniferous porphyry of Geyersberg,
	665.
sees, 127-85, 225-6,-82,-86	-8, 341-2, 439,-74, 503,-27,-58-60,
	675-6,-98, 600,-22, -8 1-5, 715 -17 .
(See Displacements. In	tersections. Leaps. Throws.)
eber, Bishop, on the frequenc	ey of earthquakes in Kumaon, 49.
	displacements of beds of auriferous
	granite at Candonga, 176.
, or	the geology of Gongo Soco, 170,
·	250,-63,-6,-8, 815,-54.
, ,	, manufacture of iron at Gongo
•	Soco, 262.
	, calcareous rocks of Antonio
•	Pereira, 804.
	flint arrow-heads from diamond-
, ,	washings in Brazil, 844.
	Magnetic declination in Mines
,	Geraës, 177.
ekston, subterranean temperat	
lemp, rope of, inferior to iron	
remb' tobe or imprior to non-	-wire robe, 130.

Hender, Wheal, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 120.
Hennezel, M. de, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of Bohemia, 1 1
Henry, Dr. William, on the argentiferous lead-ores of Crone Bawn, 745.
, ,, precipitation , , 572.
Henwood, contact of granite and slate at, 655,—7.
Henwood, Mr. John, a shareholder in the first Cornish silver-mine,
Henwood mines, 465-79. (See Douglass Houghton.) [111.
Herbert, Capt., on the auriferous granite of Kedarnath, 8.
sands of the Aluknunda, 46.
, ,, metalliferous rocks of the Himalaya, 12, 21.
, ,, mines and smelting- works of , 21,—5, 41,55.
, ,, drainage of the Dehra Doon, 42.
, ,, disappearance and reappearance of rivers in the Terrai, 44.
Herland, on the silver and silver-ores of, 111—12.
Herm, on the metalliferous deposits of, 736—7.
, ,, subterranean temperature at, 737.
Herod's-foot, on the rocks of, 700; Table XXII.
, , organic remains they contain, 700.
, " lode of, 704—15.
, ,, proportions of silver contained in the lead-ores
of, 120, 709.
,, cross-vein of, and the heave it occasions, 715-17.
, ,, machinery in use, population employed, produce, and profits at, 719—20.
Heron, Robert, Esq., on the produce and profits of Knockmahon, 442; Table XIV.
Herring, Charles, Esq., on mass (shoot) of ore at Morro Velho, 207.
, ,, single-handed boring at ,, , 199.
, on the specific gravity of the ore at VII.
, , loss of mercury) ,, , Table
during amalgamation at \ \VII.
Hewas, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 120.
Hickson, Mr. Richard, on a rich mass of gold at Gongo Soco, 272.
Hides, their use in separating gold from stamped ore, 203; Tables
Hiel, nature and proportion of alloy in the gold of, 335. [VII. IX.
Higgs, Samuel, Esq., on the produce and profits of the <i>Providence</i> mines, 444; Table XIV.

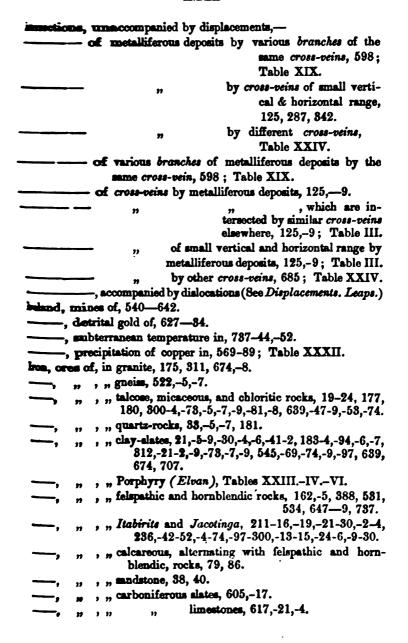
Samuel, Jr., Req., on copper-ore in the New Red Sandstone
of Alderley, 516.
3. M. A. de Saint, on the gold-mines of Brazil, 185, 287,-48-4.
implements used in them, 218.
, iron-furnaces of Giraō, 218.
detail and at People 949
, ,, scenery and \ ,, ,168, 209-10,
vegetation \ 286.
3, — Esq., on the direction, dip, width, and composition of the Cliff lode, 423.
, occurrence of native silver in ,, , 436.
Hel, W. G., Esq., on the proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone at
Wendron Consols, 472.
Emaleya, Mining in the, 4—42.
, inefficient tools used by miners in the, 51—8.
, iron-smelting in the, 58-62.
, varied occupations of the inhabitants of the, 56.
, earnings, , 60-1.
Had, H. Y., Req., on the granite of New Brunswick, 490,-1,-3.
micaceous slates of ", 499.
, sandstones and conglomerates of , , 501,-2,-3.
, ,, cupriferous shales of ,, , 503,-6.
, , copper-ores of ,, , 500.
, ,, detrital gold of ,, , 498, 500.
Eachens, Capt. Joel, on the auriferous deposit of Agoa Quente, 233.
Richins, The Rev. M., on the silver and silver-ore of Herland, 111.
House, J. S., Esq., on the detrital gold of Wicklow, 683.
Mocheder, J. C., Req., on the suriferous deposit of Gongo Soco, 178,
251,-5,-6,-60,-2,-5,-9,-71,-3,-4; Table XXII.
Heckin, John, Req., on the qualities of gold from different)
depths in Morro 205.
Velho)
alloy of , 206.
, ,, analyses of ,, , 884,-74.
, , rate of blasting ,, , 200.
rain-fall at Morro Velho, 849.
, ,, climate of ,, , 726.
subtorrancen)
temperature at , 727.
£ -

Hodge, John, Esq., on the (sulphur-ore) of Wicklow, 545,-7,-8,-66.
, " copper-ores " , 547–8.
, " auriferous iron-ores of Ballymurtagh, 550.
, ,, unfavourable influence \ Sulphur-course
of cross-veins on the of Ovoca, 560.
displacements (heaves) of the ,, , 558.
, ,, detrital gold of Wicklow, 629. [559,-60.
, " precipitation of copper at Ballymurtagh,
574–8.
Hoffman, Prof., on the dissemination of gold through granite and
alate, 175.
Holdsworth, — Esq., on the rocks of Bonmahon, 597.
Holes, experiments on boring and blasting, 199, 200; Tables VII.
XXII.
Holl, Dr. H. B., on the hornblendic rocks of the Caradon district, 662.
, " fossiliferous " " Liskeard " ,701.
Hollingshed, R., Esq., on the proportion of silver in the lead-ores of
Devon, 109.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Hollow, Capt. W., on the proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of Providence Mines, 472.
Holman, Capt. James, on the ventilation of mines, 220.
Holmbush, on the proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 120.
Hooker, Dr. J. D., on the Coal of Fitcooree, 65.
, " structure of Himalayan sandstone, 66.
Hopkins, Evan, Eeq., his experiments on the auriferous iron-ores of
Ballymurtagh, 550.
Hopkins, William, Esq., his observations on the conducting powers
of rocks, 758.
Hore, Mr. James, on ancient works at Knockmakon, 753.
Hornblendic granite, 2, 511,-17.
gneiss, 517.
and felspathic rocks, 72,-3,-9,-80, 154,-62-5,-78, 886-
887,-8, 530,-1,-41, 650,-8,
701-2.

3
, subterranean temperature in, 754, 755,-8; Tables XXXIII. XXXV.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
alates, 519, 646-7,-61-2,-71-2.
Horses (masses) of granite enclosed in lodes, 683; Table XXIII.
", talcose and micaceous slate in lodes, 381.

hea, (masses) of clay-slate in lodes, 190,—4, 812,—17,—28, 550, 551,—68; Tables XXVII. XXVIII. XXIX.
blendic rocks, in lodes, 424; Table XVII.
— " limestone ", 84.
, Itabirite enveloped by Jacotinga, 250-1.
, intersected by cross-veins, 287.
micaceous and oxydulated iron imbedded in Carvoeira, 240.
,, carboniferous alate ,, lodes, 605.
penetrated by lines of the ores which envelope them, 251, 551,-96, 713.
- , their cleavage-planes mostly coincide with those of neigh-
bouring slates, 28, 190, 251, 324,
551,-64,-96, 605, 718.
, ,, are not always coincident, 713.
Bases and mules, their liking for water holding iron-ores in sus- pension, 354.
Emphton, Dr. Douglass, on the metalliferous rocks of Lake Superior, 487.
in the drift of , 484.
Loc, T. M., Eeq., on financial operations at the Cliff mine, 440; Table XIV.
Saidobro, ores of copper in New Red Sandstone at, 77, 518-16.
petroleum obtained from ,, , 516.
Endwance, works of irrigation at, 43.
Bunboldt, M. A. de, on the disposition of silver-ore in veins, 327.
, ,, proportions of silver in the ores of
Mexico, Peru, and Chili, 97-9.
, ,, comparative values of wheel-barrows &
tram-waggons in mines, 145.
, , loads brought to the surface by Mexican
labourers, 147.
Harming-birds, their nests and note, 181.
Hangary, proportions of gold, silver, and lead in the cres of, 100-1.
Hent, Robert, Req., on the proportions of silver in the lead-ores of
the British Isles, 105,-6,-7,-8,-9,-10, 120.

Hunt, Robert, Re	q., on the produc	ce and proportions of ailver in lead
		s of East Cornwall, 708-9,-20.
	_	ce of copper-ores in East Cornwal 698
	_	silver-ore at)
	_, ,, ,,	Wheal Ludcott, " 711
Hurchinolee, on t	he iron-ores of,	• •
Ice, formation of,	in grounds who	ere the Bamboo flourishes, 45.
	in mines, 465,-	-
Inclination of pat	the by which ore	s are taken out of the Mexican and
Chilian mines,		
Indiana mine, on		
Inficionado, aurif		•
Intersections, una	companied by	displacements,—
of 1		ferous 81,-122,-87, 818, 420,-3, posits, 460,-3,-4,-5,-7,-79,-80, 515,-20,-81,-2,-64,-96, 608,-25,-57,-60,-8,-9, 674, 704.
	" "	, which are elsewhere them-
		selves intersected by the same rocks, 192, 818.
		, which are deflected by them
	" "	in the same mines, 82.
	" by cross-o	eins, 125,-9, 287, 474, 515,-26, 608,-22,-81, 715.
	" "	, some of which displace the
of r	netalliferous der	neighbouring strata, 180. posits by rocks, 176,-92-8, 318.
	,,	by other metalliferous forma-
	•	tions, 92, 127, 538.
	**	by cross-veins, 608,-22,-84, 717.
	**	by cross-veins, which simply
		traverse them at some, but displace them at other, depths, 717.
	"	by cross-series, which simply traverse them but dis- place other similar de- posits, Table XXIV.



Iron, ores of	, in Coal-m	easures, 64-8, 510.
	, "New Re	ed Sandstone, 514—15.
		ira, 239—41.
		217,-36,-45,-8,-98,-9, 815.
		nalaya, 48—55.
_		, 219-20,-60-2.
		imalaya, 53—62.
		se Superior, 388—90.
		Upper India, 43.
		rict of, 214—18.
	"	, quantities of gold obtained in, 216-17
 ,	"	, qualities of ,, , 215.
 ;	"	, mode of working and description or
,	"	tools used in, 217—18.
 ,	"	, gold extracted from mud in the street
•	.,	at, 217.
, manı	nfacture of	iron in the neighbourhood of, 218-20.
		and metalliferous deposits of, 214-18.
		he name, 172, 214.
		, 211–16,–19,–21,–4,-7,–42,-4,-8,-9,-50,-1
•	-	287,-97,-8, 803,-13,-24,-88-9, 767.
, strt	acture of, 2	211,-14,-16,-21,-8,-5,-7,-42,-9,-50,-1,-98
		gold, 219,-42,-5,-9. [824,-9,-89, 767
		s) of, imbedded in, and veined with, aurifer-
01	as Jacotinge	a, 251,-65,-87, 824.
, thir	n, short, sha	allow cross-veins of quarts sometimes simply
		sometimes displace, the rocks, 225,-87, 841.
Itacolumite,	derivation o	f the name, 178.
,	composition	and structure of, 170,-2,-8, 801.
Ives, Saint, s	ubterranear	a temperature in the neighbourhood of, 752.
Ives, Saint,	Co ns olidate	d Mines, proportions of tin-ore in the vein-
		stones of the, 472.
		, profits of the, 448; Table XIV.
Jackson, Dr.	C. T., on t	he drift copper of Lake Superior, 485.
	, " F	prehistoric mining near ", 412,-14.
	, on t	he <i>lodes</i> , , 420,—8,
		465,-79.
	 , ,,	distribution of copper in, ,, , 433.

, subterranean temperature, 733-4. ———————————————————————————————————
perature \ " , 155-2. Alger, Esq., on copper-ores of the Nova Scotian coal-measures, 507.
Scotian coal-measures, 507.
Jecetinga, derivation of the name, 214.
place of in the Itabirite formation, 214,-16,-19,-22,-3,
224,-7,-8,-9,-80,-45,-7,-50-1,-7,-9,-62-7,-71,-4,-81,-2,
318,-14,-19,-25,-6.
, encloses Horses of Itabirite containing lines of auriferous
Jacotinga, 251,-65, 819.
, limited vertical and horizontal range of rich beds, 224,-7,
230,-2-4,-62,-4-7,-9,-71,-82, 325.
, composition of, 214-15,-19,-21,-3,-7-9,-30,-3-4,-44,-5,
251,-4,-5,-6-7,-62,-4-75, 313-14,-24,-7.
, structure of, 214,-19,-21,-3,-7,-8,-30,-46,-9,-56,-9,-60,
264-9,-70, 318-19,-29-30.
———, distribution of gold in, 215,-16,-19,-28-7,-80,-3,-4,-42,
245,-7,-57,-62-4,-6,-71,-2,-4,-7, 819,-26,-80.
proportions of gold in, 230,-2,-5,-55,-79,-81, 325,-7,-31.
, nature, proportion, and distribu-
tion of alloy in, 215,-36,-86,
885,-7,-8.
, displacements of, by cross-veins, 226,-8,-86-7, 841.
, temperature of mines in, 728-81,-51,-6,-7,-8,-61; Tables
XXXII.—XXXVI.
Jamaica, on the copper-bearing granite of, 511.
James, Captain Richard, on submarine works at Wheal Margery, 599.
James, S. H., Esq., on submarine works at Botallack, 599.
, on the proportion of tin in the vein-stone of, , , 472.
, " proceeds and profits of " ,443;
Table XIV.
existence of cels in mine.
water at , , , 717.
Jars, M. G., on the proportions of silver in Norwegian ores, 100.
English lead-ores, 107.

_

Jars, M. G., on the or	res of Fal	hlun, 54	18.		
Jeffery, Captain Will	iam, on t	he auri	ferous de	posit of	Gongo Soc
• •	•				5,-66,-70-8.
Jenkin, Alfred, Eeq.,	on the p	roportio	ns of me		
			111—12		
Jenkin, Wheal, on th		•		•	
					Gran San
Jennings, Captain Wi	mm, on	MG WILL	ilerous a	eposte os	255,—66 271–4.
	 .	••	27	of	Antonio Per
	•	,,	"		reira, 804.
	OT	a land	elin et (Jamaa S	oco, 850.
Jewel, Wheal (Calsto					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Jewel, Wheal (Gwenn					L
	, pro			ote VI A	. [at, 694.
Jham, on the ferrugin					
Jherria, on the ferrug				_	
Johnson, P. N., Esq.,				d-ore of	
	of si	ver in t			110.
,		99			heal Ducky
				Brothers	
,	analysis	of <i>Carv</i>	oeira fro	m Catte	Preta, 240.
,	"	Jaco	tinga "	Gong	o Soco, 267.
	"	aurif	erous m	stive co	pper from
•	••		rač, 287		••
			•		ores from
,	>>				eea, 546.
			ores from		
,	"				
,	"				o, 884,-74.
 ,	"		om Gong		
,	on the lo			•	
 ,	**	ad-ore o	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, 536	
,	,, pı	roportio	n of gold	l in the	vein-stone of
			G	trasty, 8	78.
,	"	22	of palls	dium)	Candonga,
·			in the g	old of)	175, 834.
,	"	> >	of alloy		Jongo Soco,
•	••	••		•	286, 885,
					837,-8.
	•	of	tellurium		atta Branca,
,	"	79 32 (- ,,	886.

imme, P	. N., I	Esq., on the qualities of gold in different rocks, 286, 332—6.	,
_			1
		-, his present of palladium to the Geologica	ı
	D D	Society of London, 386.	_
emone,	, n., n.	eq., M.D., on the elevation of land at Caldera by	7
		by an earthquake, 157-8.	
resiton,	J. W.	F., Esq., on the Geology of New Brunswick, 490 ———, ,, sandstones of ,, , 501	
-		, ,, slate of the Tattagouche, 495.	
-wate, du	rection	s of, in granite, 3, 841,-85, 492, 511, 678-4,-80-1	•
 ,	77	, " gneiss, 520,—6.	
	99	, ,, talcose, micaceous, and chloritic slates, 7, 12-	
		13, 15, 18, 26, 211,-98, 801,-2, 603,-87, 651-2,-74.	,
 ,	"	, ,, quartz-rocks, 80, 180.	
 .	"	, ,, clay-slate, 26, 182-3,-6,-7,-8,-90,-1,-3,-5	
		207, 317,-21,-3, 500-1,-59,-75, 674, 703; Tables II. XXIV. XXVII. XXVIII.	;
 ,	**	, " porphy ry , 651—2.	
 .	"	, " hornblendic and felspathic rocks, 161,-4, 405 648,-71.	'>
	**	, ,, & limestone	В
•		which alternate with them, 74, 84,-8, 124	
—,	**	, " carboniferous slate, 603,—14; Tables XX	
<u> </u>	,,	, ,, ,, limestone, 614. [XXI	
<u> </u>	**	, ,, the Coal-measures, 503,—6.	
	**	, ,, New Red Sandstone, 515.	
	**	, ,, recent sandstone, 155.	
	"	, ,, rocks generally, their influence on metallifer-	-
,	**	ous deposits, 474, 560, 603,-49.	
	**	, " metalliferous deposits, 76, 84,-8, 181,-6,-7	
,	**	188,-91,-3, 207,-23,-5,-46,-50,-64, 421	-
		433,-67,-8,-80, 543,-51-8,-69,-97, 608	
		605,-80-1, 712; Tables III. VI. VIII	
		X, XVII. XVIII. XX, XXI, XXIII. XXIV	
		, " metalliferous de-) native copper, 433,-69,-80	
•	99	posite containing Table XIII	
	**	, ,, gold, 181,—2, 228	
7	**	264; Tables	
		VIII. X.	-
 ,	"	, ,, ,, ,, silver, 76; Table	ı
	"	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	5 z		

Joints, dir	ection		alliferous ts contain		f copper, 13, 187, -8, 207, 321, -8; Table X.
,	n	, ,,	"	,,	iron, 181, 225,—47,
					264, 469.
 ,	**	, ,,	"	"	iron (auriferous),
					187,—8, 207, 821 ,
					823; Tables VI. X. molybdenum, 654.
	")))	99	99	
 -,	")))	"	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	silver, 76, 88.
 ,	**	, ,,	"	rragmen	tary matter, 75, 225, 247.
	,,	, ,,	39	clay, 18	, 182, 559, 648,—83.
	"			124, 688.	, 202, 202, 222, 2
	"				opposite sides, 483,
•	"	, 6			48,-88; Table VI.
	**	, displa			ous deposits by, 188,
	"		nitted by		[301, 474, 559.
<u> </u>	"				y, 195-6; Table VI.
José, San				at, 164-5.	,, 200 0, 2000
					of works at, 124;
	(- Postanos	Tables IV. XIV.
Juan, Sa	s. on	the ores of	copper i	n sandstone	
					nd Kerry, 602-8,-11-
·,	, _	•	ous slates	_ >	12.
		- on the		•	010 14
		ous li	mestones	of }	,, 612–14.
		-, on the	carbonif	er-)	£19
			rus shales	of(,, 618.
		-		Ardtully, I	
					t Morro Velko, 199.
Junctions	of gr	anite and s	date in t	he Caradon	, Camborne, Helston,
Saint I	YOS, A	nd Saint Ju	st distric	ts, on the, 6	56-60.
					n-wire ropes at, 148.
Just, Sair	at, on	the native	silver of,	110.	
	- , s ut	terranean t	emperatu	re in, 752.	
Kala Bun	. on 1	he calcared	ua rocka	of. 81.	
	•	on the detr			
	-0,22		copos	,	

Katharinenburg, on alloys in the gold of, 335.

Kempston, Nicholas, Esq., on the black copper-ore of Connorm, 565.

Impaton, Nicholas,	Esq., on the use of a beechen plunger at . Connorres, 569.
	1 11 1 6
	the pumps at , , 570.
John, Req.,	on profits made in Wheal Vor, 446.
	trict near, on the rocks of the, 611-15.
, "	, ,, copper and lead lodes of the,
, "	616-21.
	, ,, cross-vein of the, 622.
,	, subterranean temperature observed
, ,,	in the, 742-4.
Company Point, on	the configuration of, 394.
	, rocks of, 394-404.
•	,, lodes of, 405-89.
· ·	
,	Tables XII. XIII.
 ,	
• '	, native silver of, 430. , cross-vein (Slide) at, 439.
•	oterranean temperature observed at, 738-4.
	the erection of a Man-engine at the Cliff mine,
, 01	489-40.
 ,	,, produce and profits of mines at, 440,-59;
•	Table XIV.
 ,	, antiquities discovered at, 412-19.
	ature of water in the well at, 749.
	von, on the gold-mine of Berezovsk, 177.
	, ,, detrital gold and pla- 175, 840;
	tina of the Ural, Table XXII.
	, ,, copper-ore of the Coal-measures in
	the Ural, 508.
Chetmree, on the ire	m-mines, furnaces, and miners of, 21,-9,-57;
Kiralongarh, on the i	
Churns, on the iron-	
Killerney, magnetic	
	., on the chloritic minerals of Cork, 602.
	on the argentiferous lead-ores of Cornwall,
•	rocks of, 593, 601, 738. [118,-19,
	organic remains at, 594—5.
• ••	lodes of, 594—8, 739; Table XIX.
•	cross-veins of, 598.
, ,,	

Knockmahon, on the submarine works at, 599—600.
, ,, subterranean temperature at, 740.
, " produce, costs, and profit at, 442, 601; Table XIV.
Knott, Capt. William, on the proportions of metal in the silver-ores
of the East Cornwall Silver Mines, Wheal
Duchy, Wheal Brothers, Wheal Sisters,
Wheal Langford, and Wheal Mexico
(Calstock), 115—16.
Kokcharoff, M., on a mass of detrital gold discovered at Zarevo-
Alexandrofsky, Table XXII.
Kotelar, on the iron-ores and furnaces of, 29, 57.
Kumaon, on the rocks of, 1-4.
————, " copper-mines of, 4—18.
———, " iron- " , 18—42.
———, " mining-works of, 48—58.
——————————————————————————————————————
, ,, Royalties paid in, 62-3.
———, ,, detrital deposits of, 42—6.
, ,, , streams disappear in, and reappear
from beneath, them, 44.
, on the forests of, 21.
Kurn Pryag, gold in the Aluknunda at, 4.
Kurrye, on the rocks and copper-ores of, 4.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Kyroolee, on the iron-ores of, 33,—7.
Lac la Belle, subterranean temperature at, 733.
Lake Superior, temperature of, 734.
, navigation of, 434.
, subterranean temperature in the neighbourhood of,
, on ancient copper-mining near, 412-19. [733-4.
Lamborn, — Esq., on the manufacture of iron near Lake Superior, 890.
Lamellar structure common to rocks and lodes, 85,-8; Table III.
Lamps used by labourers (apires) in Chili, 147.
Secred protected by cromleche in the Himaleya 19
Lan M — on the proportion of silver)
Lan, M. —, on the proportion of silver Spanish lead-ores, 103.
, ,, French ,, , 104.
Land, price of, near Lake Superior, 390.
, ,, in Cornwall, enhanced by the discovery of copper-ore in. 694.

```
Frequent at Gongo Soco during the rainy season, 350.
 wheal, proportions of silver in the ores of, 115,-20.
 proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stones of, 472.
 areath, on the Mining district of, 699-720.
      —, subterranean temperature of, 748-9.
 Tham, J. A., Esq., on the ancient copper-miners of Lake Superior,
 rooms, on the early discovery of copper-ore at, 154.
. M. — , on the auriferous deposits of California, 338—9.
                   " detrital gold ..... of
                                                        , 843.
Laws, Mining, of Brazil, 861-5.
                 of Chili, 148.
Land, directions, inclinations, widths, and ingredients of deposits
          containing,-
    -, ores of, in gneiss, 517-27.
               , in quartz-rocks, 643-5.
               , in clay-slate, 699-720.
           "
               , in hornblendic and felspathic rocks, 532-8, 701-2.
                , in carboniferous limestone, 610-21.
           77
               , associated with gold, in Australia, 99.
            77
                                     , in Brazil, 334,-75.
            77
                                     , in Virginia, 376,-7.
            *7
                          "
                                     , in Wales, 640.
           "
               , associated with silver, in Australia, 99.
            ,,
                                      , in Bohemia, 101.
            "
                                      , in Chili, Table III.
                          "
            77
                                      , in Cornwall, 111-12,-15-21,
            29
                          97
                                                           707—14.
                                      , in Cumberland, 108—9.
            "
                                      , in Derbyshire, 109.
            **
                          99
                                      , in Devonshire, 109-10.
            "
                          ,,
   __,
__,
__,
                                      , in Durham, 107-8.
            77
                                      , in France, 103-5, 526,-37.
                          ,,
                                      , in Hanover, 101.
                          "
    <del>---</del>,
                                      , in Hungary, 100-1.
   __;
___;
                                      , in Ireland, 105, 546,-8,-9, 621.
            ,,
                          ,,
                                      , in the Isle of Man, 105.
            **
                          "
                                      , in Northumberland, 107-8.
                                      , in Norway, 100.
            97
                          **
                                      , in Sark, 121, 535-7.
            99
                                      , in Scotland, 106, 643-5.
            ,,
                          ,,
                                      , in Shropshire, 109.
```

Lead, o	res c	f, ı	associated with	silver, in Sicil	y and Calabria, 102,
—,	,,	,	**	, in Spain	
 ,		,	"		Inited States, 99.
 ,		,	"		s, 106-7, 546,-76.
 ,	"	-			by them at different
•	"	•	depths, 708-		•
, Lead-m	,, nin es ,		condition of th	e silver contain	ed in them, 121, 710. 56,-8; Tables XXXIV. XXXV.
Lean, M	l estr	s. 7	Thomas and Jo	el, on the use	of the plunger-pole at
Leaps	(See	Di	splacements.— I	rertical.) [Cr	enver and Oatfield, 570.
Leitao,	M.,	on 1	the proportion	of silver in Sp	anish lead-ore, 103.
		OI			forded by French lead-
Le Play	y, M.	F.	on the detrit	al gold of Sibe	ria, Table XXII.
					.), on the silver-ores of
			native silver o		Cornwall, 116,-18.
	•			marine works a	•
	•, •	,		; Table XIV.	•
					bstituted for Stopes in
				es of Cornwall	
Levy,	Arma	nd,			tonio Pereira, 218.
					-mines of Brazil, 369.
Liefchi	ld, J .				ys at Wheal Friendship,
					Huidobro, 513. [144.
	_	,,	,,	· "	Siberia, 508-9.
		,,	"		s of New Brunswick, 506-10.
		,	**	,,	of Nova Scotia, 507-8.
Lime.				ınd at Gwithian	-
		_			heal Falmouth, 585.
				,-97, 804,-13,-	
				2,-5,-6,-8,-9, 9	
			the Himalaya,		
				16,-18-21,-2-6	•
					ture of, 71-9, 82,-5,-6, 89, 92, 304.
		انه	liceous,	,,	, 5, 12—16, 18,
	•		•	••	78, 24 5, — 9,
					304,-18 ₁ -19.
	 ,	m	agnesian,	••	, 85, 297-8, 804.

-memones, carbonnerous, composition & structure of, 613-16,-18-
, sprinkled and veined with copper-ore, 13. [621,-2-6.
, silver and silver-ore, $76-7$,
, lodes in, 80-124, 616-21,-23-6. [89-90.
, subterranean temperature in, 724-5,-42-4.
agula-flags, auriferous deposits in the, 635-42.
Listurns mines, on the returns, expenditure, and profit of the, 459-
Linkeard, mining-districts near, 650-720,-44-9. [460.
Little Bounds, extent of submarine works at, 600.
Liene, unsuccessful attempts to naturalize the, in Chili, 141.
Lloyd, The Rev. C. A. A., on the climate of Shropshire, 750.
Lloyd, Colonel, on the mines of Chafarcillo, 148.
Lloyd, The Rev. Dr., on the climate of various localities 788—9,
in Ireland, 741,
declination at , 541,-75.
Lodes. (See Metalliferous deposits.)
Legan, Sir W. E., on the sandstones of Lake Superior, 393.
, ,, of New Brunswick, 502-8.
, ,, fossil flora of ,, , 505.
Leadale, William, Esq., on the fossil flora of New Brunswick, 505.
Lary, M. Ch., on the rocks of Chalanches, 519.
Loss of gold during the processes of reduction at Morro Velho, 204-5.
Lec, J. A. De, Esq., on alternations of granite and slate at Cook's-
kitchen, 658.
Lucencia, on the precipitation of copper at, 590,-2.
Ludcott, Wheal, on the proportions of silver and of lead in the ores
of, 120, 710-11.
, produce, profit, and loss at, 719.
Luke, Capt. John, on the auriferous deposits of Agoa Quente, 238.
————, " Gongo Soco, 278.
Lueghanes, on the iron-ores of, 22.
Lettea Gark, on the copper-ores of, 20.
Lushington, G. T., Eq., on native-mining in the Himalaya, 51.
—————, on the wages of native }
miners in the y
, on experimental works) ,, by a
in the Cornish Superin- tendent, 52.
, on the use of pine-torches in the Himalaya, 52.
, on the the of pine-withes in the riminity, 52.

Lushington, G. T, Esq., on the scenery of the Himalaya, 16.
Luz, Senr. J. D. R. da, on the supercession of mining by agricultu
in Brazil, 870.
Lyell, Sir Charles, on the fossil flora of New Brunswick, 504-5
Lyon, Capt. G. F., R.N., on the auriferous deposits at Gongo So-
257,-68,-9,-71,-3,-8,-84
, on a landslip at Gongo Soco, 850.
Lysons, The Rev. D., on the proportion of silver contained in the
lead-ores of Devon and Cornwall, 110,-11,-1
Maarum, on the iron-furnaces of, 19.
Macculloch, Dr. John, on the Geology of Sark, 530,-2.
, " mica-slate of Breadalbune, 645,-50.
, ,, curvatures of schistose rocks, 260.
, ,, relations of beds and veins to the rock adjoining them, 187.
Machinery, manufactured in England for the mines of Brazil, 288
Magalhäes, Colonel F. L. M. de, on his mine of Thesoureiro, 303.
Magnesian limestone, 85, 297-8, 804.
Magnetic declination, in Brazil (Minas Geraës), 177.
, in Chili (Chafarcillo), 69.
, in England (Cornwall), 673, 708.
, , (Shropshire) 515.
, in France (Bourg d'Oisans), 520.
, in India (Nynee Tal), 8.
, in Ireland, 541, 608,-16.
, in Jamaica, 511.
, in Scotland, 647.
, in Spain (Bilbao), 518.
, in the United States (Lake Superior), 405.
, " (Virginia), 872.
, in Wales, 575, 687.
Mahon, G. C., Req., on the sulphur-ores of Wicklow, 548,-4,-8,-51, 552,-6,-60,-1.
, ,, suriferous and argentiferous pyrites of Connorree, 568.
Maid, Wheal, profits of, 451; Table XIV.
Mallet, William, Eeq., on the detrital gold and tin-ore of Wicklow,
manies, william, and., on the demining gold and ani-old of wildow,

Le of, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 105.				
be-engines, notices of, 439, 609.				
Impenese, ores of, in Bengal, 65.				
, " France, 527.				
, ,, the Himalaya, Table I.				
, " New Brunswick, 496.				
Inte de Agua, an impermeable bed of clayey limestone, 77.				
Esnto de Cachi, a thin bed of calcareous spar, 79.				
Mente de Ossa, dimensions, composition, and structure of, 75, 82.				
, displacement of by flucans, 125.				
Marazion district, subterranean temperature in the, 752.				
Marchand & Scheerer, MM., on the specific gravity of copper after compression, 430.				
Margery, Wheal, extent of underground works at, 599.				
Meranna, present poverty of the gold-mines near, 368.				
Mate Valley, on the rocks of, 656,-9,-61,-7-8,-71,-3,-4.				
in confronting (walls) sides of the lode 659-60.				
, , lodes of, 676,-7,-9; Table XXVI.				
, , the population employed, machinery in use at, and produce of, 698.				
subterranean temperature at, 746.				
Marnato, diminution of springs consequent on clearing the surface at, 137.				
, sullarrancan temperature at, 770.				
Marrot, M., proportion of silver in the lead-ore of France, 104.				
Martina, Dr. C. F. P. von, on the mountains of Minas 178.				
& Splx, Dr. J. B. von, Geraës,				
, ,, vegetation ,, , 169.				
, ,, rocks of ,, 174, 210,-11, 212, 304.				
, , minerals of ,, , 174, 805-6.				
, gold-mines of , , 180,—4—5, 222-8,-38-9, 243, 303.				
quality of gold in , , 213.				
, iron smelt- works of , 212-13.				

		clay-slates and greenstones of, 700—3.
 ,	"	direction, dip, width, and composition of the lode at, 704-14.
	"	brecciated and concretionary structure
 ,	"	prevalent in portions of, 712-14. (seemingly) isolated masses of vein-stone
,	"	which represent it, 714. proportions of silver a extracted from the 120.
		lead-ores of,)
 ,	"	,, , obtained at differ-
		ent depths in, 709. cross-veins (flucan) at, 715-16.
	"	dienlessments of
,	**	the lode by, 716-17.
,	"	sulphate of lime contained in the water at, 717.
 ,	"	subterranean temperature at, 748; Tables XXXIV. XXXV.
 ,	"	rate at which the works have been deepened, 748.
,	,,	population employed at, machinery in use
		at, produce and profits of, 718-20.
		of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472.
Masses of native copp	per,	427,-8,-9,-34-5,-62,-70-1,-5-7,-81,-5; Tables XII., XIII.
,, silve	er, 91	1,-2,-8,-123,-4, 436-7, 521; Tables III., IV.
" gold	l, 2 1	5,-16,-33,-72,-3,-7,-9,-80,-3,-303; Tables VIII. XXII.
Mason, James, Esq. (Bar	on de Pomeron), on the petroleum of Huidobro, 516.
Maton, W. G., Esq., o Matthews, B., Esq., o	on th n the	ne profit made at Carnon-Stream, 452. a produce and profits of West Wheal Seton, 449.
Matthews, J., Esq., or	n the	proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stones of different mines, 472.
 ,	,,	produce, costs, and profits of mines near Tavistock, 458,—9.
,	.,	comparative values of barrows and rail-

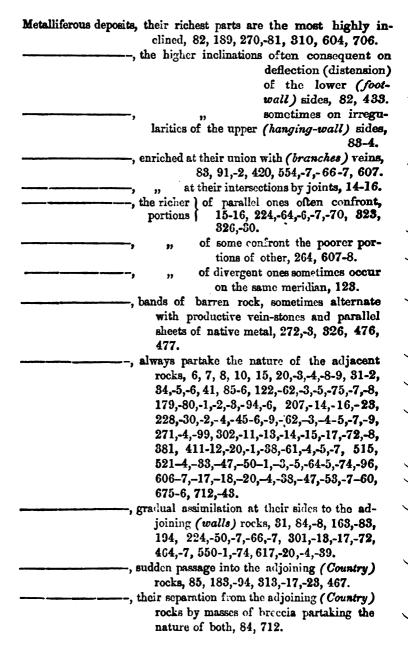
_	,	red) waste of copper-ore near Tavistock, 693.				
Lathey, G., Eeq., on the quality of Californian gold, Table XXII.						
Marix. (See Composition.)						
Lee, J., Eeq., on the	topaz an	d euclase of Brazil, 300,-5.				
 , ,,	gold-mir	nes of ,, , 243, 351.				
, "		gold of , , , 221, 301,–42.				
		on of gold by smugglers, 365.				
Layen, Dr., on the va						
Mendow-mine, on the						
Mehelchoweree, on the						
Mendips, on fossilifero						
marcury, on the quant		use at Morro Velho, Table VII.				
, "	, los	834,-74.				
 , "		t in California, Table XXII.				
Merionethshire, on the						
 , ,,		rbaries of, 580.				
Metales calidos, most	plentiful a	t small depths, 97, 121-2.				
Maales frios,		t great ,, , 97, 121-2.				
		granite, 175, 811,-20, 511-12,				
of	through	664.				
 ,	n	talcose rocks, 177, 210,-99, 801, 802,-3,-20, 495.				
,	**	porphyry, traversing mica-slate, 654.				
 ,	"	clay-slate, 175,-86,-96,-321.				
·	"	calcareo-siliceous rocks, 249, 304,				
,	••	323.				
,	,1	Itabirite (Jacotinga), 219,—42, 249,-55.				
 ,	**	calcareous, alternating with horn-				
		blendic, rocks, 76-7, 89-90.				
 ,	"	coal-shales, 502-10.				
,	"	mandstones, 513–15.				
 ,	"	trappean conglomerate, 475.				
, disse		of copper and the ores of copper,				
,		236, 475,-95, 503-10,-11-12.				
,	••	gold, 175,-7,-86,-96, 210-19,-36,				
•		249,-55,-6,-8,-99, 800,-1,-2,				
		803,-4,-11,-24,-75.				

Metallic minerals, disse	mination of n	nolybdenite	, 654.
 ,			he ores of silver, 7
•	••	77, 89-9	0.
,	,, ti	in-ore, 175	, 664.
Metalliferous deposits;		ions, inclin	ations, and widths-
;	in Brazil,	181,-2,-3,-4	4,-8,-9 ,- 90, * 211, -1
	216,-17,-19	9,-21,-3,-7	-9,-30-5,-6,- 4 0,- 2 ,-4
			0,-1,-2,-3,-9,-10,-11
	375; Tabl		
 ;	in the Chan	nel Islands	s, 531,—2,— 3 , 737
•	Table XV		
;	in Chili, 71	, 81 ,-8, 91	1-3, 133,-61 -2,-4-5 ;
	-	lable III.	
;	", , div		ctions of, 81.
		(Cornwal	1, 410, 674-5, 704-5
;	in England;	Table Chronel	S XXIII.—XXIX.
_	in France, 5	Shropsh	
;			earings of, 520,-6.
;			7, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15,
,			30,-3,-5,-6,-7,-9, 41;
	Tables I. I	_	00, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 2,,
·			3-4,-96, 603-4,-16,
,		ables XVI	
:	in Scotland,		
•	in Spain, 51		
,	,	1	near Lake Superior,
		· 1	405,-6,-8,-9,-10,
		10	411, -23, -85, -60,
;	in the Unit	ed States, {	463, -4, -5, -7-8,
			479,—80; Tables XII. XIII. XV.
			in Virginia, 372,-5,
		l	376,-9,-80.
	in Wales, 5		
,	yielding the		mony, 520-1,-32,-42-
			45,-63-4, 616; Tables
			. XVII.
,	"		auth, 372, 542-4, 687-
			; Table X.
,,	"		omium, 647-9.
,	"		alt, 116, 520-1; Table
		2	KVI.

militares deposits, yiening
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701-5: 71-48 XXXX
XXIX TO THE STATE OF THE STATE
, ,
on an of more than
n of meke, 521_1
w Of pair charge gray
2004-8-16,-48,
266.
266.
n D A representation
168-9-9, 227-9-85, 219-05,
219_55 / 55 / 685
420 500 7
C16,-87-6 -2/-42-4
III VI view
AVII TO AVI
XXVIII XXIII
n of tellurium era
" n of tellurium, 376,-9-80.
" of tin, 674-5; Tables XXV.
may1.

Metalliferous deposits, yieldi	ng the ores of zinc, 520-1,-63,-77, 629
• • •	637-8,-43,-70
, in gr	anite, 674-5; Tables XXIII.—XXVI.
	eiss, 520-1.
· •	cose, micaceous, and chloritic rocks,
	7, 9, 11, 19, 20,-2,-8,-6, 177, 211,-96
	0,-1,-2,-3,-9,-10,-11,-72,-5,-7,-9-80
	3-4,-52,-74-5; Tables I. X. XXV. XXVI.
in an	artz-rocks, 181; Table X.
	y-slate, 5, 25,-6,-8,-31, 182,-3,-8,-9,
	, 309,-10,-11,-72,-7, 542-4,-63-4,-75,
	5, 674-5; Tables II. X. XXV.—XXIX.
	careous slate, 4, 12, 85,-6,-7.
	birite (Jacotinga), 214,-16,-19,-21,-3,
	7,-9-85,-42,-5,-9,-58-4,-9,-68,-4,-6,-7
	, 309-11; Tables VIII. X.
	ornblendic rocks, 405-10,-11,-20,-3,-60,
	5,-4,-5,-7-8,-79,-80-1, 532, 647, 704-5 ;
Tal	oles XII. XIII. XV. XVII. XXVII.
XX	VIII.
, in Ho	ornblendic rocks alternating with lime-
stor	nes, 71, 81-3, 91, 183; Table III.
, in Ce	rboniferous slates, 608-4,-16; Table
	XX.
, in	", limestone, $618, -19, -20$,
·	623; Table XXI.
, in Ne	w Red Sandstone, 515.
	led by different rocks on opposite (walls)
	s, 616; Table XXI.
	ing which granite) (hanging) upper,
,,	occurs nearer the \ than in the (foot
	surface in the) wall) lower, side, 658.
	,, (foot) lower, than
,	in the (hanging wall) upper, side, 657-60; Tables XXV. XXVI.
at the	junctions of different rocks, sometimes
•	e awhile between them, before passing
	one into the other, 81-2, 616,-57-60,
701	one into the outer, 01-2, 010,-01-00,

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•

Lalliferous deposits , often enclose (horses) masses of the ous rocks, 20, 84, 181,-90,-1,-4, 312,-17,-19,-73,-8,-81, 420,-4,-	251,-65,
480, 551,-5,-64,-8,-76,-96, 605, 712.	
(Country) formations, and the (horses) masses of rock, 190,-1,-3 265, 313,-18-19,-78,-81, 424-5,- 564, 605-6,-24,-48, 712.	included 8-4, 251, 61, 551,
, the shallower parts of, abound in earth iron-ore, 10, 29, 162,-5,-77,-83, 299, 302,-3,-12,-14,-73-4,-5,-7,-525,-34,-45-6,-7,-65,-77,-97, 606,639,-53,-76,-7,-8, 706,-10; Table	246,-62, 81, 515, 5,-17,-24, s III. VI.
, general characters of their several vei (See Composition.)	in-stones.
	,–16,–18,
, traversed longitudinally, by joints, 2 161,-81, 223, 302, 42 461,-8,-80,-1,-3, 515, 618,-24,-80.	25,-83,-8,
,, obliquely, by joints, 76, 1 468,-74,-80, 575.	181, 302,
, ,, transversely, by joints, 181 480, 559,-78.	l,-7, 29 9,
	y) rocks, 01-2,-17,
——————————————————————————————————————	228,-5,-8,
vergently) scored, when faced wit ores, and clay, 13, 207, 878, 433, 648,-54.	h metals,
the contiguous rocks, 85.	n and to

Metalliferous deposits	, of schisto	se structure,		
				,-9,-62,-5,-9
				8, 800 ,-1,-2 ,
				14,–18,–19,
				-8,-64,-8-9,
			5 75.	
	, ,	, o	ften displa	y (divergent-
			ly) stri	ated faces of
			unctuo	us clay, 552.
	concretion	ary structure		
	CAVETROUS	structure of,	77, 89, 19	95, 225, 812,
	377, 42	2,-31, 515, 69	25,-81, 70	07,-18.
	, cavities (oughs) in 1	hem, sp	rinkled with
				0 , 195, 225,
	24 6, 81:	2,-77, 43 1, 5	15, 625,-(31.
 ,	relations b	etween their) in clay-	elate, 199—
		and produce	205,	829,-81;
	(of gold)	at different	(Tables	VII. X.
	depths,	•••••) XXII	[,
	•	99		tinga, 282 —
	284,-69-	70 ,-88-4, 82 4	-7,-9,-31	; Table X.
		etween their l		
	drace (of	native coppe	r), at diffe	erent depths,
	in hornt	olendic (trap)	rocks, 82	26.
 ,	proportion	s of native o	opper in,	421,-84-6,
	-			470-1.
,	***	,,	,	at different
•	••	••		s, 421,-36.
	. 29	of copper-or	-	•
		of gold in,		
	"	01 8014 12,	18696-	8, 201-5,-8,
				5,-7,-49,-55,
				81, 812,-20,
				4,-5,-7,-81,
				78 - 4, - 5, - 7,
				,—88, 550,
			568, 64	
				I. X. XXII
				ent depths,
·	"	" ,		, 201-5,-84,
			881,-	· . · · ·
				VII. VIII.
		of lead-ore	X. XX	L 4
			M. 030.	

In Element demosits	monortic	ons of silver and \ 76, 90-121,-58,
	, proportio	ailver-ore in, 206,-36,-86, 334-
		835,-8,-9,-40,-73
		-374,-8, 437-8,
		522-4,-85-6,-45,
		546, -9, -66, -8,
		617,—82,—42,
		708-11; Tables
		VII. X. XXII.
	" "	,, , at different depths,
		206,–86, 338–9,
		708—9; Tables VII. X. XXII.
		of tin-ore in, 472-3, 693.
	intersection	ons and) by other metalliferous de-
	displacem	nents of, posits, 92, 127,-8, 493, 538.
		L
,	,,	225,-87, 841, 439,-74,
		503,-15,-27,-58,-75,-98-
		599, 608,-22,-44,-83-5,
		716-17.
 ,	,,	, by rocks, 176,-92-4, 818.
 ,	"	, by joints, 183, 341, 474,
	_	559,-75.
 ,	subterrane	ean temperature in and near, 728-84.
 ,	issue of i	inflammable gas from crevices in,
	(7)	195-6.
,	(Demiral)	of copper near Lake Superior,
		484-5.
,	"	of gold in Australia, 843,-56,-9; Table XXII.
		in Remon 691
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	**	in Bolivia 260
·	"	in Beeril 900 049 70
·	"	in Colifornia 848 - Makla
 ,	"	in Canada 994 FYVII
	"	,, in Chili, 845,-60.
		in India 8-4 46 7
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	"	in Iroland 697 94
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	"	in New Granada 260
,	"	in Nove Scotie Table
,	"	XXII.
 ,	,,	" in the Rhine, 848,-51-2,
,	••	356,-8,-60; Table XXII

Metalliferous deposits	(Detrital),	, of	gold	in Siberia, 175, 342,-3,-6, 848,-60; Table XXII.
			,,	in the United States, 384.
,	2)		"	, Ancient detritus, 283, 342-5,-6,-8.
 ,	,,	:	3 7	, proportions of metal ex- tracted from, 346,—8. \$58; Table XXII.
	, ,,		"	, quality of metal extracted superior to that of mine-gold, 359-60.
	"		"	, crystals of metal extract- ed from, 856,-9, 632.
	, ,,		,,	, traced to the parent formations, 175, 343,-59-60.
	, ,,		,,	, cost of extraction, 846,-8, 358; Table XXII.
	, (Detrital)	of g	old.)
•	Recent	detri	itus,	46, 346-8,-51-2,-9.
		,,	•	, crystals of gold in, 356,-8.
		,,		, shaped implements and
	,	,		ornaments mixed with, 844-5.
	, ,	,		, an ancient Indian village imbedded in, 884.
	•	,,		, grains of gold swallowed
	,	•		by water-fowl, 856.
	(Detrital)	\ of	tin-	ore, in Australia, 286.
	, 20		,,	, in Banca, 631.
		,		, in Cornwall, 452-3, 695.
	, ,,	,	"	, in Ireland, 629-31.
	, ,,	,	17	, mixed with gold, 286,
	9 99	,	"	629-81.
	, ,,	,	••	, associated with platina, 286.
	·, ,,	,	,,	, superior to mine-tin-ore in quality, 859.
	', ,,	•	"	, profit and loss on the extraction of, 452-3; Table XIV.
	`1 77	,	"	, issue of inflammable gas from ancient vegetable matter overlying it, 453.

Law, the stream of the, affected by the condition of the woods at
ita source, 188.
lenco, proportion of metal in the silver-ores of, 98,-9.
——, weight of ore brought out of the mines in, by labourers. 147.
Herice, Wheal (Calstock), proportions of metal in the silver-ores of 115.
Lxice, Wheal (Cubert), on the native silver and silver-ore of, 110.
lica, an ingredient of the rocks, 2, 3, 4, 29, 30, 64, 171,-2,-4,-7
210,-11, 376,-9,-86,-7,-92, 491, 503,
511, 613,-43,-50,-62,-3,-7,-70.
, ,, metalliferous deposits, 511,-24, 675,
Michell, Edmund, Esq., on the profit made at Carnon-Stream, 452.
Michell, Edward, Esq., on the proportions of metal in the silver-ores
of Herland, 112.
, silver in the lead-ores of
Menheniot, 708-9.
, on the produce and profits of East Wheat
Rose, 454.
Michell, Mr. Francis (of Redruth), on the introduction of the
plunger-pole at Ale and Cakes 570.
Michell, Capt. H., his suggestion of the use of mine-water for pre-
venting dry-rot, 570.
Michell, James, Esq., on the proportions of silver in Spanish lead- ores, 102.
Michell, John, Esq., on the native silver and silver-ores of Cornwal
and Devon, 112,-16,-18.
, ,, argentiferous lead-ore of Wheal Rose 119.
, ,, discovery of copper-ore in Cornwall
689,-91.
, " platina associated with stream tin-ore from Australia, 286.
Miguel, Corrego de Sao, on the metalliferous deposit of, 242.
, " iron-smelting works of, 242.
, ,, discovery of diamonds at, 242.
Miller, Major W., on the detrital gold of Virginia, 384.
Miller, Dr. W. A., on crystallization from saturated solutions, 713.
, analysis of mine-water from the Clifford mines
Mine-gold, its inferiority to detrital gold, 359,-60. [586
The Point in interiorist of government Point on all and a form

	m-ore, he interiority to detrical am-ore, 500, 472.
Miners,	, in Australia, earnings of, on quartz-formations, Table XXII.
	, , , , on detrital deposits, Table XXII.
 ,	, in Brazil, European (in mines worked by British Companies),
	earnings of, Table
	XXII.
,	, ,, , Native (,, by Brazilian proprietors),
·	modes of labour,
	217-18,-21-2,-99.
,	(in the hade of vivous in second of de
•	trital gold), modes of labour and
	earnings of, 856-8.
	", Slave, (in mines wrought by both native and
,	foreign proprietors), modes of
	labour and earnings of, 217-18,
	221-2,-92,-3,-9, 801.
	(in mines manuals by both native and
,	foreign proprietors), hire of, 382.
	, in Chili, European (in mines owned by native proprietors),
	Table V.
	,, , Native (in mines owned by native proprietors),
	nature of labour, 146-7,-51-2.
,	
	amount of earnings, Table V.
 ,	,, ,, , reckless character of, 91, 167.
 ,	", , ", their dresses, and persons examined on
	leaving the mines, 91.
 ,	in France, Native (Orpailleurs), searchers for detrital gold,
	amount of earnings, 358.
 ,	in the Himalaya, Native (on their own account, but paying
	a Royalty to the Government), nature of labour and
	amount of earnings, 58-61.
 ,	in Ireland, Native (County of Wicklow), amount of earnings,
 ,	in Nova Scotia, European, earnings of, Table XXII. [562.
 -,	in Siberia, Native (searchers for detrital gold), amount of
	earnings, 848.
 ,	in the United States, Slave (Virginia), hire of, 382.
;	,, , European (Lake Superior), amount of
	earnings, 428,-71.
 ,	dangers to which they are sometimes exposed, 600,-66.
	from Derbyshire and from Wales employed in the mines of
	Departure 100

Laing, early	y system	of, in G	ermany,	646.	
<u> </u>				46, 448, 645-6.	
—, ,,		, in Ang			
	, for cop				
—, "		in Cl			
				em in Cornwall,	146, 645-7.
, subs	stitution	of tram-	waggon	s for wheel-barro	ws in, 144.
, pres	ent mode	es of rais	ing ores	to the surface in	n, 142-4, 609,
 ,	,,	of ven	tilation	in, 219-20.	[668- 9.
—,	"	of, and	implen	ative in Brazil,	217-18, 221-
		us wo	ed by n orkmen,) 222,-9	9.
 ,	39	,	"	, in Chin, i	142-8.
—,	"	,	"		nalaya, 48-52.
 ,	"			for expediting o	
				mersetshire, 625.	[51-2.
<u> </u>	, near	Lake St	iperior,	412-19.	
ming-work	s, rate at	which the been d	eepened	in Brazil, Tab	oles VII. IX.
	-,	,,	1	, in Cornwall, 44	8, 748, -64-5.
	-,	,,	;	, near Lake Supe	erior, 439-40.
				5 34,-9,-94,-9- 600	
	-, precipi	itation of	copper	from water enter 592; To	ring, 562,-9- able XVIII.
	-, growth	of fish i	n stream	is issuing from, 35	
	–, vegeta	tion i	n	-	85,-8, 686.
	-, produc	e and pr	ofits of,	95-6, 128-4,-79,	208,-16,-17,
	235,	-47,-74-	7,-89, 3	83, 440-59, 601	-41,-4,-94-5,
			ables I	v. vii. ix. xiv.	XXII.
Thing-laws	, 148, 86	1-5.			
lanesota m	ine, on t	he rocks			
	 , ,,		of, 475-		
	 , "			g conglomerate o	
<u> </u>	 ; "			profits of, 459; I	
tichell, Joh	n, Esq.,	analysis (of aurif	erous ore from G	Frasty, 874.
				n of Atacamite,	
menet, M	L., on 1			of different ores in	n the lodes of
_				nd Devon, 693.	660
	, "			vaggons in mines	
	 , ,,	produ	ce and	profits of the Lie	460.

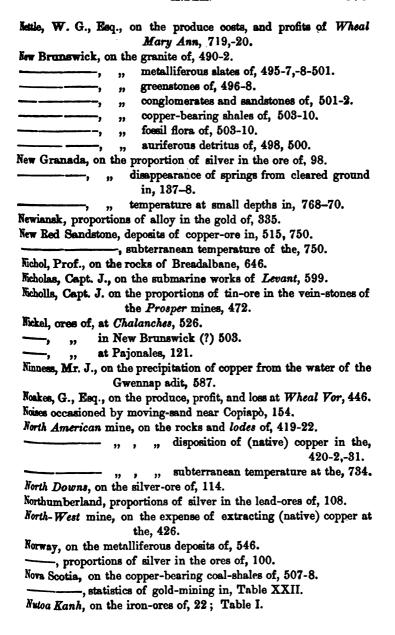
Molybdenum, ore of, in Breadalbane, 650-4.
, ,, in Norway, 546.
, ,, in Australia, 654.
Mona mine, on the rocks, vein-stones, and ores of the, 574-8.
Annaharan A. a. 1
the, 578–9.
,, precipitation of copper from mine-water at the 581-4; Table XVIII.
, ,, quantities of ochre obtained ,, , 583-4.
, ,, of rain at the, 582.
Monk Wearmouth, subterranean temperature at, 753.
Monlevade, M. A. J. de, on the iron-ores and smelting-works of
Monlevade, 171, 219.
differences in the qualities of char- coal from different woods, 219
Monte Amargo, on the recent sandstone of, 155.
Montgomery, Dr. J. B., analysis of water in the river of Copiapò, 140
, on the identity of diatoms, in the present
strand, and in the raised beaches,
near Caldera, 160.
Moore, C., Esq., on a fossiliferous lead-lode at Charter House Warren, 625,-6.
Morcom, M., Esq., on the rate of blasting vein-stones at Polberro, 200.
, , proportions of } ,, , 202, 472
Morgan, John, Esq., on the auriferous deposits of Gongo Soco, 272.
, " of Tacquaril, 273.
, ,, quantities of gold coined at Rio de Janeiro 869.
, " used by goldsmiths a
Rio de Janeiro, 370
Morro das Almas, on the auriferous deposit of, 224:
Morro Velho, on the rocks of, 185-6.
, which occasionally contain gold, 186
321.
, their schistose and jointed structure 186,-91,-2,-3.
namow highly inclined most of joint
ed rock between two bodies of vein

Dre Velho,	on the rocks of,	transitions between them and metal-
	the metalliferou deposits of	liferous deposits, 192,-8,-4, 207, 318. b) their directions, coincide sometimes; with the cleavage, sometimes with the joints, but often with neither, 187-8, 90, 207, 310; Tables VI. X.
 ,	"	; their dip and width, 188-92, 811; Tables V. X.
,	"	; bodies (shoots) of the productive portions in, coincident in endlong dip with structural dispositions of rocks, 206-7, 828,-6.
,	"	; comparative hardness of, at different depths, 199; Tables VII. XXII.
 ,	"	; ingredients, \ 190,-4,-6, 202, 812, earthy, \ 318,-17,-21-2; Table VI.
	"	; ,, , isolated masses of slate imbedded in, 190, 194, 812,-17,-28.
;	"	; ,, , portions conforming to the joints or oblique to the cleavage, par- tially or entirely severed, for short distances, by certain beds, 192,-8-4, 818.
,	***	, uniformity of cleavage in the (Country) walls, imbedded masses, and severing beds, 198-4, \$18.
 ,))	ingredients, 194-7, 312,-18,-21- metallic, 322; Table VII.
;	, ,,	; ,, , proportions of gold contained in, 197,-8, 204-5; Tables VI. ^a VII.
;	"	; ,, proportions of gold extracted from, 197, 198, 201,-8,-4,-5, 812; Tables VI.ª VII. X. XXII.
		0 -

Morro Vell	io, the	metalliferous deposits of;	}	ingredients,) metallic,)	proportions of gold extracted from ores obtained at different depths, 201,—3,—5, 881; Tables VII. X. XXII.
	-,	"	;		proportions of gold extracted from ores of different hardness, 199, 201,—3,—6; Tables VII. XXII.
	-,	"	;	27 9	comparison between the proportions of gold contained in and extracted from the vein-stone, 198, 204, 205; Tables VI. ^a VIL
	-,	"	;	77 1	analysis of gold, 884, 874.
	-,	"	;	, ,	proportions of silver alloyed with gold, at different depths, 206, 382; Table X.
	-,	n	;	» 1	quality of gold obtained at different depths, 205,-6, 375.
	-,	n	Ì	fe	quality of gold in dif- trent vein-stones, 875.
	-,	2)		man per di in the mine,	oth of hole bored per by at different depths 199-200; Table VII.
	-,	17		blasted, 199	re extracted per hole); Table VII.
	-,	"	Ī	weight of g	of ore extracted to unpowder used, 200.
-	-,	99		stone reject gold enough traction (dr VII. XXII.	ed as not containing to repay the cost of ex- sessing), 202; Tables
	-,	n	;	quantities an stone stamp	ed, 202; Tables VII. XXII.
	-,	"	;	numbers, we ciency of VII. XXII.	night, speed, and effi- stamp-heads, Tables

bo Valko,	the metalliferous deposits of;	over which	d hides, and of the stamped- ; Table VII.	baize, ore is
,	, ,	-	amalgamable of lected by each of hides and Table VII.	series baize,
	,, ,	" of	ore escaping the and baize, but wards collecte ground in arr 208, 855;	after- d and
	vein-stone, extent	of granulation	n by stamping,	Table VII.
	quantity of mercur		ting the stampe	
	n		malgamation, !	
	costs of (dressing)	leaning the st	-	-
	,, , total, of extr			
•	, ,,,		the market,	
	issue of inflammab	le ges from		
,	stones, 195 ; Ta			.—
	climate of, 849,-52			
-	subterranean tempe	•	-7568960	-19
	force employed at,			, -,
	wages of European			
	produce, expendit			Pahlos
•	process, captain	p	VII. XIV. X	
	extent of water-co	urses, and in		
•	ants, 850; Tabl		,	
	fish thrive in water		tic ore in some	maion .
•	near, 855.			,
Merro. Vend	a do, iron-furnaces	near the 247.		
	M., Req., produce.			t the
			ey mines, 882-8	
			of slaves in Vi	
Mongeotia, t	he, flourishes in w copper, 585,-		ields a precipit	

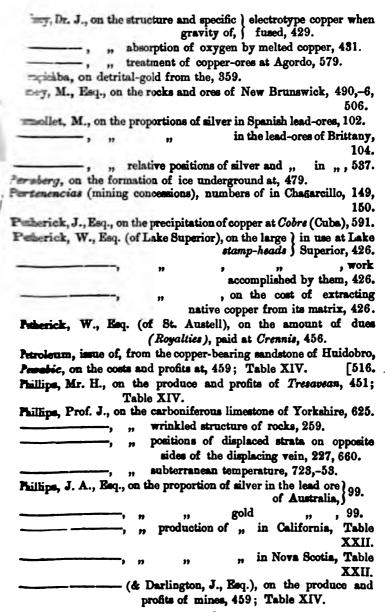
<i>Mouillelonge</i> , subterrar	ean temperature in the coal-mine of, 753.
	ion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472.
	eir fondness for water holding iron-ore in s
	pension, 854.
Mungla Lekh, on the i	
	art., on the copper-bearing sandstones of Sak
	514,-15,-16
	-, (Verneuil, M. E. de, & Keyserling, Cou
	A. von), on the auriferous Beresite
	Siberia, 172.
	-, on the proportion of gold obtained
	Berezovak, 177-8.
	, ,, gold and platinum of Siberia, 840
	848
	, ,, ,a large mass (Nugget
	of, Table
	XXII
	, ,, copper-bearing coal-measures of
	Siberia, 508-9.
	- (& Geikie, A., Eeq., on the slates of
	Breadalbane, 646.
Murray, J. J., Beq., or	the effects of an earthquake at Caldera, 158.
	open mining-works at, 576, 665.
•	
Nadhoolee, on the iron	-furnaces at, 19.
	on the argentiferous ore of, 119.
	n the structure and specific-) of smelted copper,
	gravity \ 429-30.
,	" of electro-deposit-
	ed copper, 431.
,	" absorption of oxygen by copper when in fusion, 430.
,	n precipitation of copper at the Parys
37.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	mine, 580-1.
	native copper in conglomerate at the, 477.
 , "	proportion of , 471.
, ,,	produce and profits of the, 459; Table XIV.
	wages of miners at the, 471.
	perior interrupted during winter, 434.
Nehal-bridge, detrital	matter near, 45.



Oak, forests of, in the Himalaya, 55.
, rejected by charcoal-burners in the Himalaya, 55.
Oates, G., Req., on the influence of cross-veins on the sulphur-cous
of Wicklow, 558-9.
Ochre, lining crevices in the Itabirite at Agoa Quente, 225.
Odernheimer, G., Eeq., on the mice-elate of Breadalbane, 645,-50
, greenstones and , , 650.
bushiying or)
, " lodes of " , 652.
Oil, mineral, of Borriga and Expectativa, 516.
Oldham, Dr. T., on subterranean temperature at Knockmaken, 740
Oliveira, Col. M. F. de, gold-mines wrought by, in Brazil, 287.
Oliveira, Capt. M. J. F. de, on the gold of Catta Preta, 287.
Ollivant, S., Req., on the gold produced in Minas Gerais, 369.
O'Niel, C., Esq., on the gold of Merionethshire, 641.
Oojowles, on the iron-ores of, 83,-6.
Open mining-works, 222,-84,-7,-56, 576, 665.
Ores. (See Antimony, Arsenic, Bismuth, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper
Gold, Iron, Lead, Manganese, Molybdenum, Nickel,
Palladium, Platina, Silver, Tellurium, Tin, Titanium,
Zinc.
Organic remains of the Carboniferous system, 618-14,-28.
n Devonian 700-1.
in metalliferous deposits, 619 (?), 625-6.
in raised beaches, 156.
Ornaments, ancient, of native copper obtained from early mining-
works near Lake Superior, 418-19.
Orpailleurs (gold-washers), quantities and values of gold obtained
by, from the Rhine, 848,-51-2,-8.
Ouro Fino, rocks and metalliferous deposits of, 184.
, proportion of gold in ,, , 184, 322.
Ouro Preto (Villa Rica), on the micaceous (? talcose) quartz-rocks (elastic sandstone) of, 209.
, " auriferous clay-alate of, 210,-11.
Ovalle, P. Alonso de, on the valley of Copiapò, 189.
Ovoca, on the mines of iron-pyrites and copper-pyrites, in the vale of,
, " produce of " " , 561.

men, on the earnings of miners in the vale of, 562,
from mine-water, , 570-89.
—, , suriferous pyrites of Connorres and Ballymurtagh, 549-59.
Pache, M., on the proportions of silver and gold in the lead-ores of Hungary, 100.
Preciencia, on the association of antimony-glance and tellurium with gold at, 180.
Pacific, shells existing in the, found also in raised-beaches near, Caldera, 156.
Pales (in Rangurh), on the specular-iron of, 25.
Pables (in Kales Kumaon), on the brown iron-ore of, 26.
Prillette, M., on the argentiferous lead-ores of Sicily and Calabria, 102.
, proportions of silver in Spanish lead-ores, 102.
Agonales, on the ores of cobalt, nickel, and silver at, 121.
Palladium, associated with the gold of Candonga, 175.
, Santa Anna and Itabira, 215.
——, Gongo Soco, 286, 387,-8,-40.
, in granite, 175.
, in Itabirite (Jacotinga), 215,-86,
, ,, ,, proportions of at different depths, 286, 888,-40,
Parallelism of some deposits which yield silver-ore with others which
contain clay only, 81.
of masses of silver-ore in deposits having different directions, 123.
of gold-deposits to the ranges of mountains in which
they occur, 176, 221,-45,-8, 804,-10,-11; Table X.
of the Sulphur-course near Ovoca to the cleavage of the adjoining rocks, 558,
great body of pyritous copper-) , 575.
" rich bunches of copper-ore on different lodes near
Kenmare, 618.
orey parts of some with the barren portions of other lodes, 607-8.
Paraöpéba, schorlaceous sands of the, contain chrome-ore and manganese. 174.

Par Consolidated mines, proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stories
Park mine, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 110. [42
Parys mine, rocks of the, 574.
, metalliferous deposits of the, 575-8.
, cross-veins of, 575,
, analysis of the (blue-stone) ore of, 546,-77.
, treatment of pyritic copper-ore at, 578-9.
, drainage of the, 580.
, precipitation of copper from mine-water at the, 580-1
, copper-turf of the, 580.
Pasco (Peru), proportions of silver in the ores of, 98.
Pascoe, Capt. H., on the lodes of Bearhaven, 608.
Patol, on the iron-ores of, 83,-7.
Pattinson, H. L., Esq., on the proportions of silver in the lead-ores
of England and Wales, 105,-7,-9,-19.
Paunchmaulee, on the clay iron-stone of, 66.
Peach, C. W., Esq., on fossiliferous rocks near Liskeard, 700.
Pebbles, beds of, far above existing streams, 45.
Pedro, San, gold imbedded in copper-glance at, 878.
Peerer, Wheal, displacements of lodes at, 226.
Peixoto, Senr. J. de Souza, employment of alaves by, 301.
Pengilly, Capt. T., on the suriferous) of Gongo Soco, 250,-7,-60,-8,
deposits) 266,-8,-72,-4.
, ,, of Agoa Quente, 288.
, " unrecognized by workmen, 326.
, , treatment of auriferous sand, 854.
, " manufacture of charcoal, and the smelting
of iron-ore, in Brazil, 262.
Penhaldarva, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 120.
Pennance, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 120.
Pennant, T., Esq., on the treatment of at the Parys mine, 574,-6,
copper-ore) 577,-9.
, ,, copper-turf of ,, ,580.
Penrose, Wheal, on the argentiferous lead-ores of, 119.
Pentire Glaze, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 120.
Pepper, Prof., on the steam-engine placed underground at the Tamer
mines, 609.
D. D. T. and and an artificial
gravity of \ and an appear, 250 oor
, ,, ,, ,, after pressure,
42930.



Phillips, W., Esq., on the granite and slate of Tincroft, 658.
, " alleged waste of copper-ore in Cornwall,
690-2.
, " silver-ores of Cornwall, 111,-12,-13,-16,
A 45 650 F119
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Phoenix mines, rocks of the, 656,-69.
, , on opposite sides of the <i>lode</i> at the, 657, 669.
, , metalliferous deposit of the, 676,-8,-9; Table XXX.
, , subterranean temperature in the, 746.
produce of, people employed at, and machinery at
work on the, 698.
Pick and gad, dexterity of Cornish miners in using the, 152.
Piedade, on the structure of the mountain, 298.
Pike, R. H., Esq., on the proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stones of
the Carn Brea mines, 472.
Pindur, on the auriferous sands of the, 4, 46. [459; Table XIV.
Pinnock, Saint, on the rocks of, 99.
make 11 farmone demands of 1704 10
, metalliferous deposit of, 704-12.
, ,, proportions of silver in the lead-ore of, 120,
, ,, produce of, people employed, and machinery
at work in the district of, 720.
Pipe-veins, of lead-ore, on, 620-1.
Pitangui, on the auriferous deposits of, 222-4.
, " conformity of some of them to the jointed structure
of the rocks, 223, 319,-23.
Plants, fossil, on, in the coal-shales of New Brunswick, 508-9.
, ,, Nova Scotia, 507-8.
Platina, associated with the gold of Brazil, 286, 835,-7,-8,-40.
, ,, of the Rhine, 360.
, " Ural, 885,-40.
, in Itabirite (Jacotinga), 286, 885,
887,-8,-40.
, proportions
of, at different depths, 286, 888,-40.
, associated with stream-tin-ore in Australia, 286.
Plumbago in the clay-slate of the Himeleve 41

Figure pole, notice of its early use in the mines of Gwennap, 570.				
, wooden, used at Connorres, in W	icklow, 569).		
vacceth, on the temperature of, 745,-9.				
hair, a name anciently given, in Cornwall, to o	ertain ores c	of copper		
and (?) of iron, 689.				
on the rocks and copper-ores of, 6.				
Marro, on the produce of, 458.				
proportions of tin-ore in the	vein-stones	of, 202,		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		472.		
, ,, rate at which the vein-stones a	re blasted, 2			
defice, proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stone				
, loss during former operations at, 452.				
elgoeth, profit yielded by early works at, 454.	_			
kinghorne, W., Keq., on the proportions of		he vein-		
stones of Cuddra				
mines, 472.	, 1 th 00m			
Pointele, The Rev. R., on the proportions of a	ilver in De	vomehira		
lead-ore, 109		VOIIBILL 6		
, , silver-ores of C		-14		
Panilba, Baron, on the proportions of pure copp	•	-		
of Lake Superior, 471,-3.	er in me næm	AC IIICCAI		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •)			
Pastes, Senr. M. J. P. da Silva, on the productive gold-mine	of Itabir	a, 216.		
an tha)		215,-16,		
quality of the gold afforded by	77 7	332.		
, on the				
proportions of palladium in "	"	, 2 15.		
, on the				
theft of gold by workmen at "	"	, 2 16.		
Pool, Wheal, on the argentiferous lead-ore of,	118.			
Peoley, Capt. E., on the proportion of tin-ore		stone of		
Trelyon, 472.				
Perphyry, felspathic, of New Brunswick, 491.				
, , of Breadalbane, 650-1.				
, of Caradon, 660-1,-70-1.				
, , of Pra, 651.				
, stanniferous, of Geyserberg, 665-6.				
Portage Lake, on the anndstones of, 391-2.				
Peteri, on the proportion of silver in the ores of	F. 98.			
Postone of Brazil, on the, 178.	., -0.			
Powder, charges of, used for blasting in differen	t mines 9∩4	1_1		
s American committee of fraction of consents in control of	* ******* ***	J-1.		

Pra, on the felspathic p			
Praia (margin of the	river) aurife	rous mad collect	ed on, at <i>Mor</i>
	Velho	, 855.	
Prideaux, Capt. S., on			mgo Soco, 25
, on	a landslip	at	" , 850
Prince, Capt. J., on the			k, 582,-8,-4.
, "	lead-ores .	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, 121, 586-7.
	silver and s		, 121, 586-7.
Precipitation of copper	from mine-	water in Anglese	
		•	Table XVIII.
	"	in Cornwall	, 885 -9,-92.
	"	in Cuba, 59	
	"	in Devon, 5	
	"	in Spain, 5	
	"		, 562-87,-9 2.
	n		in warm, than
	••		in cold, weather,
			571.
	**	, ,, i	n running, than
	•		ill, water, 571.
	**	, quality of	the precipitate
	•		y the nature of
			itant, 588.
	,,		alties) paid on,
Profits in mines. (See		, , ,	[588.
Proportions, of antimor	ny, in gold,	88474.	•
, of arsenic		834,-74.	
, of bismut	b, ",	884,-74.	
, of cobalt,			
, ••	••		-5,-9,-82, 693.
	"	•	234,-8,-40,-74.
, of gold, in			
,,		280,-1,-2,-5,-4	
		281, 831,-4,-	
		550,-68, 641;	
		,,,	VII, VIII. X.
	"	, at different de	
, ",	,,		31; Table VII.
i	n lead and le	ad-ores, 99, 100.	_ *.

7
reportions of gold, in silver and silver-ores, 100,-1, 550.
, in copper and copper-ores, 237, 378.
, , in different (Brazilian) rocks, 869.
, , in detrital matter, 345,-6,-8,-58.
, of lead and lead-ores, in vein-stones, 693.
, in gold, 334,-74,
, of palladium, in gold, 286, 338,-40; Table X.
04 000 000 -ddddddddddddd-
Table X.
, of platina, in gold, 286, 338,-40; Table X.
, , , , at different depths, 286, 338,-40;
Table X.
, of silver, in vein-stones, 91-8,-5-6,-7,-8-9, 100,-1,-2,
104,-12,-13,-14,-15,-16,-17,-18,
121, 437, 523-4,-36,-68, 711.
, ,, in copper-ore, 878.
,, in lead and lead-ores, 99, 100,-1,-2,-8,-4,-5,
106-10,-18,-19,-20,
121, 586, 708-9, 11.
, ,, , at different depths,
708-9.
, , in mine-gold, , , 206.
286, 885,-8,-40,-74;
Table VIL
,, in detrital gold, 860.
, of tellurium, in gold, 836.
, of tin-ore, in vein-stones, 202, 472,-3, 698.
, , in detrital matter, 680.
Presper United mines, proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stones of,
-
proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stones of the, 472.
, produce and profits of the, 444; Table XIV.
Providence, Wheal (Tremagne, Wheal), on the argentiferous lead-
Pryce, Dr. W., on the composition of lodes, 676,-8. [ore of, 118.
, ,, ,, when productive, 658.
proportion of copper-ore in lodes, 698.
, on early copper-mining in Cornwall, 688-90,-1.
, ,, loss of copper-ore owing to careless treatment, 698.
amountification and Community 110 30
400
from mine-water , , 585.

Pryce, Dr.	. W., on se	ut water which	enters subn	narine mines,	DDY.
Pumps, in	the mines	of Brazil, son	netimes wor	ked with ray	, and
			hain, 345.		
 ,	"			in England, 28	
 ,	**	,, , Wood	d-work of,) ufactured	on the spot, 28	38.
 ,	"		comparison ciency of, 5	of calculated, 70.	with
Punaar, on	the graphi	itic clay-slate of	f, 41.		
Puntas, Tr	res, on the	production of s	ilver at, 158	3.	
Puracé, on	the climat	e of, 770.			
Purturbur	, on the ire	on-ore of, 24;	Table I.		
Pyrites. (See Ores of	f Copper and	Ores of Iron	ı.)	
Quality of	gold, in B	oli via, 8 60.			
		razil, 205-6,-14	,-15,-36,-7,	-85,-99, 817, 8	32-3,
				ables VII. IX.	-
	", in C	alifornia, 839;	Table XXI	I.	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	anada, 384.			
		eland, 633.			
		ew Granada, 36	30.		
		ibe ria, 335,-60.			
		irginia, 874,-83	B.		
		ales, 642.			
		fferent rocks, 8	324-5 : T	able X.	
		ifferent parts of			332-
	,, ,		formation,	834 ; Ta VIL IX.	bles
	,, , at di	fferent depths	,,	205-6,-85-6, 8 834; Ta VII. IX.	
		rge masses, infe dies in other lo		•	ıller
	", differ	rent in crystals	of different	forms, 835-6.	
		trital deposits s	uperior to ti	hat of gold in re	ock-
	••	rmations, 859-6	•	-	
of	silver and	silver-ore in the	e several lin	estones of Cha	fer-
	illo, 98-12				
	•	and of lead-or	e in differe	ent parts of Sa	rk's
_	Tone 595			g	

mets, am ingredient of rocks, 2, 3, 4, 11, 12, 18, 21,-6, 80,-1,-5-86,-9, 64-5, 78,-9, 85, 161,-4,-71,-2,-4,-7. 178,-80,-5, 211,-14,-17,-19,-21,-4,-5,-39, 244,-5,-7,-8,-50,-5,-9,-65,-97,-8, 800,-1,-2, 803,-4,-11,-12,-18,-15,-16,-21,-2,-4,-71, 881,-5,-6,-7,-91,-2,-8, 402,-3,-11,-14,-74, 475,-91,-3,-4,-5,-7,-8,-9, 501,-11,-13,-17, 563,-74,-7,-94, 602,-3,-7,-15,-86,-45,-8, 663,-7,-8,-9, 713,-14,-41,-2,-50. of metalliferous deposits, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 20,—3, 33,—7, 86, 162,—3, 165,-76,-7,-8,-80,-1,-2,-8,-4,-94,-6, 214,-23,-8,-32,-3,-4,-9,-40,-1,-9,-55,-7. 263,-98, 300,-2,-7,-11,-12,-13,-15,-17, 819,-20,-1,-2,-4,-9,-82,-4,-7,-41,-71,-2,-3, 374,-5,-6,-7,-8,-9,-81, 412,-20,-8,-4,-31, 460,-3,-4,-5,-8,-9,-79,-92, 522,-31,-3,-54, 555,-6,-7,-64,-5,-7,-75,-6,-7,-96-7, 605, 617,-24,-38,-40,-53,-75,-6,-7,-8,-9,-81, 705,-6,-13,-14,-26,-8,-9,-82,-5,-6,-9,-41,-8. of cross-veins, 226,-32,-86-7, 308,-30,-41,

Quetrada Seca, on the rocks and metalliferous deposits of, 161-8. Quetelet, M. L. A. J., on the Magnetic declination at Bilbao, 513.

608,-82, 716.

temperatures observed at small depths in Brussels, 773-5.

Gaincy mine, on the expenditure and profits at the, 459; Table XIV.

Quito, on the mean temperature of, at the surface, and at inconsiderable depths, 771.

Ralfs, John, Req., on the identity of diatoms in Sirocco-dust at Malta, and in the raised and actual beaches of the Pacific, 160.

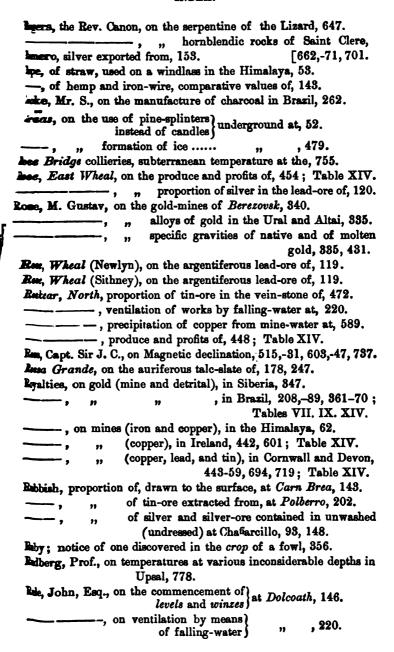
Ramgunga, auriferous sands of the, 4, 46.

, detrital matter in the neighbourhood of, but far above its present bed, 45.

Ramgurh, on the iron-ores of, 25.	
Rammelsberg, on the iron-pyrites (Sulphur-ore) of, 544,-6.	
Ramsay, Prof. A. C., on the Silurian rocks of Merioneth, 635 Copper-turf of , , 580.	
Rampoore, on the conglomerate and iron-ore of, 80; Table II	
Rancié, ventilation effected there by means of a (tromps) water	
Raspe, H. R. E., improved operations at <i>Dolcoath</i> , whilst hemployed there, 645-6, 7.	
, his presumed authorship of Munchausen's Tr	ravels.
Rations, of miners in Chafarcillo, 150; Table V.	[645.
, of slaves in Brazil, 292.	•
, , Virginia, 882.	
Ratios at which the temperatures of mines increase with their d	epths, 759.
Rawlings, W. J., Esq., on the silver-ores of West Darlington,	116- 117.
,, proportions of tin-ore in the stones of Wheal Busy, 472.	vein-
Readwin, T. R., Eeq., on the Clogan gold-mine, 635,-8.	
Reay, W., Req. (& Walker, Dr. T.), on the proportion of gold tained in clay-al Morro Velho, 186	ate at
of (dressing) cle gold at Morro 1	ducts aning
Redruth, subterranean temperature in the neighbourhood of, 75	2.
Reduction-works, proprietors of, take their proportions of ore a mines in Chili, 94.	
, produce of ores profitably treated at, in Chil	i. 94.
, force employed at, in Morro Velko, Table V	
- , wages of work-people in , , Table V	
, proportions of gold a n , Table V	
, operations of, in Gongo Soco, Table IX.	
Reed, J., Req., on the rate of blasting vein-stone at Cronebane,	900
diminished proportions	
of copper in the water \ " '	578.
Rocks, of granite, sprinkled with gold, 4, 175, 311,-20.	
, ,, ,, copper-ore, 511-12.	

	•			
hds, of talcose	and micaceous s	l at e, spri	nkled w	rith gold, 177, 210-
				299, 301,-11,-20.
 ,	"	,	"	vitreous copper, 495.
	late,		22	gold, 196, 210.
, of calcar	eo-siliceous natu	re,	"	gold, 245,—9, 304,-19,-24.
—, of Itabir	rite and Jacoting	a,	"	gold, 214,—15, 219,—42,—9, 255,-99, 325.
, of congle	omerate	••••	"	native copper, 403,-75.
	one,		"	native silver and he ores of silver, 76.
-	al-measures,		n	copper-ore, 503, 506-10.
_	ew Red Sandstor	•	"	copper-ore, 514. (gold, 217,—37, 316.
—, Сапда,	•••••	••••	"	native copper, 236,-316.
les, Dr. A., on				ar Callington), 116.
			in the	lead-ores of Beer
b .:	Alston, 10			
leich, H. F., on	the temperature	s of mun	106 111 S	axony, 757.
Remains. (See Chine, on the au		the, and		proportions of gold 348,-51,-8.
 ,	"		-	nd earnings of the
population employed on them, 358.				
bards, Mr. I., on the precipitation of copper at the Devon Con- solidated mines, 584.				
Richards, Capt. J., on the comparative values of wheel-barrows and tram-waggons in mines, 144.				
Echards, W., Esq., on ventilation by means of falling-water, 220. To de Janeiro, on the mean temperature of, 771.				
io Tinto, on the (pyrites) sulphur-ores of, 543,-6. , , precipitation of copper at, 589,-92.				
				subjacent granite, 259.
8 =		- ,	• •	shoots (masses) of cold, 259,-63,-4,-9.

Mua, Sania, on the auriferous tale-slate of, 177.
Rivers, their disappearance beneath, and reappearance beyond, beds
of detritue, 48,-4, 858.
, their gradual diminution on the destruction of forests at their
sources, 187-41, 848-8.
, existing, unequal to transporting the coarser and heavier
detritus, 848.
, which receive much mineral-water, existence of fish in, 854
855, 717,-81.
Rivot, M. L. E., on the rocks of the Lake Superior) 891,-2,-4,-5,-6, mining district,) 897,-8,-9, 400, 401,-2,-3,-4.
deposits of \ , , 405,-6,-7,-28, 424,-5,-32,-4,-5, 486,-7,-8,-9,-61, 462,-4,-75.
, mode and cost of)
extracting (native) copper from the mines
, produce of the mines at , 488.
, , ancient mining , , 412-18,-17.
ailver obtained from the lead- ores of the same mines
, (& Duchanoy, M.), on the proportions of silver and
gold in the lead-ores of Hungary, 100.
, (& Zeppenfeld, M.), on the proportions of alver in
the lead-ore of Pontgiband, 104.
Robert, North Wheal, proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472.
Roberts, Capt. T., on the proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of Wheal Mary, 472.
Robinson, Henry, Esq., on heaves of the Sulphur-course by joints at Ballygahan, 560.
Robinson, T. W., Req., on profits made in the Alfred Consolidated mines; 445; Table XIV.
Rockland mine, on the rocks and metalliferous deposits of, 480-1.
Rogers, Prof. W. B., on the rocks of Willis's mountain, in Virginia, 879.
, " matrix of gold, ", ,875- 876.
, " argentiferous gold of Virginia, 874.



Rule, John, Esq., his plans and sections of the works at Delcoath, 448. Rutter, Capt. W., on the comparative economy of wheel-barrows and tram-waggons in mines, 144. Sabará, prosperous condition of the gold-mines near, 368. Sabine, Gen. Sir E., on Magnetic declination, 372, 492, 513,-15, 520,-31,-41,-75, 603,-16,-87,-47,-73, 703,-37. Secremento (Chili), exportation of silver from, 153, Sacred-lakes (Thibet), notice of gold obtained from them, 48. Sahloo, on the rocks and iron-ores of, 19. Salmon, on the abundance of, in New Brunswick, 499. Salmon, H. C., Esq., on the lead districts of East Cornwall, 699,-704. lode of Wheal Mary Ann and Wheal Trelawny, 706,-9,-14. lode of Herod's-foot, 712,-13,-14. silver-ores of Wheal Ludcott, 710. refuse of ancient lead-mines in the ,, Mendips, 625. winding-engines of Carn Brea, 148. Salter, J. W., Esq., on the fossils of the auriferous series in Wales, Sampson, B., Esq., his survey & plans of Wheal Peever, 226. [636. , on early use of the plunger-pole, 570. Sand, sounds emitted by it, when in motion, at El Bramador, near Copiapò, 154. -, siliceous, an ingredient in the Carvoeira of Catta Preta, 239. Sandstone, recent, near Caldera, 155. ----, of the Sub-Himalaya, 38. ----, of Huidobro, 77, 513. ----, of Shropshire, 514-15. ----, of Bengal, 64,-6,-8. _____, of New Brunswick, 501,-2,-3. ____, of Lake Superior, 892,-3. ____, of Kenmare, 612. _____, (elastic) of Villa Rica, 172, 210. -, containing the ores of copper, 77, 513-15. of iron, 64,-5,-6,-8, 513. ----, affording Petroleum, 516. ----, subterranean temperature in, 751,-3,-8. Santiago (Cuba), on the precipitation of copper at, 590-1,-2; Tables XXXI. XXXIII. XXXV.

Land Dr. M. J. dos, on the produce of gold in Brazil, 869. Land Description Grande, detrital gold (Cascalho) wrought by aid of a chain-pump at, 845.
in on the rocks and metalliferous deposits of, 530-8.
-, on submarine works at, 584-9.
—, on subterranean temperature at, 735,-6,-52.
-, on the climate of, 735.
wrage, M., on the proportions of silver contained in Spanish lead-
ore, 102.
wings-Bank, established for the slaves at Gongo Soco, 293.
tony, tin-ore an occasional ingredient of granite in, 77.
proportions of silver in the ores of, 101.
cheerer & Marchand, MM., on the specific gravity of copper after
compression, 480.
Schlagintweit, H. A. H. & R., on Magnetic declination, 8.
Schorl, an ingredient of the rocks, 2, 175, 662.
of metalliferous deposits, 240, 675.
, , of detrital ,, , 174. Schreiber, M., ,, rocks of Chalanches, 517,-19.
on the metalliferous)
deposits , 521-2.
, " ores " , 108, 528.
plans and sections of works by, 520.
Shuch, Dr. R., his iron-furnaces at Timbopeba, 212.
Sectland, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 105.
Seaton, the valley of, injured by water, mud, and rubbish from the
mines near Caradon, 353.
Seccombe, Capt. S., on the positions of the rocks on opposite sides
of the lodes near Caradon, 658.
edgwick, The Rev. Prof., on the rocks of Liskeard, 700.
Sera, on the rocks and copper-ores of, 5.
Seetzen, M., on the noises emitted by moving-sand, 154.
Schwyn, A. R. C., Eeq., on the auriferous granite of Australia, 175.
, ,, detritus of ,, , 848.
(& Ulrich, G. F. H., Esq.), on a large mass of
Australian mine-
gold, Table XXII.
on the chrome ore
of Australia, 649.
on the molyhdonite
of Australia 654.

Serpentine	of Coverac	k, on the, 647.
	of Corr i Ch	armaig, on the, 647-8.
		the produce and profits of, 449; Table XI
		sures, at Paunchmaulee, 66.
——,	"	, containing \ near Bathurst, \ 508-
•		fossil plants, New Brunswick, 509.
,	"	, , , , , , 508,-9
		ores of copper, \ 510.
		cks and lead-ores of, 619-21.
Sharp Tor,		ferent positions of granite and slate on oppo
		s of a <i>lode</i> near, 659.
	on the iron-	•
		burthen in the Himalaya, 47.
Shells, of	existing spec	ies in the raised beaches of Chili, 156.
 ,	29	, in recent sandstone near Caldera, 155.
 ,	"	, ", burnt
		for the lime they contain, 155.
		the elevation of Menheniot, 746.
Shingle, gra	avel, sand, a	nd shells in the raised beaches near Caldera,
Shoots of	copper and c	copper-ore, 438, 598, 608. [156.
	gold, 207,-1	5,-24,-59,-68,-4,-9,-70, 819,-26,-80.
, of i	iron-ores, 82	, 558,-64.
, of l	ead-ore, 587	/.
, of s	ilver and sil	ver-ores, 122, 587,
, of 1	rarious meta	ls and ores, from the granite, 32, 122, 207, 259,-63, 438.
 ,	,,	, confront one another in parallel
•		deposits, 269,-70, 826.
 -,	**	, oblique to the strike and dip of
		adjoining rocks, 82, 122, 259.
		269.
 ,	17	, conform to the rippled (undu-
-		lated) structural planes of con-
		tiguous rocks, 207,-15,-24,
		259,-68,-4,-9,-70, 819,-26,
		880, 488, 587,-53,-64,-98,
		608.
Shropshire.	copper-ores	in the New Red Sandstone of, 514-15.
		of silver in the lead-ores of, 109.
•	• •	n temperature in, 751,—2,—3,—8; Tables
•		750. TXXXI. XXXIII. XXXV.

here, on the auriferous rocks of, 1							
detrital gold of, 843,-6; Table XXII.							
—, ,, alloys of gold in, 885	—, ,, alloys of gold in, 885.						
Royalties payable b deposits, 847.	y parties working auriferous						
, earnings of workpeop	ole in, 848.						
inly, proportion of silver in the les	id-ore of, 102.						
Shman, Prof. B., on proportions of	gold in vein-stone at Walton,						
Sterian rocks, of Wicklow, 540-2,							
, of Waterford, 598-5							
, of Merioneth, 685-6	•						
Silva, Senr. Guarda Môr I. V. da, hi	s gold-mine at Pitangui, 222-3.						
Silver and the ores in the Banat, I	.						
, ,							
, in Chili, 76, 90),-1 21,-8-4 ,-53.						
ſ	Bal-dhu, 114.						
	Crennis, 118.						
	Cubert (?), 111.						
	Dolcoath, 112-18. Fowey Consolidated mines, 118.						
	Herland, 111-12.						
	Levant, 110.						
	North Dolcoath, 118.						
	North Downs, 114.						
	Trebisken, 120-1.						
	Treskerby, 114. West Darlington, 116-17.						
	Wheal Alfred, 112.						
	Wheal Ann, 112.						
	Wheal Basset, 118.						
, in Cornwall,	Wheal Cock, 110.						
·	Wheal Duchy (Wh. Brothers),						
	114-15. Wheal Jewel (Calstock), 116.						
	Wheal Ludcott, 120, 710-11.						
	Wheal Mexico (Perran-zabuloe)						
	110-11.						
	Wheal Mexico (Calstook), 115- 116.						
	Wheal Providence (Tremayne), 118.						
	Wheal Saint Vincent (East						
	Cormoall mines, Wheal						
	Langford), 115.						
	Wheal Sisters, 115.						
	Wilsworthy, 116.						

Silver and the ores of silver, in F	rance, 1	03,-4, 525-6.
, in H		
, in Ir	olend 1	150-1. 05 545 -9 -88
, in M	ozice O	7 Q Q
, in N	exico, s	1,-0,-0.
, in N	orway, 1	.00.
, in P	eru, 98.	
	irk, 121,	, 585-7.
, in 8		
, in th	e United	l States, 99, 436-8.
, assoc	iated wi	th bismuth, 111.
,	"	ores of cobalt, 103,-11,-12,-16 523.
· ,	>>	copper and copper-ore, 99, 104, 112, 378, 436-8, 549,-68, 642.
,	,,	ores of lead. (See Lead.)
	"	,, of nickel, 103, 524.
	»	gold, 99, 104,-5, 206,-36,-86,
•	***	834,-5,-7,-8,-40,-60,-74,
		378,549,—68,632,—42; Tables VII. 1X. X.
	,,	,, , in different rocks, 206,-36,
,	,,	286, 334-5,-7,-8,-40,-60,
,	"	,, , in the same rocks at different depths, 206,-86, 338, 340.
temp	ore turos	of mines affording, 724,-85-6,-56;
		XIII. XXXIV.
		duce of copper-mines near Lake
	uperior,	
Simul Khet, on the quart		
		9; Table II.
		of, 57–8.
Siranowski (Altai), on th		
Sirowlee, on the iron-ore	s of, Tal	ole II.
Sisters, Wheal, on the pr	roportion	of silver in the ores of, 115.
	n the au	riferous) Gongo Soco, 257,-72,-8; posits of Table XXII.
,		d-slip at ,, , 350.

ișe, on th	eir early use in inclined shafts near Tavistock, 144, 668.
n	later introduction ,, in West Cornwall, 668.
igs, on t	he proportions of metal in the slags of Brazilian iron- furnaces, 261.
≠ . (Se	c Chlorite, Clay, Hornblende, Mica, Talc, Cleavage,
	Joints.)
ises, in	Virginia, hire of 882.
 ,	,, , food of, 382.
, ın	Brazil, hire of, 882.
	,, , employed alternately in mining and in agriculture, 299.
 ,	,, permitted to search for gold on their own account during holidays, 801.
 ,	", general economy of the establishment at Gongo Soco, 289-96.
 ,	,, their occupations and hours of labour, 291-8.
 ,	,, , the disposal of their leisure, 293.
 ,	,, , their food, clothing, and dwellings, 290-3.
 ,	,, , ,, earnings (dependent on individual skill and industry), 292-3.
	", ", ", how appropriated, 292.
	", ", " ", sometimes deposited, at interest, in
•	a Savings-Bank, 298.
	,, , treatment of old and infirm, 298.
<u> </u>	,, , ,, and instruction of children, 298,-5.
-	,, , ,, ,, their pro-
•	ficiency at school, 295-6.
 ,	,, the aptest scholars, often the most skilful workmen, 296.
—,	", , periodical inspection of their gardens, houses,
	furniture, and clothing, 291.
 ,	", ", ", followed by rewards to the
	clean, industrious,
	and careful, 291.
 ,	", ", the infliction of
•	fines on the dirty, idle, and extravagant, 291.
 ,	,, , the ill-behaved were few in number, 295.
<u> </u>	", , ", nature of and punishments for
•	their offences, 298-5.
—,	" , medical treatment of, 295.
ш,	,, , ,, ,, rations whilst under, 295.
	8 7

Slaves, in	ı Brazil,	Divine	worship, observe	ance of, 2	95 .	
,	<i>7</i> 7 ,	numbe	r employed, 290), Table I	X .	•
 -,	" ,	"	who received t	heir free	lom, 290.	
 ,	,,	22	in Minas Gerai	ës, 862.		
 ,	" ,	"	21		red on det cits, 358.	trital
Slickensi	de, of na	stive cop	oper and earthy	-		min 488.
Slide, in	fluence o	f a, on t	the auriferous de	posits of	Gongo Soc 266	
, dis	placemer	at occasi	ioned by a, in	the <i>lode</i> o		
			anite of Carador		•	[489
Smelting	, iron-, i	n the Hi	imalaya, 54-62.			_
			, 212, -18-19,-6			
			e Superior, 389)- 90 .		
			India, 40, 65.			
			Chili, 154.		•••	
omyen, H	t. 15., Keq	., on the	e quantities and tion of gold	d in the	of Au	quart stralia XXII
		, ,,	"		detrital dep alia, Table	onits o
		, ,,	numbers and w			
					lia, Table I	
) "	cost of extracti	ing gold ii		, Table KXII.
		' "	value of minin	g machin	ery in Au Table 2	
		', <u>,,</u>	molybdenite of	Australi	ia, 654.	
Smyth, 1	W. W., I	≩eq., on	the Silurian roc	ks of Ck	<i>ya</i> u, 685.	
		_ , ,	, metalliferou them, 688		which int	ersects
		 ,,,	, Silurian sla		icklow, 540),-1,-2.
		 ,,,	,, direction of	the great)	
			metallife	r-course) rous de-	(010.	
			•	Ovoca,	•	
		 , ,	n altitude of	" ,	in various of its cours	e, 549.
		- , ,	, width of	n ,		544,-7,
		- , ,	" structure of		551,-2,-5.	
			composition o	£.,	54750.	

lie the ore, 551.
, on parallel ranges of Sulphur and copper-ore 547,-53-4,-6.
, on the occurrence of native copper in joint
and crevices, 556.
" cross-deposits" and
"cross-fissures," 556-7.
, on displacements of the Sulphur-course, 559-
, on the produce of mines in Wicklow, 561.
, ,, rocks of Bearhaven, 602,-8-4
, metalliferous deposits of ,, , 603-4
, , ,, detrital gold of Wicklow, 628,-9,-30-631,-2,-4
, " tin-ore of " , 680-1.
, alleged waste of copper-ore in Cornwall 690.
, ,, erection of a steam-engine underground at Bearhaven, 609.
, ,, early use of the plunger-pole in Cornwall, 570.
on wooden linings for pumps conveying acidulous water, 570.
, " submarine mines near Whitehaven, 599
, " subterranean temperature, 727,-58-4,-9 762-8,-5.
Show, S. T., Req., on the proportion of fine copper contained in the crude (native) metal of
, , produce and profits of ,, , 440
Shows, of the Himalays, 17. [459; Table XIV.
, in Dauphiny; the impediments they offer to mining in elevated regions, 528.
Somes (miners), in the Himalaya, implements used by, 58-9.
Sarea, Senr. Luïz (de Gouvea), on the rocks and auriferous quartz-
formations in the mine of, 182, 247, 327.
Secorro, gold in auriferous sands near, resembles the gold of Gongo Soco, 359.
8-da-amalgam, experiments with, on the ores of Morro Velho, Table XXII.
Seda, salts of, contained in river-water at Copiapò, 140.

Soda, salts of, incrust a great	extent of surf	noe near	Monte Amargo, 139-40.
			before it can be
successfully	cultivated, 14	1.	
Soils dissimilar, different qual	ities of charco	oal from	wood grown on,
Socal, on graphite imbedded in			
South Caradon. (See Carad			
South Cliff mine, on the drift			
		nd nativ	e copper of the,
, ,, icc.,	veni-somes, a		; Table XIII.
Southey, Rob., Esq., on the	المامم احتجاما		•
	lties payable		, 861,-2,-8,-6.
	ictions on the export o	€∫ "	, 864,-5.
, , quan	tities of	•• ,,	, exported with-
			out payment
			of Royalty,
			865,-70.
, ,, deba	sement of	99	, by smugglers,
South Tolgus mine, on the pro-			
Souza, Senr. M. T. de, on th	-	-	•
			Fongo Soco, 867.
Spain, proportions of silver in			
		ot, Iva	~.
Speculator, sharp practice of			
Spix, Dr. J. B. von (& Martiu	B, DT. C. F. P.	. von); i	
			& Spix, von).
Springs of water, how affects		truction	of neighbouring
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	137-8 , 843-4 .		
Spring-water, precipitation of			
Squier, E. G., Eeq. (&) on anc	ient mining-w	orks near	
Davis, Dr. E. H.),}			416.
	ornament		,, , 4 19.
	weapons of co	• • •	•
, on the	mixture of (1	native) s	ilver and copper
	in implemen	ts obtain	ed from ancient
	earthworks,	418.	
Stalactitic iron-ore, 225,-46.	•		
Stamping-mills, mode of fitting the iron		ds at the	Clif mine, 426.
, weight of		at Mon	rro Velko, Table VII.
•		as Car	
	•••	at Gor	ago Soco, Table IX.

Samping-mills.	weight of stamp-	heads, at Ago	a Quente, Table XXII.
	, ,		ta Preta, Table XXII.
	,,		ifornia, Table XXII.
	••		stralia, Table XXII.
	"		pper Falls, 426.
······································)		nwood, 473.
	height to which	tha)	•
,	heads are lif	ted } at More	ro Velho, Table XXII.
 ,	"		o Soco, Table IX.
 ,	"		ornia, Table XXII.
 ,	"		er Falls, 426.
 ,	rate at which theads are work		o Velho, Table VII.
,	,,,	at Gong	o Soco, Table IX.
,	**		per Falls, 426.
	quantity of wa		•
	admitted to aid stamping		o Velho, Table VII.
 ,		at Gone	o Soco, Table IX.
	preparation of v		the Stamping-mill in
,		t	he Keweenaw district,
 ,	weight of	,, star	nped at <i>Morro Velho</i> , Table VII.
,	"	22 25	, at Gongo Soco, Table IX.
,	77	??	in California, Table XXII.
 ,	"	37 3	in Australia, Table XXII.
 ,	17	" "	at Copper Falls, 426.
 ,	77	"	at the National mine, 471.
	cost of stamping	" in Ca	difornia, Table XXII.
	,,		ustralia, Table XXII.
Stamp-work, ho	w prepared, 425.		,
			Cliff mine, 484-5.
	n	,, , ,,	National \ 471-2.
•	**	, ,,	mine, \ 471-2.
 ,	,,	, ,	Lake Superior districts
ŕ		· ·•	generally, 482.

Stannifero	as gr	anite	of Cornwall	and Devon, 175, 664-6.
Statistics,	sund	ry, of	Copper-min	ing, in Cornwall, 442,-5,-7,-8,-9
				450,-1,-2,-4,-6,-7,-9, 698
				694,-5,-8; Table XIV.
 -,	**	,	,,	in Devon, 458,-9; Table XIV
,	"	,	"	in Ireland, 442, 601; Table
			,,	near Lake Superior, 440,—59
•	•	•	,,	470,-1,-3,-82,-8,-9; Table
				XIV.
 ,	,,	,		in Chili, 154,-66-7.
	"	•	"	in Cuba, 441; Table XIV.
	"	, of		g, in Wales, 641; Table XXII.
, 				, in Ireland, 633.
	**	,	"	
	29	,	"	, in Australia, Table XXII.
,	99	,	"	, in Brazil, 179, 208,-35,-47,-83,
				289, 827,-58,-61-8,-66-9;
				Tables VII. IX. X. XIV. XXII.
,	,,	,	"	, in California, Table XXII.
,	,,	,	"	, in Nova Scotia, Table XXII.
,	"	,	"	, in Siberia, 177-8, 846; Table XXII.
	,,	. 0	f iron-minir	g, near Lake Superior, 889-90.
	"			, in Ireland (Sulphur-ore), 561-2.
	"	. 0	,, f lead-minir	g, in Cornwall, 454, 698, 719,-20;
,	,,	, .	- 1000 111111	Table XIV.
	97	,	,,,,	, in Wales, 459,-60.
 ,	"	, of	milver-minin	g, in Cornwall, 111-12,-18,-15,
				116-17,-21, 710-11.
 ,	"	•	"	, in Chili, 95-6, 123-4, 51,-8; Tables IV. V. XIV.
 ,	"	, of	Tin-mining	in Cornwall, 442,-8,-4,-6,-7-8,
				452-3,-72, 693; Table XIV.
Steam-engi	nes,	numb	er and dime	nsions of, on the mines of Caradon,
		Mei	nheniot, and	St. Pinnock, 698, 720.
	 ,	erect		and at the Bearhaven and Tamar
			•	ed with distilled sea-water, in Chili,
				quality of, 55. [141.
Stephen, G	. M.	Bag.	on the detr	ital gold of Australia, 356,-9.
•		1.	,	(or seemermen 000)-0.

ference, James, Esq., on the depths of Australian gold-mines,
Table XXII.
Ames, sculptured, at Dhoora Devi, in the Himalaya, 19.
bpes (Steps), substitution of one system of, for another, 145-6, 645-
646,-98.
-, back, adopted earlier in Germany than in Cornwall, 646.
mine, rocks and metalliferous deposits of the, 676-7.
krachey, Capt. R., on beds of graphite near Almora, 41.
, on the disappearance and reappearance of rivers
in the Turace, 44.
trata, dissimilar, their different influence on (masses) shoots of ore
and of vein-stone in the metalliferous deposits
which intersect them, 187, 224.
, , their coincident positions in the opposite sides
(walls) of metalliferous deposits, 87, 126,-9.
, , their coincident positions on the opposite walls of
certain cross-veins, 71, 126,-9.
, their different positions on the 71—2, 126,—30, opposite walls of certain cross-veins
opposite walls of certain \ 225-6,-86-7, 841,
oross-osias
, which merge in
them elsewhere, 226-7,-87, 842.
breams, action of, on the matrix of tin-ore, 854.
, ,, gold, 854.
Steem-tin-ore, of Caradon, 695.
of Australia associated with gold and platina, 286.
Sertices, their utility in cleaning (dressing) auriferous sand in Brazil,
Tables VII. IX.
Arin, in metalliferous deponits, 207, 483,-69, 552-8, 648,-54.
—, in cross-veins, 125, 688.
, crooked and divergent, 469, 688.
Aracture. (See Cleavage, Joints, Cross-veins, Metalliferous
deposits.)
Submarine mining-works, at Sark's Hope, 584,-9.
,, at Knockmahen, 594,-9-600.
, at Wheal Margery, 599.
,, at Lovant, 599.
", at Botallack, 599.
,, at Whitehaven, 599.
Sulphur-ore (iron-pyrites), of Wicklow, 543-69.
Surface-water intercepted by impermeable limestone at Chasarcillo,
[77]

Superior, Lake, rocks on the southern shore of, 385-404.
, deposits of iron-ore of ,, , 888-90.
, , native-copper ,, , 419-83.
, , native silver ,, , 486.
ancient mines and)
miners , 412-19.
, climate of, 477-8.
, subterranean temperature near, 783-4.
, ice remaining during summer in some of the mines
near, 465,-78, 784.
Surubim, unesteemed fresh-water fish, lives in rivers polluted with
mineral-water, 355.
Swanpool, proportion of silver in the lead-ore of, 120.
Swings of iron-chain numerous near heathen temples in the Hima-
laya, 28.
Symons, Mr. F. S., on the proportion of gold in (killas) slate at
Morro Velko, 186.
Taboleiro, on the manufacture of iron at, 260-2.
, ,, mass (sugget) of detrital-gold found near, 283.
Tacquarigua, level of water in the lake of, affected by the condition
of neighbouring woods, 188.
Talapoongla, on the rocks and copper-ores of, 7.
Talc, an ingredient of the rocks, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 19, 20,-8,-5, 171,-2,
177,-8,-80, 213,-14,-21,-8,-7,-45,-7,-8,-55,
257,-98,-9, 300,-1,-2,-3,-4,-5,-7,-8,-11,-12,
814,-16,-21,-2,-4,-7,-72,-5,-7,-9,-87, 602,
647; Tables I. VIII.
, ,, of metalliferous deposits, 6, 28, 177,-80, 215,
221,-8,-7,-8,-9,-80,-8,-9,-40,-6,-63,-4,-5,-7,
268,-9, 302,-3,-4,-16,-25,-9,-80,-2,-4,-7,
876; Tables I. VIII.
, ,, of cross-veins, 270; Table VIII.
Taldanga, the sandstones, shales, and iron-ores of, 66.
Talho Aberto, (Open-work), extent of, at Catta Preta, 287.
, ,, , , at Gongo Soco, 256.
Tamar mines, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of the, 110.
, erection of a steam-engine underground at the, 609.
Taquaril, flakes and lamins of gold in Jacotinga at, 278.
Tarag-ke-Tal, on the siliceous limestone of, 18, 31.
. 10
, ,, ores of copper at, 18.

Issistock, subte	rranean charcoa	a temperature in the mining district of, 752.
lylor, John, E	sq. (of L	ondon), on early copper-mining in Cornwall, 691,-2.
Taylor, John, E	sq. (of C	Caradon), on the silver-ores of Wheal Ludcott, 711.
	_	", ", financial operations at ", ,719.
	-	,, ,, copper precipitated from spring- water at Crow's-nest, 686.
	Bal	e proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stones of leswidden, 472.
Tellurium, alloy	ed with the tak	gold, in c-slate of Brazil, 299, 834,-6,-7, 640.
 ,	,,	", , at Descoberta, 299.
 ,	"	", , at Coelho, 180.
 ,	11	", , at Catta Branca, 386.
 ,	**	Virginia, 836,-76,-82, 640.
, alloy	ed with	gold, in the Silurian rocks of Merioneth, 640.
_		ugget) mass of gold discovered in Australia, Table XXII.
Tennent, Sir J.	Emerso	n, on the discovery of a ruby in a fowl's crop, 356.
Temperate regi	ons, sub	oterranean temperature in, 761,-2; Tables XXXI. XXXV. XXXVI.
Temperature, su	ib terra n	ean, in Chili, 724-5,-51; Table XXXI.
 ,	,,	, in Brazil, 725-32,-51.
	,,	, in the United States, 732-4,-51.
	"	, in the Channel Islands, 784-7,-52.
	**	, in Ireland, 737-44,-52.
	"	, in Cornwall, 744-9,-52.
	77	, in Shropshire, 750-1,-2.
	27	, in different rocks, 753-6,-60,-2; Table XXXIII.
 ,	"	, in mines affording different metals and
		ores, 756-7,-8,-61,-2;
		Table XXXIV.
—	"	, ,, ,, similar metals and
		ores in different rocks, 757-
		758; Table XXXV.
 ,	,,	, ,, at different elevations, in tropi-
		cal and in temperate regions, 758,-61:
		Tables XXXI. XXXV. XXXVI.

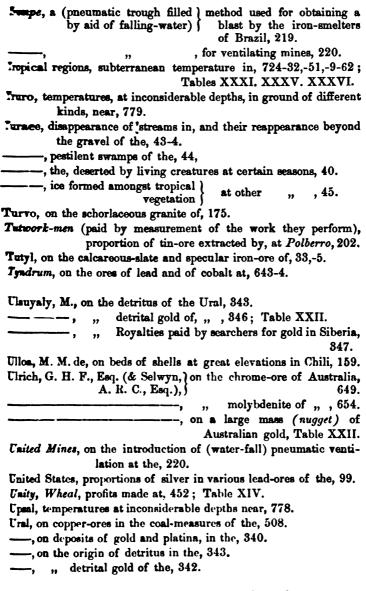
Temperature, su	bterrane	an,	changes in, at given spots, by deepening
			and extension of neighbouring mines,
			764-5.
 ,	,,	8	at inconsiderable in Brazil, 767—78; depths, Table XXXVII.
 ,	,,	,	", in New Granada 770.
 ,	"	,	", in Ecuador, 771
 ,	"	,	", , in India, 772,-8, 86.
 ,	"	,	", , in Belgium, 774-5.
 ,	,,	,	" , at Greenwich, 776-7.
 ,	"	,	" , near Truro, 779.
 ,	"	,	", near Edinburgh, 777-
	"	,	", , at Upsal, 778. [778.
Thesoureiro, on	the rock	s and	d auriferous deposits of, 302-3.
Thieves, convict	ion of, fi	om (the peculiar alloy of the stolen gold, 336.
Thomas, Capt. C	Charles,	on tl	he granite of Caradon, 663.
	,	**	proportions of tin-ore in the vein-
			stones of Dolcoath and Cook's-
			kitchen, 472.
	 ,	,,	silver & silver-ores of Dolcoath, 113.
	 ,	"	progress of works at ,, , 448.
	 ,	"	action of running-water in separating
			tin-ore from its matrix, 354.
	 ,	,,	produce and profits of Dolcoath, 447-
			448; Table XIV.
Thomas, Henry,	Esq., or	n the	e separation of silver from Spanish lead- ores, 103.
	 ,	21	produce and profits of the Consolidated
			Mines, 452; Table XIV.
Thomas, J. Lee,	Eeq., or	n the	sulphur-ores of Rio Tinto, 543,-6.
	,	,,	precipitation of copper at , , , 589.
Thomas, Cant. J	losiah. o	n the	e rate of blasting rocks at Dolcoath, 200.
			the clrams of the Chasewater and Cam-
	-,1-,		borne districts, 662.
			harman (director among and lades in
	•	"	Cornwall, 183.
	 ,	. ,,	perpendicularity of the richest parts
	·	•	of lodes, 82.
	,	,,	Gwennap adit, 585.
	,	"	publication of his work on the
	•		Mining districts of Cornwall, 341.

See, C. H. G., Esq., on the mica-slate and serpentine of Corri
Charmaig, 645.
greenstones & porphyry of Breadalbane, 651.
, , lodes of Breadalbane, 652.
(See Displacement.)
Sunderstorm at Catta Branca, effects of, 179.
mry, M. Héricart de, on the rocks of Chalanches, 517,-19.
, , metalliferous deposits , , 523-4.
, proportion of silver in lead-ore from
Vizille, 103.
igrony, on the rocks of, 542.
, ,, sulphur-ores of, 553-4.
Tilpora, on the iron-ores of, Table II.
Tijuco, on the slates and auriferous quartz of, 182.
Timber, quantities of, in the forests near Lake Superior, 390.
of heavy growth, on the rubbish of ancient mines, 416.
Timbopebs, on the iron-furnaces of, 213.
Tracroft, on the granite and slate of, 658.
, proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 478.
, ventilation obtained at, by means of a fall of water, 220.
Ting Tang, on the profit realized at, 451; Table XIV.
Tm-mines, subterranean temperature of, 757,-8; Table XXXIV.
Tin-ore, an occasional constituent of rocks, 77, 175, 664-5.
proportion of, in the vein-stones of Cornwall, 472-3, 693.
, on the presumed association of it with fluor, 680.
, ,, separation of, from its matrix by running-water, 354.
, on proportions extracted by tributers,)
tutwork-men, (at Polberro,
culled from rubbish by day-
——, detrital, mixed with gold, in Wicklow, 630-1.
, ", ", in Banca, 631.
, ,, ,, ,, in Australia, 286.
, ,, , and platina, in Australia, 286.
, , superior to mine-tin-ore in quality, 859.
, , Roman remains in partially worked beds of, 345.
Titanite, crystals of, imbedded in crystals of quartz in Itabirite, at
Agoa Quente, 225.

Tolgus, South, produce and profits of, 459.
Toltec mine, rocks and copper-deposits of, 463-5.
, ice accumulated in the works during winter, remained
unthawed in summer, at, 465, 734.
Tomlinson, C., Esq., on crystallization from supersaturated solutions, 713.
Tomnadashan, on the mica-slate, greenstone, and porphyry of, 650-2. ————, ,, molybdenite of, 654.
Tonkin, Capt. John, on blasting the rocks and vein-stones at <i>Dolcoath</i> , 220.
Tonkin, Thomas, Esq., on early copper-mining in Cornwall, 686-7. ————, on dressing the poorer kinds of tin-ore, 689.
Tools, mining, inefficient, used in the Himalaya, 51.
—. , , , used by native miners in Brazil, 217,-18, 221,-99.
, ,, peculiar use of certain, at St. Just and in Chili, 151.
, ", unusual, tried unsuccessfully at Morro Velho, 199.
Topaz, matrix of, near Cattas Altas, 300.
, mines of, at Capas and Boa Vista, 805-8.
Torches of resinous wood used to give light in mines, 52.
Torcy, subterranean temperature at, 753.
Towan, Wheal, profit made at, 454; Table XIV.
, experiments on the discharge of water from pumps at, 570.
Trahair, Capt. W., on the rate of blasting rocks and vein-stones, at
Balleswidden, 200.
Traira, a fresh-water fish throve in warm and muddy mine-water, at
Agoa Quente, 855, 781.
Traill, G. W. Esq., on Mining in the Himalaya, 48, 54.
of food , 60.
Tram-waggons, substitution of, for wheel-barrows in mines, 144.
, , , for buckets (kibbles) in diagonal shafts, 144, 668.
Trannack, Wheal, on the granite and slate of, 659.
Trap-rocks, of Jherris (Bengal), 65.
, near Lake Superior, direction, dip, composition, and
structure of, 394-405,-11-24,-37,-9,-60-1,-84,-5,
466-7,-74-5,-80-1.
48860-184567874-5980-1.

Seatment of auriferous	vein-stones, Ta	bles VII. IX.	
, different mod	es of, serve to	extract different proportion	18
	om similar vein		
		leposits of Gongo Soco, 257	7.
))	of Antonio Pereiro	
•	,,	804.	•
Izebilcock, Mr. W., on	the profit mad	e at Carnon Stream, 452 Table XIV.	;
Irebisken Green, proport	ions of silver i	n the ores of, 121.	
		of tin-ore in the vein-ston	е
	Great Work,		
		profits of the Fowey Con	١-
		456; Table XIV.	
		tion of Gonzo Soco, 260.	
		deposits of ,, , 255-72	2.
Trehane, Wheal, proport			
Trelawny, Wheal, on the			
	lode of, 704-1		
•		silver in the lead-ores of	f
, "		120,-708,-9.	
, "		ucans) of, 715-17.	
, "	rate at which th	ie works have been deepened 748.	-
	machinery at w	ork and population employe	
, "	at, 720.		_
 , ,,	produce and p	rofits of, 719,-20.	
, "	subterranean t	temperature at, 748.	
Trelawny, North Wheal	, proportions o	f silver in the lead-ores o	f,
Trelawny, South, rocks a	nd vein-stones	of, 714. [120	٥.
, machin	nery worked as	nd population employed a	t,
, subter	ranean tempera	ture at, 748. [726	0.
Treloar, Capt. T., on the	rocks of 186	•	
	-	rtions of gold contained i	in
•		rtain parts of, 186,-96.	
	-oloti	ons between them and th	10
	• •	incipal auriferous deposit	
		6,-7,-92,-8,-5,-6, 207,-8.	٠,
	ai-am-	mstances which affect th	ha
		hness of the formations, 18	
		0 - 5 - 6 - 7	٠,

Treloar, Capt. T., on the	e deposits } o Velho, } endlon	g dip (shoot) of ore, 207,-8.
,	", beds of	f rock which sever portions em, 192,-3.
 ,	,, , issue	of inflammable gas from
	crevi	ces in the auriferous portions 95,-6.
, on t	•	er-courses at Morro Velho, Table XXII.
, "	proportion of g	gold obtained from Jacotinga
	at Don Pedro	North d'el Rey, Table XXII.
Treloar, Capt. W., on t		gold obtained from the vein-
		ara) Gongo Soco, 247.
	•	of tin-ore in the vein-stone
Tremaune (Providence		ilver in the lead-ore of, 118.
		mine-water at, 588,-92.
	profits of, 451;	
Treskerby, profits of, 4	•	
Tres Puntas, silver exp		
		the slate formation at, 660.
Trethevy mine, on the l		
Trevendrum temperat	nres on the sur	face, and at 771,-2,-8,-80.
various (inconsiderable) d	epths, near, \ 771,-2,-8,-80.
 ,	27	, at different hours, 780.
Trevillion, T., Eeq., or		us of silver in lead-ores at s-foot, 709.
 ,	" machinery	worked, and population em-
	ployed;	the produce and profits of p-foot, 719,-20.
Treweatha, Wheal, pro		r in the lead-ores of, 120.
	on the precipitati	ion of copper at Santiago mine-water, (Cuba), 590.
		,, , by the use of
,	" lime	, at Wheal Falmouth, 585.
Tributers (who receive	a share in the ve	alue of the ores they obtain),
on the proportion	ons of tin-ore ext	tracted by, at Polberro, 202.
Trollè Col., his use of	fire-flies to ligh	t the works of Bella Fama, 209.

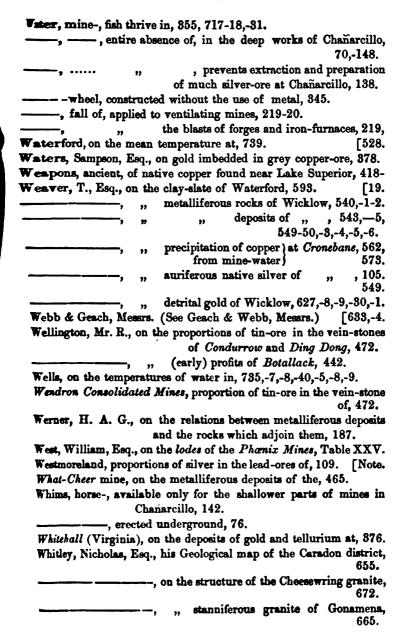


Valenciana (Chili), extent and produce of works at, 123.

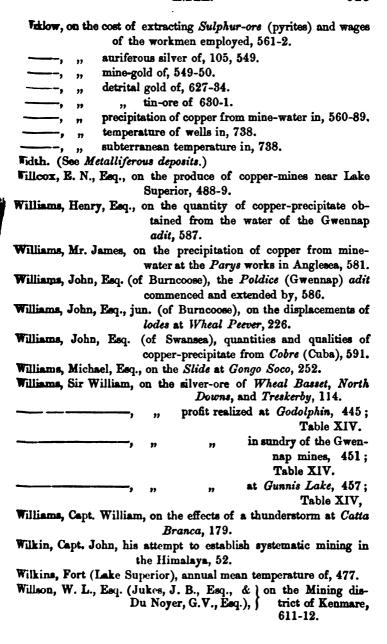
Valenciana (Chili), quantity, quality, and value of ailver-ore afford- ed by, Tables IV. XIV.
Valleys, directions of, in West Cornwall, 718.
Veins. (See Metalliferous deposits.)
Veins, cross. (See Cross-veins.)
Veins, pipe, of lead-ore, 620. (See Pipe-veins.)
Vein-stones. (See Composition of metalliferous deposits.)
Ventilation, natural, by the issue of air from joints in rocks, 250.
, artificial, by pneumatic means, 219-20.
Verneuil, M. E. de (Murchison, Sir R. I., & Keyserling, Count A.
von), on the copper-ores of the Uralian coal-
measures, 508-9.
, on deposits of gold and platina in the Ural, 840.
, on detrital gold of the Ural, 342.
, on the large (sugget) mass of detrital gold in Siberia, Table XXII.
Verran, Capt. W., on the shoots of auriferous vein-stone at Morro
Velho, 207.
Vicente, Sao, tellurium an alloy of gold in the neighbourhood of, 180.
Victoria (Australia), quantities of gold obtained in and exported
from, Table XXII.
,, , detrital gold of, traced to its origin, 343.
,, , numbers and weights of large (nuggets) masses
discovered in, Table XXII.
Vincent, Wheal St., proportion of silver in the ore of, 115.
Virginia, on the auriferous rocks of, 372.
, ,, vein-stones of, 322,-75,-7,-81.
, ,, detrital gold of, 383,-4.
, ,, magnetic declination in, 372.
, ,, subterranean temperature in, 781,-51,-5; Table
, hire and food of slaves in, 382-3. [XXXI.
Vivian Carn, proportion of silver in the lead ore of, 120.
Vivian, Mr. John, profit in the Saint Ives Consolidated Mines, 443;
Table XIV.
Vivian, Capt. Joseph, proportion of silver in the ore of North
Dolcoath, 113.
, on the comparative values of wheel-barrows
and tram-waggons underground, 144.
ventilation of mines by aid of falling-
water, 223.

Frian, Capt. Nicholas, on the metalliferous deposits of Sark's Hope, 531,-2,-5-6.
, ,, comparative values of wheel-barrows and tram-waggons underground, 144.
, ,, ventilation of mines by the use of falling-water, 220.
, ,, profit of Wheal Towan, 454; Table XIV.
ivian, William, Esq., on the structure of smelted copper, 430-1.
, " precipitated ", 431.
, ,, native ,, 431.
Vivian, William Cock, Esq., on the proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stones of North Roskear, 472.
, produce and profits of North Roskear, 448-9; Table XIV.
Ver, Wheal, proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stones of, 472.
, subterranean temperature at, 764-5.
, forges for sharpening tools underground at, 610.
, profit and loss at, 446; Table XIV.
Fughs (cavities) in the lodes at Chaffarcillo, 89, 126.
,, near Lake Superior, 430.
Vulcan mine, large trees grown on the rubbish from ancient copperworks at the, 416.
Vyryan, Wheal, on the copper-bearing granite of, 512.
Wages. (See Miners.)
Wales, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 105,-6,-7.
—, miners brought from, to work in the mines of North Devon, 109.
Walferden, M., on the temperatures of coal-mines in France, 758-4.
Walls of lodes, rocks which form confront- ing portions on opposite sides in Chafarcillo, 87, 180.
——, in Cornwall, 657-60.
of cross-reins, in Chafarcillo, 71, 180.
Walker, Dr. T. (& Reay, W., Esq.), on the proportion of gold in the
slate at <i>Morro Velho</i> , 6 н 186,-96.

	r. (& Reay, W., 1			
	ed in (dressing)			
Walsh, The R	ev. Dr., on the g	old-mine of An	tonio Pereira	, 303.
Walton mine,	proportion of go	ld in the vein-	stones of the,	373.
	, Esq., on magne			
	-, diminution of,			
		ood, 137-40, 34		
	, temperature of,		· - ·	
		in the Channel	Islanda 785	-7
		in Ireland, 788		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	in East Cornw		_ Q
	(fresh), in mines	_	a surface e	
	''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''	n a sha mlahasa a		IICI aboot
		the sulphate o		
		a precipitate of		•
		, in Chasarcillo		
	unequal quantiti			
 ,	action of, in sep	arating metallic	from earthy n	
•				354.
,	now disappearing	g in gravel of	ancient bed	s, 43-4,
			1	l 89-4 0.
 ,	but reappearing	on reaching i	mpermeable (clay at a
	lower level, 44		_	·
,	, holding in soluti	on salts) but de	positing ther	n during
•		agnesia,} its o		
,	, ,	, distille	ed for use l	by loco-
	•		otives, and	
			omestic use, 1	
, sea-,	*****	*****		141.
	, unequal quantit	ies of, at differe	nt sessons 4	
,	, anodam dames		58 4,-5,-8,- 90,	
	imprometed with			, 000-3.
	, impregnated wit	•		6
	" "	coppe	r, precipitatio	
				; Table
			XVIII.	
)))	"	, gradually d	
			ing, 57	
	, ,	n	; lists lin	
		e n <i>plungers</i> us ed		
	, holding iron-ore		referred to cla	er water
	har horses and	mplos 954		

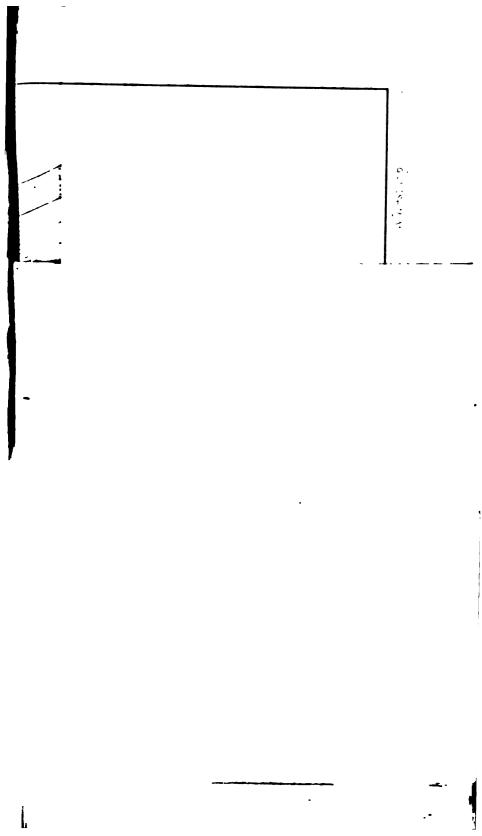


Whitley, Nicholas, Esq., coincidence of the directions of the joints in rocks with the valleys in West Cornwall, 718.
, temperature of ground of various kinds near Truro, 779.
Whitney, J. D., Esq., on the sandstones, conglomerates, and traprocks of Lake Superior, 892—404, 428,-38,-9,-75.
directions and dips of the copper- deposits of Lake Superior, 404,-7,-9.
, ,, vein-stones of the copper-deposits of Lake Superior, 424,-5,-61,-2,-8,-4,-7.
, ,, native copper of the copper-deposits of
Lake Superior, 435,-62,-3,-7,-76,-80.
, ,, extraction of native copper in large
masses at Lake Superior, 427.
native copper in it, at Lake Superior, 460.
,, native silver associated with native copper
at Lake Superior, 99, 419,-87.
, ,, prehistoric mines) of Lake Superior, 412,
and miners \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
, " mining leases granted at " , 487.
United States, 99.
, argentiferous gold of California, 99.
Whitney, J. D., Esq., & Foster, J. W., Esq. (See Messrs. Foster &
Whitney.)
Whittlesey, C., Eeq., on the virgin silver and native copper of Lake
Superior, 419.
, " prehistoric miners and mining of " 414
415,-19.
, ,, and their ignorance of smelting, 419.
, " succession of trees in North American
forests, 416.
, ,, magnetic declination in Upper Michigan,
Whittington, extreme and mean annual temperatures at, 750. [395.
Wicklow, on the metalliferous rocks of, 540-2.
deposits of 549-69
Al ain Alamba annu ha
cross-veins and joints. 558-60.

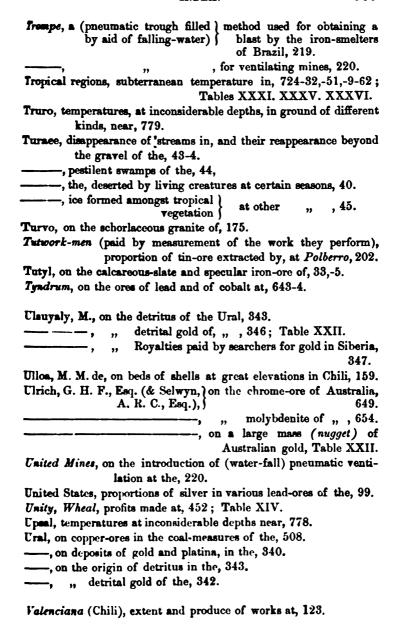


Willson, W. L., Esq., (Jukes, J. B., Esq., & on the slates & line Du Noyer, G. V., Esq.), stones of Kenny 611,-14.	ir
on the fossils contain, 613.	tł
on the metallife.	rc
deposits of Kenmare, 614-15,-16,-18,-2	21
Wilsworthy, on the native silver, arsenical cobalt, and copper-pyrof, 116.	
Winch, N. J., Esq., proportions of silver in the lead-ores of	ŧ
North of England, 107.	
Winding-engines, on the economy of substituting steam for hos	re
power, in, 142. 668.	
Winzes and levels, substitution of, for Stopes in the mines of Co	11
wall, 146, 645-6,-93-4.	
Wire-rope, advantages of, compared with hempen rope, 143, 646	; .
Wood, Benj., Esq., on the produce and profits of Crennis, 48	
Table XIV	
Wooden pumps, generally used in the gold-mines of Brazil, 288.	
Woods, their influence on the water of neighbouring springs, 18	
——, laws for the protection of, in Brazil, 344. [140, 84]	
Woodville, on the talcose-slate and auriferous deposits of, 875.	
Woodward, Dr., on the argentiferous lead-ores of Cornwall, 118,-1	19
Workmen in mines, extraordinary escapes of, 600,-66.	
Wrey, Wheal, on the rocks, lodes, and silver-ores of, 120, 710,-1	
Wright, Mr. J. E., qualitative examination of water in the Gwenn adit by, 586.	*F
Wyllie, J. F., Esq., on the quantities and prices of chrome-or	re,
obtained at Corri Charmaig, 649.	
York, H. C., Esq., on the proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stor of Boscean, Boscaswell, and Carnyorth, 472	
Yorkshire, on the displacements of strate by veins in, 72, 227.	
, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 109.	
Zeppenfeld, M. (& Rivot, M. L. E.), on the proportions of silver French lead-ores, 104.	in
Zupia, mean temperatures at the surface, and at small depths i 768-70	

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Treloar, Capt. T., on the	deposits)		,
	o Velho,} endid	ong dip (shoot) of ore, 207,-8	•
 ,		of rock which sever portions them, 192,-3.	B
 ,	crev of,	of inflammable gas from vices in the auriferous portions 195,-6.	•
, on t	he extent of wa	ater-courses at Morro Velko, Table XXII.	
, ,,		f gold obtained from Jacotinga to North d'el Rey, Table XXII.	
Treloar, Capt. W., on the	he proportion o	of gold obtained from the vein-	
sto	one of (the Car	mara) Gongo Soco, 247.	
Trelyon Consolidated A	<i>Hines</i> , proportion of, 47	on of tin-ore in the vein-stone 2.	
Tremayne (Providence) Wheal, native	e silver in the lead-ore of, 118.	
	n of copper fro	om mine-water at, 588,-92.	
Treskerby, profits of, 48	•	=	
Tres Puntas, silver exp			
		the slate formation at, 660.	
Trethern mine, on the l	hornblendic roc	eks of, 671.	
Trevandrum, temperat	ures on the suinconsiderable)	urface, and at \ 771 _2 _8 _80.	
 , `	n	, at different hours, 780.	
Trevillion, T., Esq., or		ons of silver in lead-ores at d's-foot, 709.	
,	" machine	ry worked, and population em-	
	• •	d; the produce and profits of I's-foot, 719,-20.	
Treweatha, Wheal, pro		ver in the lead-ores of, 120.	
	on the precipits	ation of copper at Santiago m mine-water, (Cuba), 590.	
,	,, li n	,, , by the use of ne, at Wheal Falmouth, 585.	
Tributers (who receive		value of the ores they obtain),	
		extracted by, at Polberro, 202.	
		ght the works of Bella Fama, 209.	



Valenciana (Chili), quantity, quality, and value of silver-ore afform ed by, Tables IV. XIV.
Valleys, directions of, in West Cornwall, 718.
Veins. (See Metalliferous deposits.)
Veins, cross. (See Cross-veins.)
Veins, pipe, of lead-ore, 620. (See Pipe-veins.)
Vein-stones. (See Composition of metalliferous deposits.)
Ventilation, natural, by the issue of air from joints in rocks, 250
, artificial, by pneumatic means, 219-20.
Verneuil, M. E. de (Murchison, Sir R. I., & Keyserling, Count.
von), on the copper-ores of the Uralian cos measures, 508-9.
, on deposits of gold and platina in the Ural, 84
, on detrital gold of the Ural, 342.
————, on the large (nugget) mass of detrital gold is Siberia, Table XXII.
Verran, Capt. W., on the shoots of auriferous vein-stone at Morr
Velho, 207.
Vicente, Sao, tellurium an alloy of gold in the neighbourhood of, 180
Victoria (Australia), quantities of gold obtained in and exported from, Table XXII.
949 سندنده مدن مد المديسة عم الدايير المنسداد
mumbers and maights of large (average) many
discovered in, Table XXIL
Vincent, Wheal St., proportion of silver in the ore of, 115.
Virginia, on the auriferous rocks of, 372.
main stance of 900 75 7 01
Applied and all 999 A
manatia dealination in 970
subtamenan tompometric in 791 51 K. Table
1' f :- 000 0 FVVVI
Vivian Carn, proportion of silver in the lead ore of, 120.
Vivian, Mr. John, profit in the Saint Ives Consolidated Mines, 443;
Table XIV.
Vivian, Capt. Joseph, proportion of silver in the ore of North
Dolcoath, 113.
on the comparative values of wheel-barrows
and tram-waggons underground, 144.
wentilation of mines by aid of felling
water 923

rian, Capt. Nicholas, on	the metalliferous deposits of Sark's Hope, 531,-2,-5-6.
 , ,	, economical application of steam- power to winding-engines, 142.
, ,,,	on comparative values of wheel-barrows and tram-waggons underground, 144.
, ,	, ventilation of mines by the use of falling-water, 220.
,	, profit of Wheal Towan, 454; Table XIV.
	nativo 481
	copper precipitated from the water in Roskear adit, 589.
	produce and profits of North Roskear, 448-9; Table XIV.
Ver, Wheal, proportion of	tin-ore in the vein-stones of, 472.
	temperature at, 764-5.
, forges for sha	rpening tools underground at, 610.
, profit and los	s at, 446; Table XIV.
Fighs (cavities) in the lod	les at Chafarcillo, 89, 126.
	near Lake Superior, 430.
	of Cornwall, 89.
	rown on the rubbish from ancient copperate the, 416.
Vyeyan, Wheal, on the co	pper-bearing granite of, 512.
Wages. (See Miners.)	
Wales, proportions of silve	er in the lead-ores of, 105,-6,-7. m, to work in the mines of North Devon, 109.
Walferden, M., on the tem	peratures of coal-mines in France, 758-4.
Wells of lodes, rocks which	ch form confront- s on opposite sides in Chafarcillo, 87, 130.
	in Cornwall, 657-60.
of cross-veins,	in Chafarcillo, 71, 180.
в н	W., Esq.), on the proportion of gold in the slate at Morro Velho, 186,-96.
V 4	100,-00.

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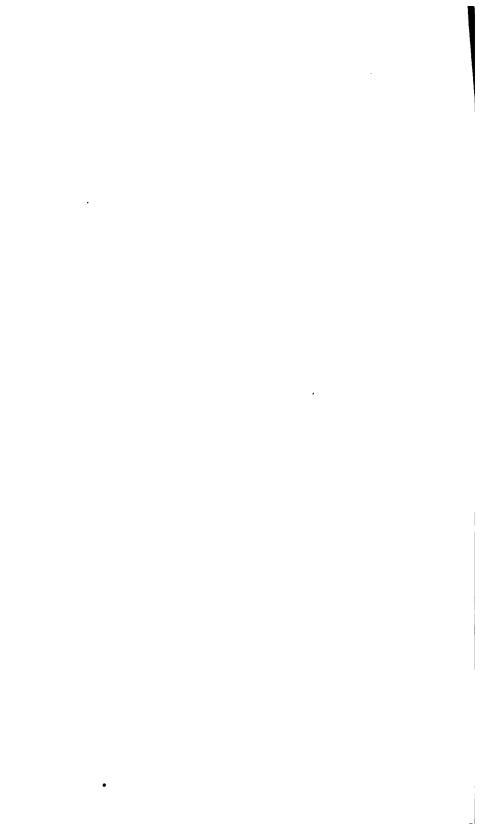
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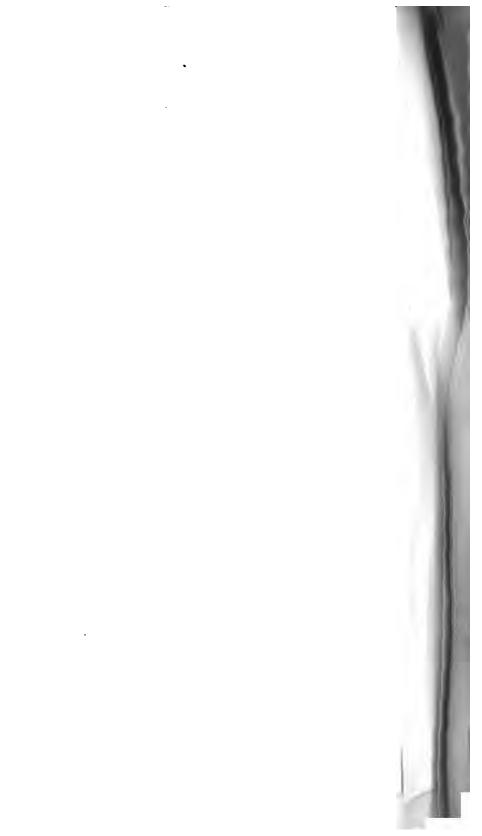
			es and products
	in (dressing) clea		
Walsh, The Rev.	Dr., on the gold-	mine of Antonio	Pereira, 303.
Walton mine, pr	oportion of gold	in the vein-stone	of the, 373.
	sq., on magnetic		
	liminution of, w		
, , , , ,	stripped of wood		J
, te	mperature of, in		
		the Channel Islan	ds, 735,-7.
 ,	,, , in	Ireland, 788,-40.	,
 ,		East Cornwall, 7	
(fi	resh), in mines w		
	,, ,,		surface encrusted
		e sulphate of sod	la, 165.
		recipitate of cop	
		Chanarcillo, Tal	
, river-, ur	equal quantities		
	tion of, in separat		
,	,		854.
no	w disappearing i	n gravel of and	
,	bborring	B or	189-40.
hr	t reappearing on	reaching imper	- - -
	ower level, 44.	rescuing imper	monoic cary as a
	olding in solution	eelte) hut danceit	ing them during
, 10	of sods and magn	esia,) its cours	e, 189- 4 1.
	n		or use by loco-
			s, and sold for
		domes	ic use, 141.
•	•••••	,	" 141.
, mine-, u	nequal quantities	of, at different se	easons, 477,-573,
		584,-	5,-8,-90, 608-9.
, in	pregnated with as	lts of lime, 717.	
 ,	3 3	copper, pr	ecipitation from,
			569-92; Table
			XVIII.
 ,	,,	,, , gr	adually diminish-
	••	,, , , ,	ing, 578.
 ,	n	,, ;	ifts lined with
•	rood, and wooden p		
	olding iron-ore in		
	by horses and mu		

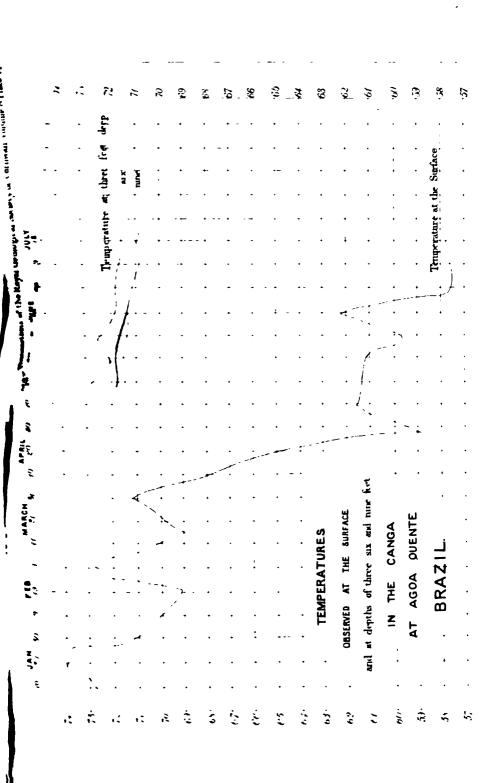
Fact, mine-, fish thrive in, 855, 717-18,-31.
, entire absence of, in the deep works of Chanarcillo,
70,-148.
, prevents extraction and preparation
of much silver-ore at Chanarcillo, 138.
, fall of, applied to ventilating mines, 219-20.
, the blasts of forges and iron-furnaces, 219,
Waterford, on the mean temperature at, 739. [528.
Waters, Sampson, Esq., on gold imbedded in grey copper-ore, 878.
Weapons, ancient, of native copper found near Lake Superior, 418-
Weaver, T., Esq., on the clay-slate of Waterford, 593. [19.
metalliferous rocks of Wicklow, 540,-1-2.
, , deposits of ,, , 543,—5,
549-50,-8,-4,-5,-6.
, ,, precipitation of copper) at Cronebane, 562,
from mine-water) 573.
, " auriferous native silver of " , 105.
549.
, , detrital gold of Wicklow, 627,-8,-9,-30,-1.
Webb & Geach, Messrs. (See Geach & Webb, Messrs.) [633,-4.
Wellington, Mr. R., on the proportions of tin-ore in the vein-stones
of Condurrow and Ding Dong, 472.
, , (early) profits of Botallack, 442.
Wells, on the temperatures of water in, 785,-7,-8,-40,-5,-8,-9.
Wendron Consolidated Mines, proportion of tin-ore in the vein-stone of, 472.
Werner, H. A. G., on the relations between metalliferous deposits
and the rocks which adjoin them, 187.
West, William, Esq., on the lodes of the Phanix Mines, Table XXV.
Westmoreland, proportions of silver in the lead-ores of, 109. [Note.
What-Cheer mine, on the metalliferous deposits of the, 465.
Whims, horse-, available only for the shallower parts of mines in
Chanarcillo, 142.
rected underground, 76.
Whitehall (Virginia), on the deposits of gold and tellurium at, 876.
Whitley, Nicholas, Esq., his Geological map of the Caradon district, 655.
————, on the structure of the Cheesewring granite, 672.
, ,, stanniferous granite of Gonamena, 665.

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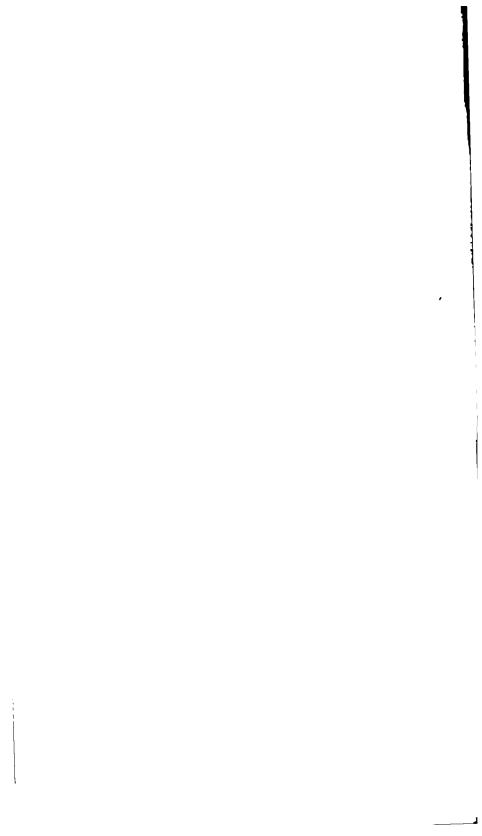
RELATIONS BETWEEN THE METALLIPEROUS DEPOSIT OF AGUR AND THE ROCKS WHICH ADJOIN IT.

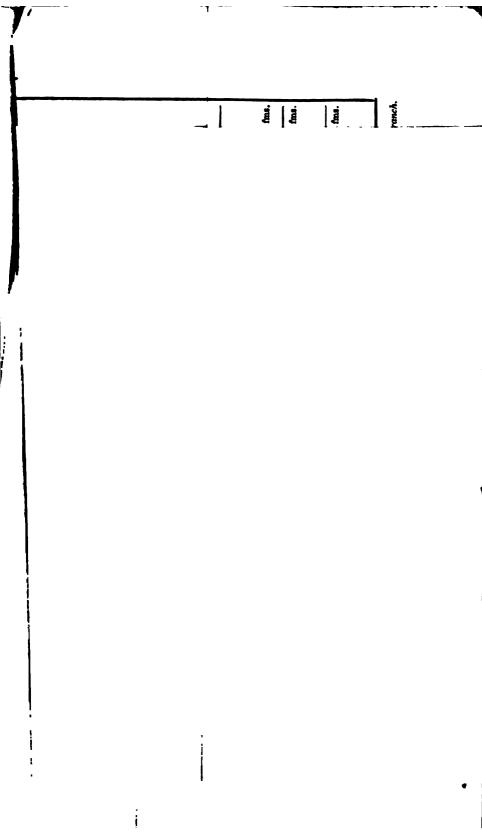
		Bed.		Denth	Composition and appearance of	Nature and annearance of
Mine.	Direction.	Dip.	Sise.	į		adjoining rock.
Guarcooles S.R. & N.W.	8.E. & N.W.	N.N.	ı	-	Specular (micaosous), brown, and magnetic ale-slate with a little quarts. iron-ore, with small lumps of the oxide of manganese. Structure languar.	Talo-elate with a little quarts.
Laugenee N. & S. B. 23"-26" 6-8 feet.	N. & S.	B. 23°-36°	6-8 feet.	8	Specular (micaceous) iron-ore, with a little Quartsone talc-slate, dark blue, bedding N. quarts and some talc.	Quartzose talo-alate, dark blue, bedding N. & S., dip B.
Nutoa Kanh	B. & W.	z	97	8	Idem. In four distinct beds, interlying the Idem, sometimes blue sometimes drab; bedslate, but ultimately re-uniting. ding E. & W., dip N.	Idem, sometimes blue sometimes drab; bedding B. & W., dip N.
Gellà	8.E. & N.W.	N.W.		91	Idem.	Beds of homogeneous blue slate, alternating with quartzoee tale-slate.
Dhoora Khani S.E. & N.W.	8.B. & N.W.	N,	۴. "	17	Idem, with occasional masses of brown iron-Idem.	Idem.
Capus	N. A. S.	R. 48	7	Surface	Surface Yellowish-brown fron-ore.	
			ı	•	Brown and micaceous specular fron-ore, with Homogeneous, fissile, pale blue, buff, and a little quarts.	Homogeneous, fissile, pale blue, buff, and reddish-brown slate.
Choocooth 10° W. of N.	10° W. of N. & E. of S.	M. 40	1	Surface	Surface Brown iron-ore, mixed with the carbonate Decomposed brownish tale-slate.	Decomposed brownish talc-slate.
Bunnà	ſ	1	ı	:	Brown iron-ore and a little quarts.	Homogeneous, fissile, pale blue, passing into buff-coloured slate.
Purturburk B. & W.	В. & W.	N. 24° 10–12 "	10-12 ,,	6	Some portions of the fron-ore pale others Pale brown and buff talc-slate adjoining the dark brown; masses of slate, in some places lightly impregnated in others veined with quarts.	Pale brown and buff tale-slate adjoining the ore; homogeneous dark blue slate at a little distance.

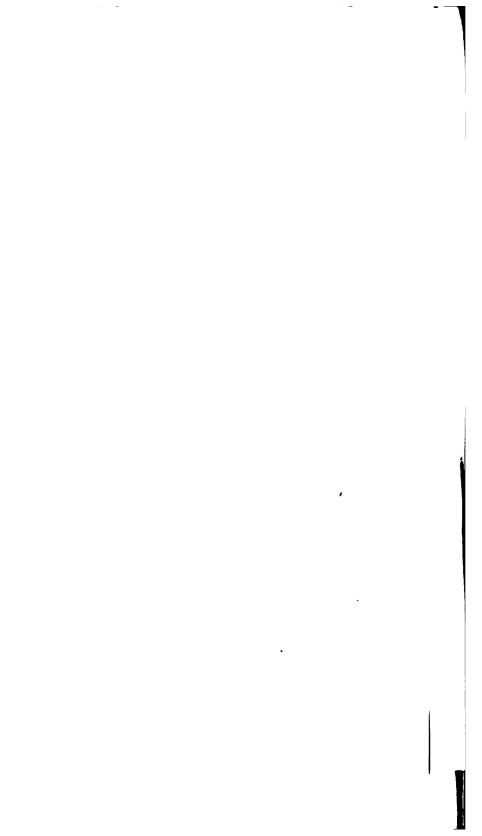


RELATIONS BETWEEN THE METALLIPEROUS DEPOSIT OF KUTELAR AND KHRTSARRE AND THE ROCKS WHICH ADJOIN IT.

Nature and appearance of		Compact red fron-ore, with occasional stones Clay-slate; reddish-brown, with flakes of of quarts; drusy cartifes lined with earthy mica between the lamines; joints curved, vellow from-ore.	Clay-slate and slaty clay, quarts, and carbo-Clay-slate; reddish-brown, mottled with nate of lime, with large irregular masses white in some places; in others bluish-
Composition and appearance of	metalliferous bed.	Compact red fron-ore, with occasional sof quartz; drusy cavities lined with a vellow iron-ore.	Clay-state and staty clay, quarts, and c nate of lime, with large irregular m
Depth	fms.	10	1
	Sign.	2-5 feet.	1
Bed	Direction. Dip.	E. 20°-25°	×i
	Direction.	Tilpora. N. & S. E. 20"-25" 2-5 feet.	Chitalee N. & S.
		1	1
	Mine.	Tilporà.	Chitalee







DESCRIPTIO IN THE COLORADA LODE.

		Third Limestone.	
Mines,	References to (Section) Pl. II.	Nature of ore.	Approximate quantity of Silver. lbs. Troy.
Manto de Ossa.	_		
Talmcians.	A B C		
Isperana.	D E F		
Co lorada .	G		
	H		
	L	1	
	P	•	
	Q+		
	–	pyrites, blende, native silver, and sul- turet of silver.	-
Decempeño.	×	pulce of acres.	
	Q•		
San Francis	R†		
quilo.	6		
Borene.	T		
San José,	N	1	
	σ		
San Francisco viejo.			
	▼	1	
San Francisco	1	mical silver ore, sulphuret of silver, red lver ore, and native silver.	ļ
Delirio.		mical silver ore, red silver ore, and htive silver.	

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2	_			_		67	16	0	11	119	15	2	382	14	0	1491	4	10
8	_					26	0	0	1	127	10	8	319	2	8	1414	9	4
.6	_			_	- }	-	_		7	44	17	0	285	11	8	1255	8	10
8	-	ŀ	12	12	8	20	8	9	1	19	15	8	233	1	9	1160	17	6
3	-	1	27	4	10	21	19	1	7	17	14	3	161	14	5	996	19	9
7	-		3	3	10	17	16	0	2	11	` <u> </u> 6	7	172	19	1	973	9	1
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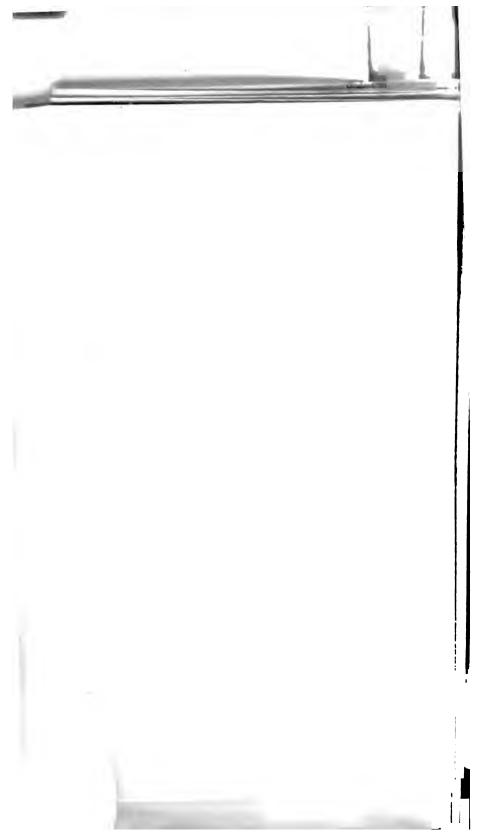
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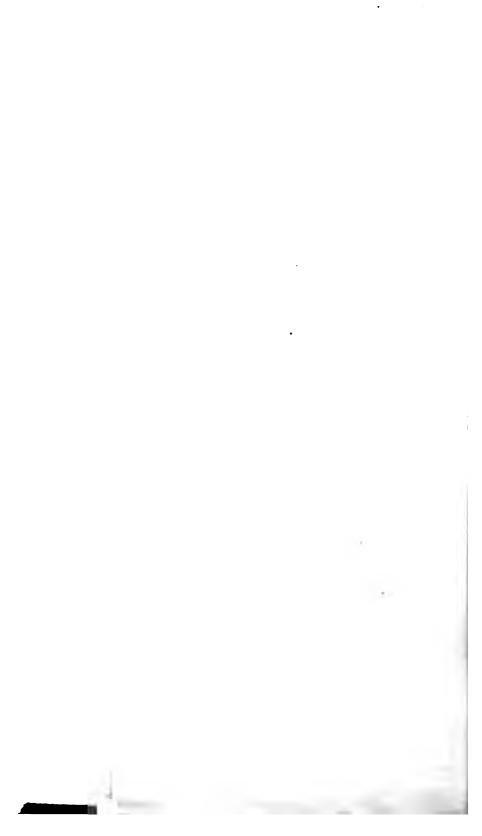
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4 in	gold dust sold.	Cost.	Loss.	Profit.



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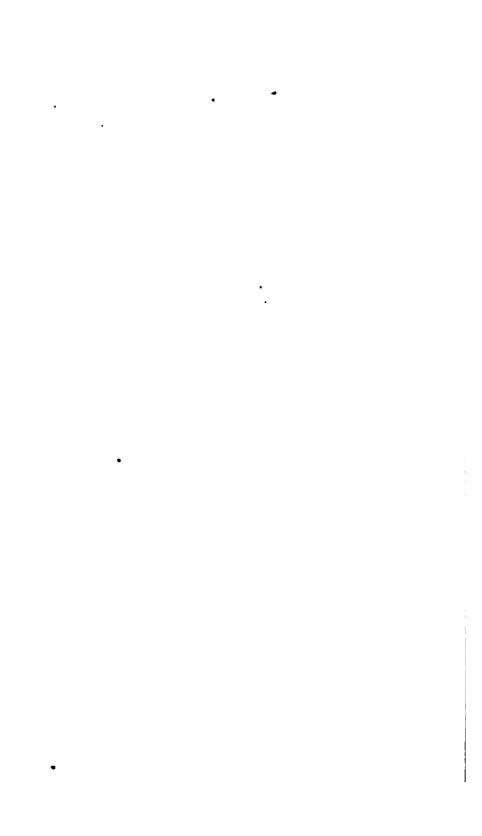
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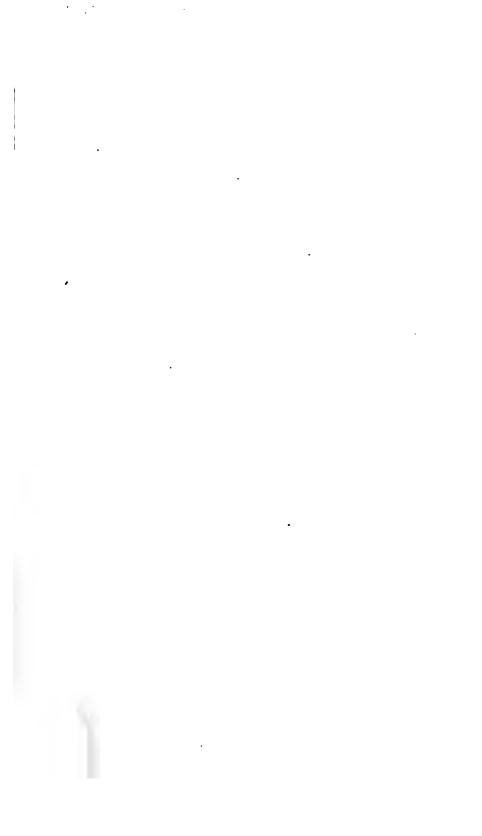








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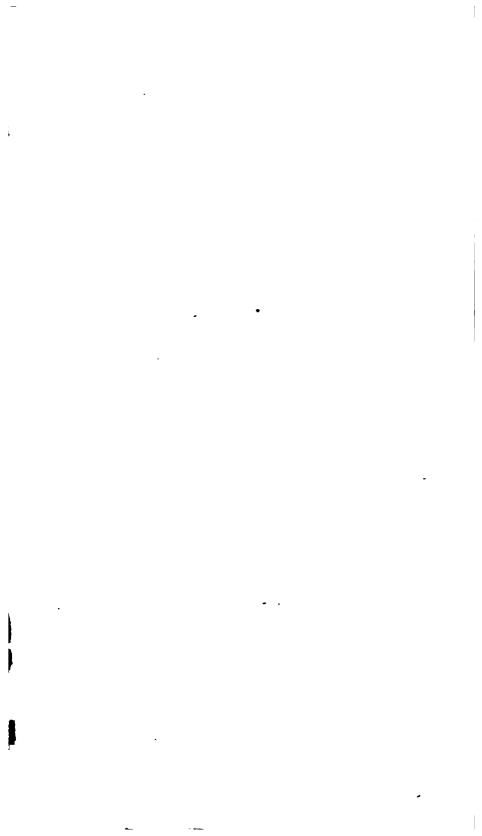
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	Automitted speed, continued question		N W 60° 0.4 1.3 Calendaria and a late of the calendaria and a late of
5 2 2 2	closing small masses of hor rocks, thinly spotted with gr Idem, with grains and small n The Middle very smiles with	closing small masses of hornblendic and felapathic Coarse-grained:—an ill-defined bedding rocks, thinly spotted with grains of native-copper. Iden;—traces of anygdaloidal structure. The Middle vein smiles with the lode at this place.	72" closing small masses of hornblendic and felapathic Coarse-grained:—an ill-defined bedding rocks, thinly spotted with grains of native-copper. dips N.W. 40"—50", 66"-78" 0-1—2.5 Idem, with grains and small masses of native-copper. Idem;—traces of anygdaloidal structure.
70	calcareous spar, quarts, and chlorite, with traces of epidote and grains of native-copper. A vein of native-cepper about a foot thick, slightly spotted with native-silver at intervals, adjoins the	P.62. Calcareous spar, quartz, and chlorite, with traces of Hornblende, labradorite, and chlorite; of epidote and grains of native-copper about a foot thick, slightly Idem;—the cavities filled with calcareous spotted with native-silver at intervals, adjoins the spar.	., 66°-82° 0.6—2. Caleareous spar, quarts, and chlorite, with traces of Hornblende, labradorite, and chlorite; of epidote and grains of native-copper. A vein of native-copper about a foot thick, slightly Idem;—the cavities filled with calcareous spotted with native-caliver at intervals, adjoins the spar.
2.24 B	rock on the S.W. (lower side). Alearcous-spar, chlority quarts, and epidote; enclos- ing small masses, and sprinkled with granules of native-copper. At the place the NORTH-EASTRIN VHIN unites with	71-6. Calcarcous-spar, chlorite, quartz, and epidote; enclos- ing small masses, and sprinkled with granules of native-copper. At this place the NORTH-EASTERN VIIN uniter scith.	46,, 60°-80° 0·1-6. Calcarcous-spar, chlorite, quarts, and epidote; enclos- ing small masses, and sprinkled with granules of native-copper. At this place the North-Eastenny viin unites with
	rae cose, "Aleareous-spar, chlorite, quartz, and epidote; thinly sprinkled with grains of native-copper, and enclosing masses of hornblendie and felspathic rocks.	3.2.5 Calcareous spar, chlorite, quarta sprinkled with grains of native masses of hornblendie and fel	 66 68°-74° 0 3—2°5 Calcareous-spar, chlorite, quartz, and epidote; thinly Hornblende, labradorite, and chlorite. sprinkled with grains of native-copper, and enclosing masses of hornblendie and felspathic rocks.
-	Neither lode nor branch has been line greenstone.	Neither lode nor branch has been traced in the crystal- Hornblende, labradorite, and chlorite; fine line greenstone. grained and crystalline. (Ante, p. 398.)	Neither lode nor branch has beer line greenstone.
	Calcareous spar, quarts, eblorite, sprinkled with native-copper.	Calcareous spar, quarts, chlorite, and prebnite; thinly 98-1: sprinkled with native-copper,	N.E. 72°- Calcareous spar, quarts, chlorite. 84° 0.8-1' sprinkled with native-copper.
	Alcareous-spar, quarts, prebnite sprinkled with native-copper.	0.9	

* Jackson, Report on the Geological and Mineralogical Survey of Lands in Michigan, 111. pp. 458. Foster & Hill, Ibid, pp. 750-61. Foster & Whitney, Report on the Geology of the Lake Superior Land District, 1. pp. 132,-46-7, Pl. IX, Fig 20,

Whitney, Metallic Wealth of the United States, p. 279. Rivot, Annales des Mines, 5me Série, vii. p. 315. Mining Magazine (New York, May, 1854), 11. p. 557.



THE CLIFF MINE . DISTRICT OF KEWEENAW POINT.

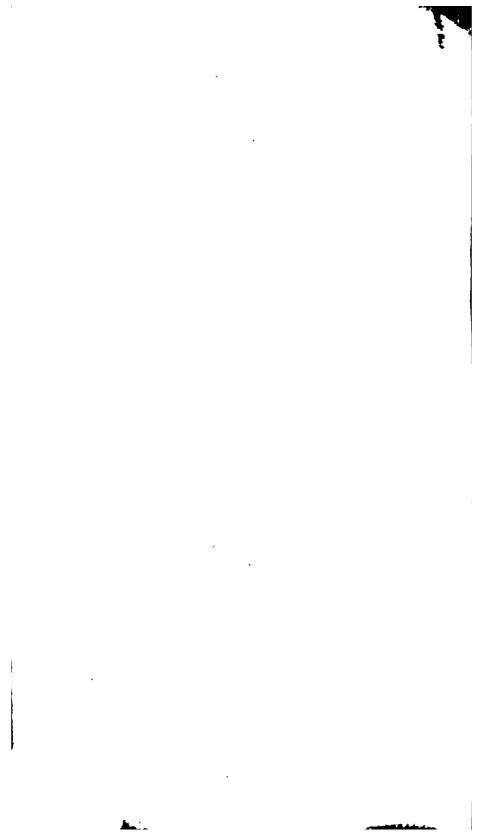
Name & direc- tion of vein.	Depth.	Dip.	Size.	Composition and Appearance of Lode.	Composition and Structure of Rock.
21. W. of N.	Surface.	B. 70°-76°	0-1-0-2 0-3-0 11	Prehnite, calcarcous-spar, and quartr, enclosing small masses of native-copper, invested with capillary red oxide of copper, and think a sub-ingreadence as well earlier, as metallied as largest masses of native-copper generally occur on or near the lower side (foot wall) of the lode. In greendone the lode is always small and poor.	Lode 21. W. of N. Surface. E. 7076. 0.1.0-2 Prehnite, calcarcous-spar, and quartz, enclosing Hernbleade and labradorite (Greenstone); fine-small masses of native-copper, invested with grained, and of crystalline structure, in illusive multiple structure, and this parameters in the copper and this parameters in the copper generally occur on or near the lower side (foot well) of the lode. In greenstone the lode is always small and poor.

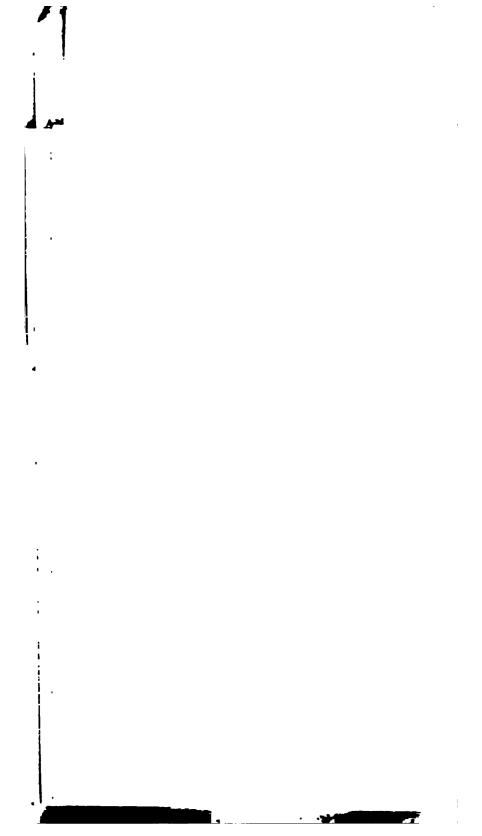
 Jackson, Report on the Geological and Mineralogical Survey of Lands in Michigan, 111. pp. 469—60. Focus & Whitney, Report on the Goology of the Labs Superior Land District, 1. pp. 127-31,-72. Whitney, Metalkie Wealth of the United States, pp. 276-9.

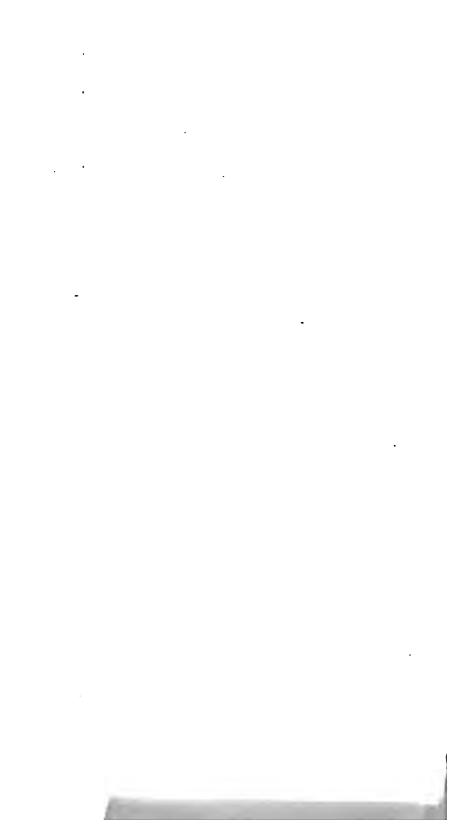
Rivot, Annales des Mines, 6me Strie, viz. pp. 510-14.

Labo Superior Miner (26th April, 1867), 11. p. 2. Dunlal, Mining Journal (2nd September, 1866), xxxv. p. 567.

+ Ante n 439







THE DOUGLASS HOUGHTON OR HENWOOD MINES."—DISTRICT OF UNIONAUM. AND ASSESSED

Lode.	of col	mose ridi a "nhoe-wor a bestood w w second w open, que check of the check of th	B.W.
Composition and Structure of Rock.	Hornblende mixed with smaller quantities of labradorite and chlories; in thick beds parallel to the lode in direction and dip. Isolated masses, and small irregular veins, of quarts and spidots,—which contain particles of copper.—occur at intervals.	Iden.	Idem
Composition and appearance of Lode.	N.W. 60° A mere N.E. Quartz, caleareous-spar, epidote, and chlorite, Hornblende mixed with smaller quantities of labradorite and chloride; in thick beds 2.6 with small messes, of native-copper. 1.6 A body (Horse) of trap divides the lode longitudinally of quarts and small irregular veins into two breaches; both spotted here and there with particles of connex.—contrast latervals.	f.W. 40°— 1.5 Nodules of trap and of quarts, comented by calcareous-46° oper, epidote, and disintegrated trap. Particles of copper are thinly sprinkled through the matrix. 28°-42° 0.6—0.8 A (leader) central vein of calcareous-spar, quarts, Laumonite, and trap, thinly spotted with particles of copper; bounded on either side by disintegrated trap	N.B. 90°- 0-5 Distributional ferruginous trap
	90° John to 3.6	80	\$
ήα	X.₩. 86°	N.W. 40°— 46° 1. 38°—43° 0·6—0·	M.B. 90°-
4 4	Surface to 13.	Burhas to 9.	इं
Name & direc Depth tion of vola. fine.	Loss 40'-50' E, of NW. of E,	CONGLOND- RATH LODS. 40°-60° B. of N.—W. of B.	Choss-vain B.R. & N.W.

Jacknon, Report on the Geological and Mineralogical Survey of Lands in Michigan, 111. pp. 455, 702.
 Fester & Whitney, Report on the Geology of the Lake Superior Land District, 1. pp. 142—50.
 Whitney, Meaths of the United States, pp. 224.
 Henwood, Report on the Boughton Mine (Detroit, 1869), pp. 1—9.
 Ingram, Coulter, Douglass, and Budolph, Rakidi of the Hencood Mine (New York, 1864), pp. 10—18.

\$ 1044, pp. 172,-81,-2; Tables X VIII., XCV. + Bernwood, Corneral Gool. Treas., v. pp 26, 328; Table LXXXIV.

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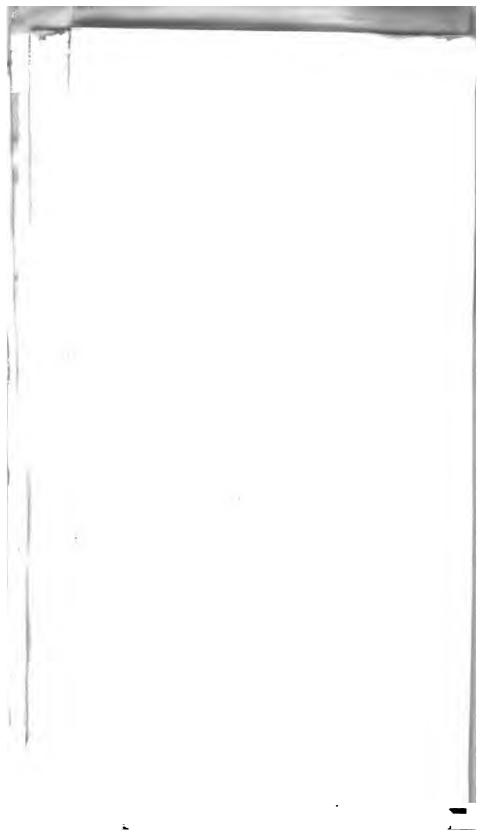
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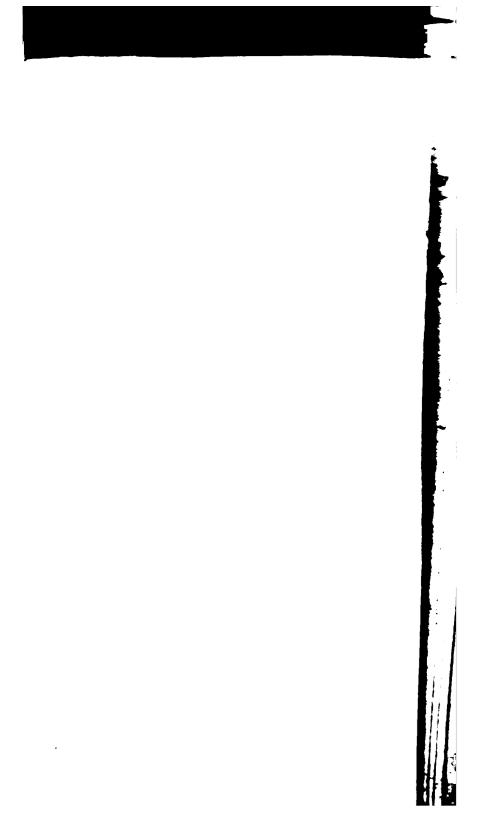


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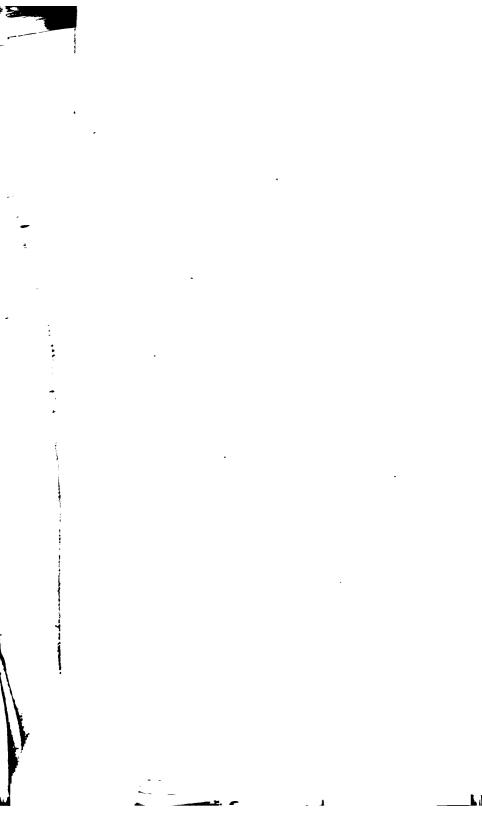
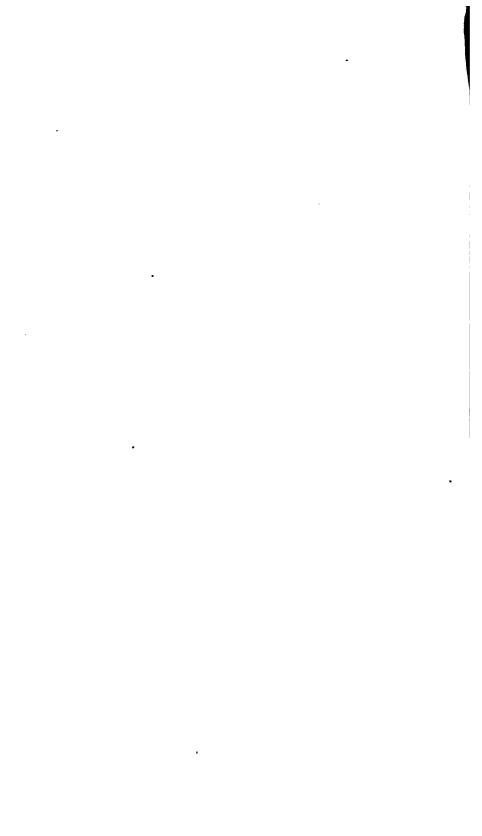


Table XXV.

THE PHENIX MINES, PARISH OF LINKINHORNE.

Composition and structure of Rock.	S. see Z. State; coursegrained, often fissile, and american mainted; composed to the state of th
Composition and appearance of Vein.	8.66° 3-4 Rarthy brown and jaspery fron-ore, quartz, felspar-clay, and annotated composed and annotated; composed and annotated; composed and composed fred alightly from the composed fred alightly from the composed fred alignment of the compose
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